CAUSE NO		
LILA KNIGHT; TIMOTHY A. KAY AND	§	
HELEN BROWN-KAY; and	§	
SAVE OUR SPRINGS ALLIANCE, INC.,	§	IN THE DISTRICT COURT
Plaintiffs,	§	
	§	OF HAYS COUNTY, TEXAS
v.	§	*
	§	JUDICIAL DISTRICT
CITY OF KYLE; KYLE MAYOR	§	
TRAVIS MITCHELL IN HIS OFFICIAL	§	
CAPACITY; KYLE CITY COUNCIL	§	
MEMBERS DEX ELLISON, TRACY	§	
SCHEEL, ROBERT RIZO, ALEX	§	
VILLALOBOS, RICK KOCH, and	§	
MICHAEL TOBIAS, IN THEIR	§	
OFFICIAL CAPACITIES,	§	
Defendants.	§	
	§	
	8	

GATIGE NO

PLAINTIFFS' ORIGINAL PETITION FOR MANDAMUS & INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

TO THE HONORABLE JUDGE OF SAID COURT:

COMES NOW, LILA KNIGHT, TIMOTHY A. KAY AND HELEN BROWN-KAY, and SAVE OUR SPRINGS ALLIANCE, INC., a Texas nonprofit corporation ("SOS Alliance") (collectively, the "Plaintiff(s)"), and file this Original Petition, complaining of the CITY OF KYLE (the "City"); KYLE MAYOR TRAVIS MITCHELL IN HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY; KYLE CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS DEX ELLISON, TRACY SCHEEL, ROBERT RIZO, ALEX VILLALOBOS, RICK KOCH, and MICHAEL TOBIAS, IN THEIR OFFICIAL CAPACITIES (collectively, the "Defendant(s)") for violations of Texas statutes and the Texas Constitution, and would respectfully show as follows:

SUMMARY OF THE CASE

- 1. The City of Kyle is a rapidly growing small city located in northeast Hays County, along Interstate 35. In 2016, the City's population was estimated at 34,080 residents, and the City's jurisdictional limits included approximately 13,000 acres of land. Prior to the Kyle City Council's actions on May 3, 2016, the entire city was located north and east of the Blanco River. The City's primary water supply is the Edwards Aquifer, which is recharged in part by the Blanco River. In addition, the Blanco River recharges the drinking water supply for the City of San Marcos and other communities throughout Hays County and serves as a critical water source for San Marcos Springs, Barton Springs, and their respective ecosystems.
- 2. Prior to May 3, 2016, nearly all of the City of Kyle was located downstream and to the east of the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. Over the Recharge Zone, rainfall and stormwater runoff plunge unimpededly into the aquifer through faults, fractures, caves, sinkholes, and small cavities in the porous limestone, making it highly vulnerable to pollutants and other contaminants that result from urban development.
- 3. At its May 3rd meeting, the Kyle City Council approved three long-term development agreements collectively covering approximately 7,330 acres, primarily located within the Recharge Zone, and separately, voted to annex 6,517 acres of land (increasing the area within the City's limits up to 50%). These development agreements grant City approval of significant levels of development over the Recharge Zone and contractually lock-in development regulations for the 7,330 acres of land for a period of up to 45 years—or beyond, so long as certain conditions are met prior to the expiration of the 45-year period.

- 4. The three development agreements collectively total 1,142 pages of binding technical, legal, and financial provisions. The City Council granted final approval of these complex agreements despite the fact that its members never actually read the proposed agreements. City staff never posted the development agreements as back-up for public review, as required by the Kyle City Charter, and provided the draft agreement documents to the City Council only minutes before the meeting began.
- 5. Although all three development agreements raise significant legal issues, as well as planning, environmental, financial, and other public policy concerns, Plaintiffs challenge the approval of only one of these development agreements, the Annexation and Development Agreement for the Nance-Bradshaw Ranch ("Development Agreement"), as:

 (i) adopted in violation of the Texas Open Meetings Act; and (ii) containing multiple contractual provisions that violate Texas constitutional provisions prohibiting cities from bargaining away legislative powers to private entities.
- 6. The Development Agreement was approved on a 4-2 vote of the City Council. The Development Agreement represents a bilateral, contractual agreement with landowners Robert Scott Nance, Jason Bradshaw, and Joel Bradshaw. The Development Agreement sets out terms governing the development of approximately 3,268.6 acres of land owned by the Nance-Bradshaw family. For reference purposes, the approximate boundaries of the property are attached hereto as **Exhibit "A"**. The bulk of this land is west of the Blanco River, across the river from the City's limits prior to that day's annexation and primarily located over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. As shown on **Exhibit "A"**, development and access to the westerly lands would be made possible by the construction of a new

- bridge spanning across the Blanco River, for which the Development Agreement obligates the City to seek local, state, and federal funds for its construction.
- 7. Among other terms, set out more particularly below, the Development Agreement guarantees that the owners may develop up to 9,000 "living unit equivalents" ("LUEs") on the 3,268.6-acre property. The Development Agreement requires the City to approve essentially all development permits that may be requested for the Nance-Bradshaw property—no matter the type, scale, or consequences of that development—up to the 9,000 LUE allotment. To guarantee this level of entitlement, the Development Agreement waives the applicability of certain Texas' vested rights statutes and nullifies effects of future City Council zoning decisions.
- 8. Under the terms of the Development Agreement, future Kyle City Councils would have no option but to approve all submitted requests for zoning, subdivision plats, site plans, and building permits, regardless of the proposed use or environmental consequences, so long as the development proposals remain under the 9,000 LUE cap and meet certain technical city code requirements.
- 9. To ensure the Development Agreement's terms will be implemented, the Development Agreement obligates the City Council to approve future amendments to the City's utilities, transportation, and comprehensive plans. And, it obligates future City Councils to expend public funds to implement various provisions of the agreement, including but not limited to, the use of taxpayer dollars to extend and oversize roadway infrastructure and the use of public utility revenue to reserve capacity for and provide sufficient water and wastewater to serve the Owners' planned 9,000 LUEs, to meet the Owners' construction schedule and business plans.

10. The City's approval of the Agreement is an *ultra vires* act, contrary to Texas statutory and constitutional law, and subject to mandamus and injunctive relief, as set out below.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

11. Jurisdiction of this action lies in this Court pursuant to Tex. Const. Art V, § 8, Texas Civil Practice & Remedies Code § 65.021, and Texas Government Code § 24.007 and § 551.142. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to Texas Civil Practice & Remedies Code § 65.023(a) and § 15.0151.

PARTIES

12. Plaintiff Lila Knight is a taxpayer, ratepayer, and registered voter of the City of Kyle, residing at 603 Blanco Street, Kyle, Texas 78640, a short distance from the Nance-Bradshaw property. As a taxpayer and ratepayer of the City of Kyle, Ms. Knight is being forced to pay taxes and utility rates to support the implementation of the Development Agreement and seeks to restrain the use of public funds illegally and unconstitutionally obligated under the Agreement, as more particularly set forth below. Ms. Knight is an active Kyle resident who is injured by the deprivation of her rights to receive notice and provide input on important legislative decisions, which rights are taken away through Defendants' contractual commitments to amend the City's utility, transportation, and comprehensive plans and to obligate taxpayer funds to support the development through the expansion of utility and roadway infrastructure. Ms. Knight's procedural, statutory, and voting rights are injured by Defendants' contracting away of its zoning powers, including the right to receive notice and an opportunity to be heard on zoning matters, as well as her right to campaign for and elect council members with authority to zone the Nance-Bradshaw property, in whole or in part, through the required notice, public hearing, and other substantive and procedural standards. Ms. Knight also regularly travels on the roadways near her residence that currently provide the only major access to the Nance-Bradshaw property. Ms. Knight is injured by the substantial increase in traffic that will be generated on these roads as a result of the approved development under the Development Agreement. Ms. Knight is a member of the SOS Alliance.

13. Plaintiffs Timothy A. Kay and Helen Brown-Kay are taxpayers, ratepayers, and registered voters of the City of Kyle, residing at 706 Center Street, Kyle, TX 78640, a short distance from the Nance-Bradshaw property. As a taxpayers and ratepayers of the City of Kyle, Mr. and Mrs. Kay are being forced to pay taxes and utility rates to support the implementation of the Development Agreement and seek to restrain the use of public funds illegally and unconstitutionally obligated under the Agreement, as more particularly set forth below. Mr. and Mrs. Kay are active Kyle residents who are injured by the deprivation of their rights to receive notice and provide input on important legislative decisions, which rights are taken away through Defendants' contractual commitments to amend the City's utility, transportation, and comprehensive plans and to obligate taxpayer funds to support the development through the expansion of utility and roadway infrastructure. Mr. and Mrs. Kay's procedural, statutory, and voting rights are injured by Defendants' contracting away of its zoning powers, including the right to receive notice and an opportunity to be heard on zoning matters, as well as their right to campaign for and elect council members with authority to zone the Nance-Bradshaw property, in whole or in part, through the required notice, public hearing, and other substantive and procedural standards. Mr. and Mrs. Kay regularly travel on roadways near their residence that currently provide the only major access to the Nance-Bradshaw property. Mr. and Mrs. Kay are injured by the substantial

increase in traffic that will be generated on these roads as a result of the approved development under the Development Agreement. As a member of the City of Kyle's Planning and Zoning Commission, Mr. Kay was told that he must vote to approve certain actions in furtherance of the City's obligations under the Development Agreement. Defendants' actions nullified Mr. Kay's rights as a duly appointed member of the Kyle Planning Commission to exercise his best judgment and discretion, following the consideration of public input, in considering such actions. Mr. and Mrs. Kay are members of the SOS Alliance.

- 14. Plaintiff Save Our Springs Alliance, Inc. ("SOS Alliance") is a membership association and a 501(c)(3) charitable corporation established in 1992 to protect the Edwards Aquifer, its springs and contributing streams, and the natural and cultural heritage of the Texas Hill Country region and its watersheds. While the corporate mission of SOS has a primary focus on understanding and educating the public on the water resources of Central Texas and taking actions to protect those resources, SOS's mission includes the promotion of "the natural, cultural, and civic environment of Central Texas and downstream areas and activities that affect any of them; and legal, research, educational, and other actions to protect the quality of Barton Springs, the Edwards Aquifer, the natural environment of Central Texas, and the quality of life of Alliance members, including their civic, aesthetic, recreational, scientific, professional, economic, property and health interests and their interests in open, honest government and participatory democracy."
- 15. SOS Alliance represents approximately 3,000 individuals and business members who primarily live or are located in cities and counties throughout the Hill Country region, including but not limited to the City of Kyle, City of San Marcos, and Hays County.

- Members supporting SOS Alliance's mission include landowners, conservationists, scientists, outdoor recreation enthusiasts, voters, and taxpayers.
- 16. SOS Alliance has an interest in maintaining the water quality and water quantity of the Edwards Aquifer, along with the water quality of the Blanco River, which interacts with and recharges the Edwards Aquifer. As an integral part of its mission, SOS Alliance monitors and opposes development activities within the Texas Hill Country that threaten water quality and quantity in the Edwards Aquifer and the natural and cultural heritage of the Texas Hill Country, including, the use of taxpayer monies, development entitlements, and other governmental programs that subsidize or incentivize such development.
- 17. The Development Agreement permits up to 9,000 LUEs to be built on over 3,000 acres of land located along the Blanco River and mostly over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. The proposed project would include commercial and residential development, increasing the population of the area by an estimated 25,000 people (an approximate 50% increase over the existing population of Kyle) and substantially increasing traffic, noise and light affecting nearby residents. As a limestone aquifer with very little filtration capability, the Edwards Aquifer is extremely vulnerable to pollution from urban development and increased vehicular traffic, such as oil, grease, and other urban contaminants that wash off pavement and make their way into waterways and recharge features. Large-scale construction, authorized and incentivized by the Development Agreement, increases sediment loads that wash off construction sites and increases erosion and sedimentation that threaten the water quality of the Blanco River and the Edwards Aquifer. The Development Agreement permits over 1,300 acres over the Recharge Zone to be paved over with impervious cover, which inhibits the recharge of the aquifer, increases

- stormwater discharge into the Blanco River, and leads to increased flooding risks and erosion of river banks, resulting in higher levels of sediment that contaminate the aquifer and its springs, especially during heavy rainfall events.
- 18. SOS Alliance brings this action on its own and on behalf of its members adversely affected by the damage to the land, water, wildlife, and scenic beauty of the Blanco River and its viewshed, the pollution of the Edwards Aquifer, and the increased traffic, light, noise, and native-habitat destruction that will result from the implementation of the Development Agreement. SOS Alliance has members who enjoy paddling on this undeveloped, scenic, and clean stretch of the Blanco River. Their personal health, recreational, and aesthetic interests will be directly harmed by the water, noise and light pollution that will result from the approved development, and the visual intrusion of a bridge and riverside development approved and funded by the Development Agreement. SOS members include downstream, riverfront property owners whose properties and personal interests will be harmed by increased pollution runoff, streambank erosion, and flooding caused by the approved development. SOS Alliance has members who rely on the Edwards Aquifer as a domestic water supply, including members who directly obtain groundwater through wells adjacent to and near the Property, will be injured from increased groundwater contamination caused by development of the property.
- 19. SOS Alliance has members who reside and/or own property within the city limits of the City of Kyle or its extraterritorial jurisdiction ("ETJ"), and are taxpayers (including property and sales tax) and ratepayers of City of Kyle water and wastewater utility services). These members will be directly harmed from increased taxes and utility rates resulting from the City of Kyle's contractual commitments contained within the

Development Agreement, including but not limited to the use of taxpayer dollars to extend and expand road and bridge infrastructure and the use of utility revenue to serve and support Owners' 9,000 new LUEs.

- 20. SOS Alliance has members who own lands immediately adjacent to and near the Nance-Bradshaw property. These members enjoy clean water from their wells, bird and wildlife observation, dark skies, quiet nights, very limited traffic, and the scenic beauty of undeveloped land and land developed at a very low-density, rural scale. These members' conservation, recreation, personal health and safety, property, and aesthetic interests are all harmed by the massive amount of high-density, urban development authorized and subsidized by the Development Agreement.
- 21. SOS Alliance has members who use roads daily that would be impacted and reconfigured under the terms of the Development Agreement and the increased traffic generated by the resulting development. Routes from the Property to I-35, including most notably Center Street, are limited and already carry substantial traffic. These SOS members who live along and near Center Street, as well as other members who live on small neighborhood streets with limited traffic will suffer direct and particular harm to their personal health, safety, and time interests as a result of the massive traffic increases caused by the development.
- 22. SOS Alliance has members who own property adjacent to and/or within the 200 feet boundary of the property subject to the Development Agreement and, if the Development Agreement were given effect, would be denied statutorily afforded rights under Chapter 211 of the Texas Local Government Code, including statutorily required notice, the opportunity to present testimony at public hearings before the Kyle Planning and Zoning

Commission and Kyle City Council, and the right to protest zoning changes to trigger a supermajority approval requirements of the council before such zoning change would take effect. As adjacent landowners, members' property interests are injured by the light, traffic, noise, water pollution, and traffic that will result from the development authorized under the Development Agreement, as well their aesthetic and environmental interests.

- 23. SOS Alliance's members include residents and voters of the City of Kyle who have had their procedural and voting rights injured by Defendants' contracting away of municipal zoning and legislative powers, such as their right to notice and an opportunity to be heard in zoning and other legislative matters, as well as their right to campaign for and elect council members with authority to zone the Nance/Bradshaw Property, in whole or in part, through the required notice, public hearing, and other substantive and procedural standards.
- 24. The interests of SOS members set out above are particularized to them, and the protection of such interests in this action is both within the mission of SOS Alliance and does not require their individual participation as parties.
- 25. Defendant City of Kyle is a home rule city in Hays County, Texas. Under Section 17.024(b) of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code, the City of Kyle may be served through its Mayor, Travis Mitchell, at Kyle City Hall, 100 W. Center Street, Kyle, Texas 78640, or the City Secretary, Jennifer Holm, at Kyle City Hall, 100 W. Center Street, Kyle, Texas 78640.
- 26. Defendant Travis Mitchell is the Mayor of the City of Kyle. He is sued in his official capacity only and can be served at Kyle City Hall, 100 W. Center Street, Kyle, Texas 78640.

- 27. Defendant Dex Ellison is a Council Member for the City of Kyle. He is sued in his official capacity only and can be served at Kyle City Hall, 100 W. Center Street, Kyle, Texas 78640.
- 28. Defendant Tracy Scheel is a Council Member for the City of Kyle. She is sued in his official capacity only and can be served at Kyle City Hall, 100 W. Center Street, Kyle, Texas 78640.
- 29. Defendant Robert Rizo is a Council Member for the City of Kyle. He is sued in his official capacity only and can be served at Kyle City Hall, 100 W. Center Street, Kyle, Texas 78640.
- 30. Defendant Alex Villalobos is a Council Member for the City of Kyle. He is sued in his official capacity only and can be served at Kyle City Hall, 100 W. Center Street, Kyle, Texas 78640.
- 31. Defendant Rick Koch is a Council Member for the City of Kyle. He is sued in his official capacity only and can be served at Kyle City Hall, 100 W. Center Street, Kyle, Texas 78640.
- 32. Defendant Michael Tobias is a Council Member for the City of Kyle. He is sued in his official capacity only and can be served at Kyle City Hall, 100 W. Center Street, Kyle, Texas 78640.

DISCOVERY

33. This is an action for mandamus injunctive relief. Pursuant to RULE 190 of the TEXAS RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, Plaintiffs assert that discovery in this case should be conducted under DISCOVERY CONTROL LEVEL 2.

FACTS COMMON TO ALL CLAIMS

- 34. The subject Property (as hereinafter defined) is located within the Edwards Aquifer recharge and contributing zones. The Edwards Aquifer is a critical source of water for over two million residents living in the Texas Hill Country. Over the last few decades, demand for water from the Edwards Aquifer has increased significantly to serve agricultural, industrial, commercial, recreational, and domestic needs, straining available water supplies. The continued urbanization of the region, increased water pumping, and the proliferation of nonpoint source pollutants have each contributed to growing concerns over the availability of clean, safe water from the Edwards Aquifer and from the rivers, creeks and streams of the Texas Hill Country.
- 35. The Blanco River, along with its watershed, provides an important hydrologic link between surface and groundwater flows, as it traverses across the Edwards Aquifer and the upstream contributing Trinity Aquifer. At various locations, the Blanco River recharges the Edwards Aquifer and helps maintain flows at Barton Springs in Austin, home to the Barton Springs Salamander and Austin Blind Salamander, endangered species that rely on sufficient flows of high-quality groundwater. The Blanco River also recharges San Marcos Springs, which is home to several federally listed endangered aquatic species. This area of Hays County, within which the Property is located, is also well-known for providing abundant habitat for the Golden-Cheeked Warbler, a federally listed endangered species.
- 36. Due to the environmental sensitivity of the area, lack of roads, constraints on water supplies, and the presence of only low-water crossing bridges across the Blanco River, the area in which the Property is located has seen limited development. What development has occurred consists primarily of large, multi-acre lots for single-family homes. The proposed

development, which includes up to 9,000 new living unit equivalents ("LUEs") (or approximately 25,000 new residents), represents a drastic departure from existing conditions and will severely strain the City of Kyle's existing transportation infrastructure and water/wastewater utilities, harming current residents and placing an extreme burden on taxpayers to invest in new infrastructure. As approved, this massive development would allow over 1,300 acres of land within the Recharge Zone to be paved over with impervious cover, inhibiting the recharge of the aquifer, increasing pollution and stormwater discharge into the Blanco River, and threatening endangered species habitat. It would also lead to increased flooding risks and erosion of riverbanks, resulting in higher levels of sediment that contaminate the aquifer and its springs, especially during heavy rainfall events.

- 37. On or about February 25, 2016, Robert Scott Nance submitted to the City a request for voluntary annexation of 294.87 acres of land owned by Mr. Nance and located within the ETJ of the City of Kyle; provided, however, such request for annexation was conditioned upon "reaching agreement on a mutually approved form of development agreement for the property." A true and complete copy of Mr. Nance's letter is included in "Exhibit G" of the Development Agreement (defined below), attached hereto as **Exhibit "B"**.
- 38. On or about February 25, 2016, Robert Scott Nance, Jason Bradshaw, and Joel Bradshaw (collectively, the "Owners") submitted to the City a request for voluntary annexation of 2,860.66 acres of land jointly owned by the Owners and located within the ETJ of the City of Kyle; provided, however, such request for annexation was conditioned upon "reaching agreement on a mutually approved form of development agreement for the property." A true and complete copy of the Owners' letter is included in "Exhibit G" of the Development Agreement (defined below), attached hereto as **Exhibit "B"**.

- 39. On May 3, 2016, the Kyle City Council voted (4-2) to authorize and execute the Annexation and Development Agreement for Nance-Bradshaw Ranch (the "Development Agreement") between the City of Kyle and the Owners, affecting the future development of approximately 3,269 acres of land, which includes the above-referenced lands described in Paragraphs 37 & 38 above (as more particularly described in the Development Agreement, the "Property"). A true and correct copy of such Development Agreement is attached hereto as **Exhibit "B"**.
- 40. Sec. 4.06(h) of the Kyle City Charter requires that "[a]ll ordinances and proposed ordinances shall be available for public examination and review, and for copying, from and after being included on an agenda that is posted for any meeting of the council and any city board." At the time of the vote, no public copies of the proposed Development Agreement were made available to the public for public examination and review. During the deliberations, Kyle City Council Members publicly acknowledged that they were provided copies of the proposed Development Agreement immediately before the start of the meeting and had insufficient time to review the 101-page Development Agreement prior to voting.
- 41. At the same meeting, on May 3, 2016, the Kyle City Council voted (5-1) to approve the second and final reading of Ordinance No. 900 ("Annexation Ordinance") incorporating the Property into the city limits of the City of Kyle. As part of the Annexation Ordinance, the Property was zoned temporarily with the "Agricultural District A" base district. A true and correct copy of such Annexation Ordinance is attached hereto as **Exhibit "C"**. Article 6 of the Development Agreement explains that the Owners' consent to voluntary annexation is based upon the City's commitment to be bound by the terms of the

- Development Agreement and to perform all obligations placed upon the City, following the annexation of the Property.
- 42. In addition to providing the terms for annexation of the Owners' land, the Development Agreement represents a bilateral, mutual agreement between the City and Owners to establish development standards applicable to a particular "Project" (as defined by Section 3.01(a) of the Development Agreement), which includes a master-planned development that might include a myriad of potential uses, in exchange for certain commitments and obligations of the two parties.
- 43. Pursuant to Article I of the Development Agreement, the City's execution of the Development Agreement constitutes a "binding obligation of the City" that shall remain binding upon the City for a period of up to 45 years (which includes two extensions that may occur at the sole election of the Owners). The manner of development, and phasing thereof, remains the sole discretion of the Owners.
- 44. Section 3.02 of the Development Agreement establishes a total allowable level of development intensity on the Property by limiting the number of living unit equivalents ("LUEs") that may be built to 9,000 LUEs. For purposes of explanation, a "living unit equivalent" is a unit of measurement tied to the typical amount of water used by a single-family residence located in a standard subdivision; for example, a single-family lot would be equivalent to one LUE, while a condominium unit might only represent one-half LUE.
- 45. While the 9,000-LUE cap represents a maximum development entitlement, Section 3.02 of the Development Agreement also establishes an absolute right of the Owners to develop up to 9,000 LUEs by disabling any future authority of the Kyle City Council to restrict the development of the Property to less than 9,000 LUEs. Section 3.02 of the Development

- Agreement states, "Development within the property shall not exceed nine thousand (9,000) living unit equivalents ('LUEs')'s, but shall not be restricted by the City to less than 9,000 LUE's."
- 46. Section 3.03 of the Development Agreement establishes certain development regulations and "Authorized Uses," as set forth in "Exhibit B" of the Development Agreement, which apply solely to the Property and shall remain in effect throughout the life of the agreement, without regard to any future zoning decision by the City Council. Under these provisions, the Owners retain absolute flexibility to develop the Property with any mix of land uses they see fit, so long as the development does not exceed the 9,000 LUE maximum. Additionally, Section 3.03 further establishes the perpetual right of Owners to develop any portion of the property according to terms of the Development Agreement, even following expiration of the agreement, so long as "a Final Plat has been approved prior to the [Development Agreement's] expiration."
- 47. Section 3.04 of the Development Agreement disables the Kyle City Council's future zoning authority from affecting future development of the Property. Although language was inserted into the Development Agreement that suggests that "all zoning applications . . . shall be subject to the discretion of the City Council," the Kyle City Council, via approval of this Development Agreement, abdicated its future legislative authority and zoning power by nullifying any actual effect of such zoning decisions. Section 3.04 states, "In the event of any conflict between this Agreement and any zoning ordinance adopted by the City Council relating to the Property, this Agreement will prevail except as expressly provided herein or agreed in writing by the Owners of the Property, or portion thereof as

- applicable." (emphasis added). Thus, a change in zoning would only become enforceable if the Owners consented to such change.
- 48. Section 3.10 of the Development Agreement disables the Kyle City Council's future authority to exercise their legislative discretion to adjust locally required fees applicable to the Property for a period of five (5) years, and within five-year increments thereafter.
- 49. Section 4.01 of the Development Agreement declares that the development plan included therein constitutes a "project" for purposes of establishing vested rights ("grandfathering") under Chapter 245 of the Texas Local Government Code and further attempts to "waive[] the applicability of Section 245.005" of the Texas Local Government Code as it applies to the Project. Section 245.005 is the state provision that enables cities to require that projects continue to make progress towards completion, for purposes of taking advantage of vested rights. Under normal circumstances, pursuant to Kyle City Code Section 32-49.4, City Council determines whether a project is dormant by a majority vote, based on the particular facts and circumstances. The waiver of Chapter 245 included within the Development Agreement bypasses this legislative process, resulting in complete abdication of this authority by the Kyle City Council.
- 50. Section 4.02 of the Development Agreement nullifies all future legislative actions by the Kyle City Council that would affect the Development Agreement in any manner, including those that would apply to "land use, concept plans, preliminary plat, subdividing and recording final plats; site development plans; utilities; and building permits." The Development Agreement states that in the event there is a conflict between the Development Agreement and "any City Rule, regulation, standard, policy, order, guideline or other City adopted or City enforced requirement adopted after the Effective Date of the

[Development Agreement], the [Development Agreement] shall control." According to the Development Agreement, the only manners by which a future legislative action by the Kyle City Council would affect the development of the Property are: (i) if the change is mandated by state law; or (ii) if the Owners voluntarily accept the change. Through this action, the Development Agreement grants the Owners veto authority over the Kyle City Council's actions, thus abdicating the Kyle City Council's legislative authority.

- 51. Under the provisions of Section 4.09 of the Development Agreement, the Kyle City Council, throughout the duration of the Development Agreement, unlawfully abdicates its legislative authority to: (i) impose "any moratorium on building or development within the Property, including utilities"; and (ii) to impose "any land use or development regulation that limits the rate or timing of land use approvals" that would apply to the Property, if such regulation conflicts with the Development Agreement. The Kyle City Council would only retain this authority in the event of a public health or safety emergency or during a time of insufficient water or wastewater facilities; and, the Development Agreement attempts to limit the duration of this authority to the period of such emergency or insufficiency. Such a provision is an abdication of the Kyle City Council's police powers.
- 52. Section 5.01 of the Development Agreement obligates the Kyle City Council to perform and approve several legislative actions within specific time periods from the Development Agreement's effective date, including: (i) within 180 days, to approve and amend its comprehensive plan to incorporate the terms of the Development Agreement; (ii) within one year, to amend its utility plan to identify the facilities necessary to comply with its obligations to provide water and wastewater services prescribed under the Development Agreement; and (iii) within 180 days, to amend its transportation plan to include the roads

- necessary to serve the Property and Project. Through this provision, the Development Agreement attempts to turn each one of these future legislative actions into binding, contractual obligations of future Kyle City Councils.
- 53. The Development Agreement also grants the Owners authority over certain infrastructure investments. The Development Agreement envisions the realignment of FM 150, which crosses the Property. This realignment would require the sale or transfer of right-of-way from the Owners to the City. Section 7.01 delegates to the Owners the authority to configure and locate this roadway realignment wherever Owner chooses on their Property and commits the City to support any "configuration and location of FM 150 . . . as subsequently proposed by Owners in any negotiations with Hays County, the City and the Texas Department of Transportation." When disagreement over the proposed FM 150 alignment arose, Jason Bradshaw, one of the Owners, referred to Section 7.01 and its requirements for Owners' approval of proposed alignments and "the City's pledged support for it" in emails to Kyle City Officials and traffic engineer, K Friese + Associates dated May 27, 2020, and May 29, 2020. See Exhibit D, Pages D1-3. A true and correct copy obtained from a Public Information Request from the City of Kyle is attached hereto as

Exhibit "D".

54. Section 7.02(a) of the Development Agreement contractually binds the City against making modifications to the current alignment of Cypress Road east of the Blanco River, on the Property, "unless the Owners approve the realignment." This section provides the Owners an unconstitutional veto power over the City Council's police powers. The extension of Cypress Road west of the Blanco River, shall be constructed by the Owners; however, under the terms of Section 7.02(c), the Owners have sole discretion to "oversize" the

- roadway, as they see fit, and are guaranteed reimbursement by the City for such oversizing through tax rebate payments.
- 55. Section 7.02(d) of the Development Agreement commits the City to negotiate in good faith to create a "Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone" for the Property, or a similar financing structure, that would use taxpayer dollars to fund the design, engineering, and construction of a bridge that would cross the Blanco River (the "Nance Bridge") to provide vehicular access to Owners' Property. The proposed Nance Bridge would cross critical environmental features, enhance flooding risks for property owners downstream of the bridge, and contribute pollution to and increase erosion along the river.
- 56. Article 8 of the Development Agreement acknowledges that the City lacks the capacity to provide sufficient water and wastewater services to the Project, which is scaled at 9,000 LUEs. Nonetheless, as part of the bilateral Development Agreement, the City contractually binds itself, in Sec. 8.03(a), to provide this level of service to the Property, which will require significant, future financial investment by the City and its ratepayers. Additionally, in Sec. 8.03(b)-(c), the City makes a binding commitment to provide and reserve capacity in its system so that the requisite level of service will be ready by "a specific date so that Owners may record subdivision plats subject only to the construction of Subdivision Infrastructure for such plat." This provision would prioritize the Owners' Project over other ratepayers and would prevent future City Councils from allocating service to accommodate the changing needs of the City.
- 57. Sec. 8.04(a) abdicates the City's legislative authority to define the boundaries of its water service area (its "Certificate of Convenience and Necessity" or "CCN"). First, it contractually obligates the City, within one year, to amend its CCN boundaries to include

- all areas of the Property not within the boundaries of another CCN. Then, it commits the City to support any transfer into its CCN from the boundaries of another CCN, at the Owners' discretion. On December 14, 2016, the City of Kyle filed an amendment with the Public Utility Commission to include the Property within its CCN.
- 58. Within one year of the effective date of the Development Agreement, Section 8.05 obligates the Kyle City Council to "adopt and, thereafter maintain at all times," a utility service plan that meets the City's obligations under the Development Agreement, which will include specificity on the raw water available for the Property and the status of the water and wastewater treatments facilities that the City will need to construct to serve Owners' Project. The Owners dictate the timing of the City's construction for those facilities. Under Sec. 8.06, the Owners may submit requests for specific service commitments for up to 400 LUEs at a time, obligating the City to proceed with construction of facilities if existing capacities are insufficient. If the City fails to meet this service commitment within two years, the Owners may, at their discretion, build the facilities themselves and demand that the City purchase and reimburse Owners for their costs. Furthermore, the Owners may, at their discretion, declare the City in breach of the Development Agreement, terminate the Development Agreement, and request (and receive) disannexation of the Property.
- 59. Following the adoption of the Development Agreement, the Kyle City Council has proceeded to approve a series of amendments to its municipal plans, citing the City's contractual obligations thereunder.
- 60. On May 16, 2017, the Kyle City Council voted to approve amendments to its comprehensive plan, incorporating the provisions of the Development Agreement into both

the comprehensive plan's text and Future Land Use map. According to these comprehensive plan amendments, the properties with development agreements "can be assumed to have the rights and privileges of land already assigned appropriate zoning." *See* Exhibit E, Pages E1-2. A true and complete copy of the relevant comprehensive plan amendments, approved by Defendants, is attached hereto as **Exhibit "E"**.

- 61. On October 4, 2017, without a public hearing, the Kyle City Council voted to amend its transportation plan to include the Nance Bridge. No prior public hearings were held, and the Kyle City Planning and Zoning Commission had not considered the matter. As the City of Kyle explains on its own media statement and materials associated with that vote, the City was under "a contractual requirement to place this on [its] transportation plan based on the development agreement that was approved by City Council on May 3, 2016." A true and complete copy of the statement is attached hereto as **Exhibit "F"**.
- 62. The City of Kyle is a member of the Alliance Regional Water Authority ("ARWA"). Wastewater service demands based on the Project's overall 9,000 LUEs were incorporated into ARWA's Blanco Basin Wastewater Treatment Plant Feasibility Study Report in September 2017 ("ARWA Study"). Based on the anticipated population increase from the Project and other developments within ARWA's service area, it was determined that an additional wastewater treatment plant would be needed to be constructed to meet future demands.
- 63. To help meet increasing water service demands, on December 18, 2019, ARWA began constructing a pipeline estimated to cost at least \$213 million to deliver water to the City of Kyle from the Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer.

64. Following the adoption of the Development Agreement, the Owners maintain the right to submit, at will, development permits and applications to the City of Kyle consistent with the terms of the Development Agreement. Members of the public and Planning and Zoning Commission were told these permits and applications must be approved based on the City's contractual obligations under the Development Agreement.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Defendants Violated the Texas Open Meetings Act by Failing to Provide Public Notice of the "Subject" of the Proposed Development Agreement

- 65. Paragraphs 1 through 64 are fully incorporated herein by reference.
- 66. The Texas Open Meetings Act ("TOMA") requires that a "governmental body shall give written notice of the date, hour, place, and subject of each meeting held by the governmental body. Tex. Gov't Code § 551.041.
- 67. The required specificity of the notice varies with the topic of the meeting, as the notice must be more specific if the public has a special interest in the topic under discussion. *City of Austin v. Lake Austin Collective, Inc., No. 14-18-00068- CV, 2019 WL 6317337* (Tex. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] Nov. 26, 2019) (mem. op.), *citing Cox Enters., Inc. v. Bd. of Trs. of Austin Indep. Sch. Dist.*, 706 S.W.2d 956, 959 (Tex. 1986). While "general notice in certain cases is substantial compliance even though the notice is not as specific as it could be," the Supreme Court admonishes that "less than full disclosure is not substantial compliance." *Id.*
- 68. The public notice published in advance of the May 3, 2016, City Council meeting provided, in relevant part concerning agenda item number 16:

16. Consider possible action in regards to approving a development agreement between the City of Kyle and Robert Scott Nance, Jason Bradshaw, and Joel Bradshaw.

The public meeting notice also stated, "NO BACK UP," meaning there was no supporting information available for the 101-page agreement, such as a draft agreement, maps, financial analysis, or summary of key terms. City Council members were not delivered copies of the agreements until the day of the meeting, and no public copies were made available prior to or during the Council's deliberations.

69. Defendant's failure to provide the location and size of the property, the scale and duration of the development to be approved, the waiving of zoning requirements, and the contractual agreements to amend the City's comprehensive, transportation, and utility plans, and/or to waive State vested rights law for the subject land constitutes less than substantial compliance with TOMA notice requirements.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Defendants' Contractual Agreement and Action to Adopt Specific Amendments to the City of Kyle's Comprehensive and Transportation Plan Violated the Texas Open Meetings Act, the Kyle City Charter, and Common Law

- 70. Paragraphs 1 through 69 are fully incorporated herein by reference.
- 71. The Texas Open Meetings Act was enacted to ensure that legislative bodies are transparent, open, and accountable to their constituents. The Act supplemented the long-standing common law rule that actions taken by legislative bodies must be made by the body as a whole, in public, at a properly called meeting. *See Webster v. Tex. & Pac. Motor Transp. Co.*, 166 S.W.2d 75, 76–77 (Tex. 1942). The importance of this requirement is to provide a procedural safeguard to ensure that proper deliberation occurs, in public view, so each member of the legislative body may proffer their experience, counsel, and judgment, as

- they were elected to do by their constituents. *Id.* at 140. TOMA, likewise, is grounded on providing opportunities for public input and open deliberation by the legislative body.
- 72. To ensure that the public is aware and has opportunities to weigh in on and/or monitor decisions to be made, Sec. 551.043 of TOMA requires 72-hour advance notice of any meeting of a legislative body during which formal action can occur.
- 73. Likewise, Article 10 of the Kyle City Charter sets out its own procedural requirements for the review and consideration of the City's comprehensive plan and proposed amendments thereto, which includes notice to residents and opportunities to weigh in at public hearings before the Planning and Zoning Commission and the City Council. The City's comprehensive plan is important, because "all public and private development shall conform with such adopted comprehensive plan, or the applicable elements or portions thereof." Sec. 10.03 of the Kyle City Charter requires that "all land development regulations including zoning and map, subdivision regulations, roadway plan, all public improvements, public facilities, public utilities projects and all city regulatory actions relating to land use, subdivision and development approval shall be consistent with the comprehensive plan, element or portion thereof as adopted, except to the extent, if any, as provided by law." As such, ordinances such as the Development Agreement that grant entitlements to land must be consistent with the comprehensive plan.
- 74. Pursuant to Sec. 10.03 of the Kyle City Charter, amendments to the comprehensive plan must follow the same procedures for review, consideration, and recommendation as the initial adoption of the comprehensive plan itself, which includes public hearings before the Zoning and Planning Commission and the City Council prior to adoption.

- 75. Similarly, the City of Kyle's Transportation Master Plan is an integral part of the comprehensive plan and is incorporated therein by reference. Because the Kyle Transportation Master Plan is incorporated into the City's comprehensive plan, amendments to the transportation plan must also follow the same procedures as an amendment to the comprehensive plan. For example, on February 21, 2012, the Kyle City Council voted to amend the Master Transportation Plan on Second Reading after an extensive public review process, which included public hearings, review and consideration by the Planning and Zoning Commission, Long Range Planning Committee, and Mobility Committee of the proposed amendments.
- 76. Defendants' approval of the plan amendments deviated substantially from standard practices and the requirements of both the Kyle City Charter and TOMA.
- 77. At the time of the adoption of the Development Agreement, the Kyle City Council's approval of the Development Agreement was inconsistent with the provisions of the Kyle comprehensive plan, including the Kyle Transportation Master Plan, as acknowledged by Section 5.01 of the Development Agreement, and the City Council's commitment to retroactively amend them. Prior to this action, none of the provisions under Sec. 10.03 of the Kyle City Charter, such as public hearings and public review, were followed. Nonetheless, Defendants approved the Development Agreement, including its binding commitments to amend the plans, despite these deficiencies.
- 78. On May 16, 2017, in keeping with its contractual obligations under the Development Agreement, the Kyle City Council then voted to approve amendments to its comprehensive plan, incorporating the provisions of the Development Agreement into both the comprehensive plan's text and Future Land Use map. Because this was a contractual

- obligation made by the City Council in 2016, members of the public and the City's Zoning and Planning Commission were told these amendments must be approved.
- 79. On October 4, 2017, without a public hearing, the Kyle City Council voted to amend its transportation plan to include the Blanco River Span Bridge, noting its contractual requirements under the Development Agreement to approve such amendment. Because this was a contractual obligation made by the City Council in 2016, members of the public were told these amendments must be approved.
- 80. The City Council, by contracting to approve the amendments prior to even beginning the charter-required public process, removed any opportunity for the public to have meaningful input into their community's planning process and effectively created a sham public process meant only to rubber-stamp the City Council's May 3, 2016 action.
- 81. Furthermore, the City Council's approval of the Development Agreement and its binding, contractual obligations therein also created a procedural impossibility under TOMA and common law. Because the decision to amend the comprehensive and transportation plans were made prior to public notice and public comment opportunities, the notice and meeting could not meet the intent, spirit, or requirements of TOMA. Deliberations over the approval of the amendments occurred well before the 72-hour notice requirement. Notice after a decision is made is no notice at all.
- 82. Defendants' actions pre-empted statutorily required public processes and prevented opportunities for public input into these legislative actions. Plaintiffs' rights to public hearings and public notice, under TOMA, the Kyle City Charter, and common law were violated. Defendants are subject to mandamus and injunction from recognizing as valid

and enforcing and implementing the unlawfully adopted amendments and the Development Agreement.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Council Adoption of the Development Agreement Ordinance, Without Opportunity for Public Review Violated the Kyle City Charter

- 83. Paragraphs 1 through 82 are fully incorporated herein by reference.
- 84. Sec. 406(h) of the Kyle City Charter explicitly requires that "[a]ll ordinances and proposed ordinances shall be available for public examination and review, and for copying, from and after being included on an agenda that is posted for any meeting of the council and any city board."
- 85. As noted above, City staff did not provide the public with a copy of the draft Development Agreement, nor was any supporting information made available, such a draft agreement, maps, financial analysis, or summary of key terms. City Council members were not delivered copies of the agreements until the day of the meeting, and no public copies were made available prior to or during the Council's deliberations.
- 86. Failing to provide the public with a copy of the proposed Development Agreement deprived Plaintiffs of the opportunity to examine and review the proposed Development Agreement, including the myriad of code waivers, financial commitments, and development regulations to be applicable to the Property.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Via the Approval of the Development Agreement, Defendants Contractually Bartered Away Plaintiffs' Statutory and Procedural Rights Under Chapter 211 of the Local Government Code and Defendants' Own Legislative Zoning Authority

87. Paragraphs 1 through 86 are fully incorporated herein by reference.

- 88. Under Chapter 211 of the Texas Local Government Code, cities may adopt zoning regulations that regulate certain development regulations, such as height, lot size, population density, and land uses.
- 89. Chapter 211 of the Texas Local Government also sets forth various procedural requirements that allow property owners affected by proposed zoning changes to participate in the legislative process to adopt such changes. Prior to adopting a change to a zoning regulation or district boundary, a municipality must follow certain procedural requirements, including the posting of notice and the holding of public hearings for the Planning Commission and the City Council. Additionally, certain statutorily afforded rights are granted to nearby property owners to protest proposed zoning changes, triggering the necessity of a supermajority approval of the City Council before such change could take effect.
- 90. Zoning, as an exercise of police powers, is a legislative function that a municipality cannot cede. *City of Bellaire v. Lamkin*, 317 S.W.2d 43, 45 (Tex. 1958); *Super Wash, Inc. v. City of White Settlement*, 131 S.W.3d 249, 257 (Tex. App.—Fort Worth 2004), *rev'd on other grounds*, 198 S.W.3d 770 (Tex. 2006). "[A] city cannot 'surrender its authority to determine proper land use by contract." 2800 La Frontera No. 1A, LTD v. City of Round Rock, No. 03-08-00790-CV, 2010 WL 143418, *2 (Tex. App.—Austin Jan. 12, 2010, no pet.) (quoting *Super Wash, Inc.*, 131 S.W.3d at 257. "Zoning decisions must occur via the legislative process and not by 'special arrangement' with a property owner. *Id.*
- 91. When a city council attempts to bypass the legislative process by making contractual commitments with a property owner over the use of land, such an action is referred to as "contract zoning." Contract zoning occurs when a city enters into a bilateral agreement

with a landowner, whereby the city binds itself to zone—or not zone—land in return for the landowner's promise to use or not use his property in a certain manner or in exchange for other commitments. *City of White Settlement v. Super Wash, Inc.*, 198 S.W.3d 770, 772 n.2 (Tex. 2006); *see also City of Farmer's Branch v. Hawnco, Inc.*, 435 S.W.2d 288, 291 (Tex. App.—Dallas 1968, writ ref'd n.r.e.). This practice is invalid because the city surrenders its authority to determine proper land use and bypasses the legislative process.

- 92. The Development Agreement represents a plain case of unconstitutional contract zoning. The Development Agreement contains several examples of bilateral agreements between the City of Kyle and the Owners, as more particularly described above, to barter away the City's future legislative and zoning authority, in exchange for various mutual commitments and obligations.
- 93. As more particularly noted above, the Development Agreement grants Owners irrevocable control, for a period of 45 years (and beyond), over the development regulations applicable to the Property and contractually restricts the City of Kyle's ability to modify those regulations. For example, as noted in Paragraphs 41-58 above, the Development Agreement:
 - a. Grants Owners an absolute right to develop the property with 9,000 LUEs, despite the Property's temporary designation with "Agricultural District - A" zoning, and restrains the City of Kyle from lowering this LUE maximum, for any reason (*see* Paragraphs 41, 43-45 above);
 - b. Establishes unique development regulations, applicable only to the Property, and guarantees their continued effect in perpetuity, regardless of any future zoning decision by the Kyle City Council (*see* Paragraph 46 above);

- c. Grants the Owners absolute authority to amend and modify its land use plan, at will, without public hearing or notice, so long as the total amount of LUEs do not exceed
 9,000 LUEs (see Paragraph 46 above);
- d. Disables the Kyle City Council's ability to adopt a zoning change that would actually affect development of the Property for any reason, including public health and safety interests, unless the Owners agree to such change (*see* Paragraph 47 above);
- e. Grandfathers regulations to those in place at the time of the Effective Date of the Development Agreement and attempts to waive statutory requirements under Chapter 245 of the Texas Local Government Code that the project envisioned must make progress towards completion to maintain those rights (*see* Paragraph 49 above);
- f. Nullifies all future legislative actions by the Kyle City Council that would affect the Development Agreement in any manner, including those that would apply to land use, concept plans, preliminary plats, subdividing and recording final plats, site development plans, utilities, and building permits (*see* Paragraph 47 above);
- g. Stipulates the only ways a future legislative action taken by the Kyle City Council would affect development of the Property are: (i) if the change is mandated by state law; or (ii) if the Owners voluntarily accept the change, which grants Owners veto authority over legislative actions (*see* Paragraph 50 above); and
- h. Abdicates the Kyle City Council's legislative authority to: (i) impose "any moratorium on building or development within the Property, including utilities"; and (ii) to impose "any land use or development regulation that limits the rate or

- timing of land use approvals" that would apply to the Property, if such regulation is in conflict with the Development Agreement (*see* Paragraph 51 above).
- 94. These above-referenced provisions of the Development Agreement provide the Owners the opportunity to bypass the legislative process (including public hearings before the Planning and Zoning Commission and the City Council), deprive Plaintiffs of notice and the opportunity to be heard on zoning changes, and grant the unelected Owners veto power over any future attempts to effectuate the City's legislative authority over zoning and development regulations in effect for the Property.
- 95. Plaintiffs are harmed by the unconstitutional contract zoning set out in the Development Agreement, and Defendants should be enjoined from recognizing these provisions as binding or otherwise hindering its exercise of its legislative zoning powers. The Development Agreement represents a complete abdication of the City Council's zoning authority, which is an unconstitutional delegation of police powers, and deprives Plaintiffs statutory and property rights afforded to them under state law.
- 96. At the time of annexation, the Property was zoned with the base zoning district, "Agricultural District A". Such district permits "farming, ranching, pasturage, detached single-family residences and related accessory structures, on a minimum one acre tract." Without the Development Agreement, to build the envisioned Project, the Owners would need to request a zoning change to be approved by the then-elected City Council, in accordance with the Chapter 211 of the Texas Local Government Code. By abdicating its zoning authority and nullifying the effects of any attempted zoning change by future City Councils, Defendants deprived Plaintiffs of the right to notification of zoning changes, the right to participate in public hearings, the right to protest zoning changes in accordance

with Sec. 211.006(d) of the Texas Local Government Code, and the right to have such zoning change considered by their elected officials.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Via the Approval of the Development Agreement, Defendants Bartered Away Their Legislative Authority & Police Powers to a Private Entity

- 97. Paragraphs 1 through 96 are fully incorporated herein by reference.
- 98. The exercise of police power is a governmental function over which the governing body of a municipality must retain exclusive control. Article I, § 17 of the Texas Constitution prohibits municipalities from granting irrevocable or uncontrollable special privileges and immunities. The City Council of a municipality cannot legally enter into any contract by which it will cede, embarrass, or abdicate control of its legislative powers and duties.
- 99. This delegation of legislative authority violates the Plaintiffs' rights to a republican form of government guaranteed by Art. I, § 2 of the Texas Constitution and the right to self-government guaranteed by Art. I, § 1 of the Texas Constitution.
- 100. Delegations to private entities raise troubling constitutional issues and "are subject to more stringent requirements and less judicial deference than public delegations." *FM Properties Operating Co. v. City of Austin, 22 S.W.3d 868, 874 (Tex. 2000).* "Legislative delegations to private entities can compromise 'the basic concept of democratic rule under a republican form of government' because private delegates are not elected by the people, appointed by a public official or entity, or employed by the government." *Id., quoting Texas Boll Weevil Eradication Found., Inc. v. Lewellen, 952 S.W.2d 454, 469 (Tex. 1997).* When a private delegation occurs, the Court will evaluate eight factors to determine whether such delegation is constitutional:
 - a. Are the private delegate's actions subject to meaningful review?

- b. Are the persons affected by the private delegate's actions adequately represented in the decision-making process?
- c. Is the private delegate's power limited to making rules, or does the delegate also apply the law to particular individuals?
- d. Does the private delegate have a pecuniary or other personal interest that may conflict with its public function?
- e. Is the private delegate empowered to define criminal acts or impose criminal sanctions?
- f. Is the delegation narrow in duration, extent, and subject matter?
- g. Does the private delegate possess special qualifications or training for the task delegated to it?
- h. Has the legislative body provided sufficient standards to guide the private delegate in its work?

Because circumstances are different in each case, the importance of any given factor may differ in each case. *Id.* Here, as in *FM Properties*, the central concern is the potential that the private delegate has a pecuniary or other personal interest that may conflict with its public function. *Id.* at 875.

101. The factors articulated by *FM Properties* weigh heavily against the private delegation authorized by the Development Agreement. As set forth throughout this Original Petition, the Kyle City Council, by means of the Development Agreement, bartered away its police powers and other legislative authority to the Owners so as to disable the City and future City Councils from performing its public duties as a legislative body.

- 102. Under the provisions of the Development Agreement, the Owners' decisions are not subject to public review or approval, nor does the Development Agreement contain legislative guidance for those decisions. In fact, the Development Agreement provides Owners broad discretion to exercise veto authority over legislative decisions, adjust public roadway configurations and sizes, and require public commitments of utility investments according to the Owners' own private interests. *See FM Properties*, 22 S.W.3d at 884 (explaining that regulations that allow a landowner to decide which regulations can be enforced on its property weighs against the constitutionality of a private delegation).
- 103. The Development Agreement affords affected neighbors and landowners no opportunity to weigh in on the Owner's decisions that might impact them, such as changes to development schemes or roadway configurations. *See id.* at 884-85 (explaining that the contested regulatory scheme provided no public right to review the landowners' decisions about their land use or water quality plans to affected neighbors or downstream water users).
- 104. Owners, as the owners of thousands of acres of land, have a direct interest in maximizing the profits that can be derived from the land, separate from that of the public interest. *See id.* at 885 ("Landowners . . . obviously have a pecuniary interest that may conflict with their public function.").
- 105. The Development Agreement barters away the Kyle City Council's legislative discretion to control development and infrastructure investments concerning the Property and its impact on its residents for no less than 45 years (or, because Kyle City Council terms are 3 years, 15 election cycles). Should the Owners get final plats approved prior to the expiration of such 45 years, some aspects of the Development Agreement, including

the right to develop up to 9,000 LUEs would last in perpetuity. *See id.* at 886 (finding that provisions that disabled annexation for 20 years and approvals that could last in perpetuity overly broad).

- 106. The Development Agreement barters away legislative authority in several ways. In addition to the contract zoning concerns raised above, the Development Agreement includes several instances by which the City of Kyle has deferred its legislative authority to the Owners. For example, the Development Agreement:
 - a. Disables the Kyle City Council's future authority, at their legislative discretion, to adjust development fees applicable to the Property for certain periods of time (see Paragraph 48 above);
 - b. Contractually obligates the Kyle City Council to approve amendments to its comprehensive plan, transportation plan, and utility plan to incorporate the terms of the Development Agreement, prior to the requisite public hearings and public comment periods for each of those plans (*see* Paragraph 52 above);
 - c. Delegates to the Owners the authority to configure and locate the realignment of FM 150, in any configuration it sees fits (*see* Paragraph 52 above);
 - d. Binds the City from making modifications to the current alignment of Cypress Road, east of the Blanco River, on the Property, "unless the Owners approve the realignment," providing the Owners an unconstitutional veto power over legislative authority (see Paragraph 54 above);
 - e. Grants Owners the sole discretion to oversize a portion of Cypress Road and seek guaranteed reimbursement by the City for such oversizing through tax rebate payments (*see* Paragraph 54 above);

- f. Commits the City to fund, via tax dollars, and to seek public funding from others, the design, engineering and construction of a bridge that would cross the Blanco River (see Paragraph 55 above);
- g. Contractually commits the City to provide a level of water/wastewater service to the Property to accommodate 9,000 LUEs (see Paragraph 56 above);
- h. Makes a binding commitment of the City to provide and reserve capacity in its system, for up to 45 years, to prioritize water/wastewater service to the Property over other ratepayers (*see* Paragraph 56 above);
- i. Abdicates the City's legislative authority to define the boundaries of its water service area, by committing the Kyle City Council, within one year, to amend its CCN boundaries to include all areas of the Property not within the boundaries of another CCN, and further commits Defendants to support any transfer into its CCN from the boundaries of another CCN, at the Owners' election (*see* Paragraph 57 above);
- j. Contractually commits the Kyle City Council to adopt and maintain a utility service plan to meet the Owners' Project schedule, as it fits with the Owners' interests, not public interests (*see* Paragraph 58 above); and
- k. Contractually commits the Kyle City Council to release Property from its jurisdictional boundaries if the City of Kyle cannot keep up with the Owners' Project schedule (see Paragraph 58 above).
- 107. As evidenced by the Kyle City Council's approval of amendments to its comprehensive plan on May 16, 2017, and October 4, 2017, the Kyle City Council has

proceeded with fulfilling its obligations under the Development Agreement's mutual bargain.

108. Based on the foregoing provisions, the Development Agreement is unlawful and an *ultra vires* abdication of legislative authority and is therefore void, unenforceable, and subject to injunctive relief.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

The Approval of the Development Agreement and Annexation Ordinance Resulted in an Unconstitutional Extension of the City of Kyle's Extraterritorial Jurisdiction

- 109. Paragraphs 1 through 108 are fully incorporated herein by reference.
- 110. SOS Alliance members own land adjacent to and very near the western edge of the Property. These members enjoy their property for conservation of water, wildlife, native habitats, scenic beauty, dark skies, and tranquility, among other purposes, and have taken significant steps to protect these lands for their conservation values. Prior to the Kyle City Council's approval of the Annexation Ordinance, these lands were not located within the jurisdictional boundaries of any municipality.
- 111. Upon the adoption of the Annexation Ordinance, the Kyle City Council's extraterritorial jurisdiction was extended automatically to include these lands, making them subject to the ordinances, regulations, and legislative authority of the City of Kyle that are applicable within its ETJ.
- 112. Because the Development Agreement and Annexation Ordinance represent an unconstitutional delegation of legislative authority, and are therefore void, the City of Kyle has no authority to regulate lands incorporated into the City's ETJ as a result of the Development Agreement and Annexation Ordinance. Failing to enjoin the City of Kyle

from enforcing its ordinances, regulations, and legislative authority would bring irreparable harm to the owners of these lands, including SOS's members.

MANDAMUS & INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

- 113. Paragraphs 1 through 112 are fully incorporated herein by reference.
- 114. Plaintiffs seek to restrain the implementation of the Development Agreement and Annexation Ordinance, including all actions and approvals that have resulted therefrom, which represent *ultra vires* and unconstitutional ordinances and/or agreements by City officials and violated TOMA and the Kyle City Charter.
- 115. Taxpayers may bring suit to enjoin the expenditure of public funds that result from an illegal or void contract. Hendee v. Dewhurst, 228 S.W.3d 354, 380 (Tex. App.—Austin 2007) (citing Osborne v. Keith, 177 S.W.2d 198, 200-01 (Tex. 1944). Plaintiffs seek to enjoin Defendants from the expenditure of public funds to implement, comply with, or further any of the City's obligations under the illegal, unconstitutional, and void Development Agreement. As explained above, the financial commitments contained within the Development Agreement stem from an illegal and unconstitutional exchange of mutual, bilateral promises, resulting in the contracting away of the Kyle City Council's zoning and legislative authority, and entered into in violation of TOMA. Several of the expenditure commitments made by the Defendants rely explicitly on the Owners exercise of their delegated authority, including but not limited to, the oversizing of roadway and utility infrastructure. The Development Agreement is rife with financial commitments made by the Defendants that would not have otherwise occurred without the illegal and unconstitutional contract. Such expenditures, which represent significant expenditures to support the Owners' planned 9,000 LUEs (or 25,000 anticipated residents), include, but

are not limited to: the use of taxpayer dollars to reimburse the Owners for the oversizing of Cypress Road, at the Owners' discretion; the use of taxpayer dollars for the design, engineering, and construction of the Nance Bridge to support the later phases of the Project, the use of ratepayer dollars (i.e., utility revenue) to provide water and wastewater service and expand wastewater facilities to support the anticipated 9,000 LUEs attributable to the Project; the use of property tax and sales tax dollars to reimburse Owners for costs associated with facilities for the Project; and the use of taxpayer dollars to permit the construction of the Project.

- All or part of relief to which Plaintiffs are entitled requires restraint of the City of Kyle and the Kyle City Council from giving any effect to the Development Agreements and all actions and approvals that have resulted therefrom, including, without limitation, the approvals of amendments to the City of Kyle's comprehensive and transportation plans and the Annexation Ordinance. Failure of the Court to enjoin Defendants from giving any effect to the Development Agreements would tend to render judgment in this litigation ineffectual.
- 117. The Development Agreement threatens irreparable injury to the real property owned by Plaintiffs and/or Plaintiff SOS's members irrespective of any remedy at law. Developers acting according to the Development Agreement are already asserting vested rights and are securing approvals per the Agreement that may entitle them to location and construction of city facilities and/or additional vested rights. Once development occurs, there are no technical or retrofit solutions to remedy the expenditures made or other harms inflicted.

- 118. Plaintiffs seek to enjoin Defendants from entering into any future development agreements without complying with the requirements of the Texas Open Meetings Act, which should include adequate legal descriptions of the property being considered for a proposed development agreement and adequate descriptions of any proposed land development code waivers and variances, financial commitments, and other provisions that may be under consideration. Plaintiffs further seek to enjoin Defendants from adopting any future development agreements in violation of the Kyle City Charter, which requires proposed ordinances to be posted in advance of the meeting for public review and consideration.
- 119. Plaintiffs seek injunctive and mandamus relief against Defendants pursuant to Section 65.011 of the Tex. Civ. Prac. & Rem. Code and Sections 551.141-142 of the Texas Open Meetings Act.

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

120. All conditions precedent to Plaintiffs' claims for relief have been performed or have occurred.

PRAYERS FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, Plaintiffs respectfully pray that Defendants be cited to appear and answer in this cause, timely respond to discovery, and that upon final hearing, judgment be entered in favor of Plaintiffs and against Defendants as follows:

- (i) mandamus and injunctive relief as specified above;
- (ii) enjoin the implementation of the void Development Agreement and Annexation Ordinance, including all actions and approvals that have resulted therefrom;

- (iii) enjoin the expenditure of public funds that result from obligations contained within the void Development Agreement and Annexation Ordinance;
- (iv) enjoin the implementation of the City's amendments to its utilities, transportation, and comprehensive plans that were entered into pursuant to the Development Agreement; and
- (iv) award such other and further relief to which Plaintiffs may show themselves entitled.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ William G. Bunch
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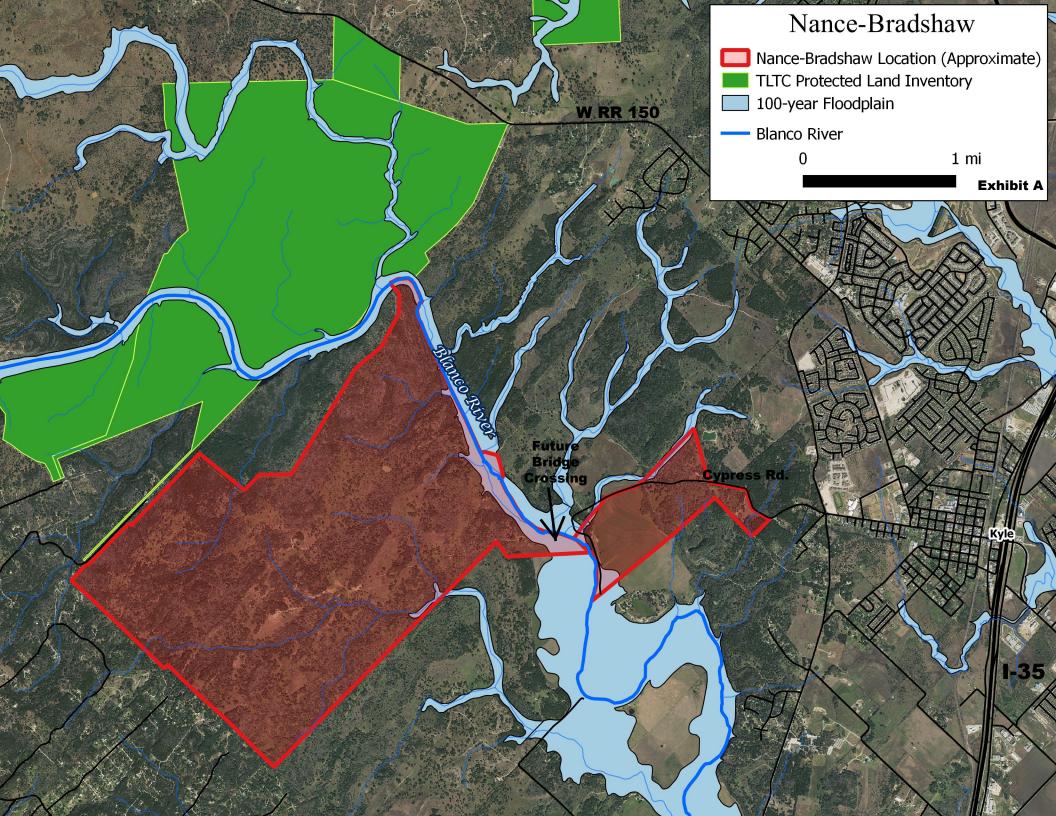
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********* THIS PAGE IS PART OF THE INSTRUMENT *********

Any provision herein which restricts the Sale, Rental or use of the described REAL PROPERTY because of color or race is invalid and unenforceable under federal law.



I here by certify that this instrument was filed for record in my office on the date and time stamped hereon and was recorded on the volume and page of the named records of Hays County, Texas

Liz Q. Gonzalez, County Clerk

ANNEXATION AND DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT FOR NANCE-BRADSHAW RANCH

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STATE OF TEXAS

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COUNTY OF HAYS

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ANNEXATION AND DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT

FOR

NANCE-BRADSHAW RANCH

This Annexation and Development Agreement for the Nance-Bradshaw Ranch is made by and among the CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS, a home rule city and municipal corporation (the "<u>City</u>") and Robert Scott Nance, Jason Bradshaw and Joel Bradshaw (collectively, the "<u>Owners</u>") The term "Parties" or "Party" means the City and the Owners collectively or singularly.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Owners jointly own approximately 2,973.583 acres of land as described in the attached Exhibit "A" ("Nance-Bradshaw Property");

WHEREAS, the Nance-Bradshaw Ranch has been owned by the Nance family since the 1840s;

WHEREAS, Robert Scott Nance, individually, owns approximately 295.02 acres, as described in the attached Exhibit "A-1" ("Nance Property");

WHEREAS, the Nance-Bradshaw Ranch and the Nance Property are collectively referred to herein as either the "Nance-Bradshaw Ranch" or the "Property";

WHEREAS, the City is located in a rapidly growing metropolitan area for which new construction and land development can positively or negatively impact the future character and finances of the City;

WHEREAS, the Property is located in the extra-territorial jurisdiction ("<u>ETJ</u>") of the City and come under development pressures;

WHEREAS, the Owners, as stewards of the Property, seek to protect and enhance the beauty, heritage and economic value of the Property;

WHEREAS, the Owners on or about February 25, 2016 submitted to the City a request for voluntary annexation with respect to the Property, which request was conditioned on the execution of this Agreement and a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "G"; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has found that the development of the Property in compliance with this Agreement will serve a public purpose and benefit the economy of the City and the best interests and welfare of the public.

NOW, THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the above stated recitals, which are made a part of this Agreement, the benefits described below, plus the mutual promises expressed herein, the sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged by the Parties, the Parties hereby contract, covenant and agree as follows:

1. PURPOSES, AUTHORITY, AND CONSIDERATION

- 1.01 <u>Municipal Planning</u>. The City is located in a rapidly growing metropolitan area for which new construction and land development can positively or negatively impact the future character and finances of the City. The City finds development agreements to promote master-planned communities are an appropriate way of establishing land use controls, planning for and constructing appropriate and necessary utility and roadway infrastructure, encouraging orderly economic growth, protecting the environment, and promoting the welfare of present and future citizens of the area. The Parties agree that the extension of centralized utilities to new developments provides superior environmental protections than those available from individual water wells and septic systems.
- 1.02 <u>Authority</u>. Authority for the Owners and the City to enter into this Agreement exists under the City Charter of the City, Article III, Section 52-a of the Texas Constitution; Chapt. 212, Subchapt. E, Tex. Loc. Gov't. Code, ("<u>Subchapter E</u>"), Chapt. 212, Subchapt. G, Tex. Local Gov't Code, ("<u>Subchapter G</u>"); Chapt. 43, Subchapter A, Tex. Local Gov't Code, ("<u>Chapter 43</u>"), Chapt. 245, Tex. Local Gov't Code, ("<u>Chapter 245</u>"), Chapter 380, Tex. Local Gov't Code ("<u>Chapter 380</u>"), Chapter 395, Tex. Local Gov't Code ("<u>Chapter 395</u>"), Chapter 311, Tex. Tax Code ("<u>Chapter 311</u>"), and such other statutes as may be applicable.

1.03 Benefits.

- (a) The City desires to enter into this Agreement to enhance the City's ability to plan for, coordinate and control development over the Property and adjacent Properties that are simultaneously being annexed by the City. The City acknowledges that such enhanced planning ability will stimulate economic growth in the future, provide for more efficient and cost effective extension of public infrastructure and serve a valuable public purpose for the citizens of the City. The City desires to enter into this Agreement to enhance its tax base by the timely performance of the City's obligations hereunder, and to address certain contingencies if the City Council approves one or more Public Improvement Districts.
- (b) The Owners, their grantees, successors and assigns, will benefit from the development certainty provided by this Agreement, the commitments of the City with respect to the planning, funding and provision of public infrastructure, and the certainty that municipal services, including adequate utility improvements and connections to the City utility system, will be sufficient to serve the Project when requested by Owners.
- (c) This Agreement provides: (i) for the uniform review and approval of plats and development permits for the Project; (ii) alternative standards under certain City ordinances for the benefit of the Project; (iii) the City's commitment to provide water and wastewater service to the Project; (iv) preliminary terms for the financing and construction of public

improvements necessary for the development of the Project; and (v) judicially enforceable obligations of the City with respect to the City's provision of water and wastewater service to the Property in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. The City's execution of this Agreement constitutes a valid and binding obligation of the City under State Law. Owners' execution of this Agreement constitutes a valid and binding obligation of the Owners.

- 1.04 <u>Control of Development</u>. Owners may develop the Property in a time and in a manner as determined in the sole discretion of the Owners. It shall also be at the sole discretion of the Owners to determine that the Project adequately enhances and accommodates the Owners' conservation of the property and its environmental amenities.
- 1.05 <u>Consideration</u>. The benefits to the Parties set forth in the Recitals and herein, plus the mutual promises expressed herein, are good and valuable consideration for this Agreement, the sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged by the Parties.
- 1.06 <u>Term</u>. The term of this Agreement will commence on the Effective Date and continue for twenty (20) years thereafter, unless sooner terminated under this Agreement as provided herein, (the "<u>Initial Term</u>"). Prior to the end of the Initial Terms, the Owners, any of their respective successors and assigns, may extend this Agreement for a period of fifteen (15) years (the "<u>First Extension</u>") if the Owners are not in material breach of this Agreement. Prior to the end of the First Extension, the Owners, any of their respective successors and assigns, may extend this Agreement for a period of ten (10) years (the "<u>Second Extension</u>") if the Owners are not in material breach of this Agreement and development within Phase 2 has begun. Extension of this Agreement requires the delivery of a written notice to the City prior to the expiration of the then-current term or extension ("<u>Notice of Extension</u>"). Notice of Extension applies only to land owned by the Owners sending said notice.

2. **DEFINITIONS**

The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this Agreement shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning. Words defined in other sections of this Agreement shall have the meaning given in that definition wherever and whenever used in this Agreement, unless specifically provided otherwise. Words used in the present tense include the future tense. Words used in the plural number include the singular, and words in the singular include the plural. The word "shall" is always mandatory. The word "herein" means in this Agreement. The word "regulations" means the provisions of any applicable ordinance, rule, regulation or policy. The word "person" means any human being or legal entity and includes a corporation, a partnership, and an incorporated or unincorporated association. The words "used" or "occupied" as applied to any land or building shall be construed to include the words intended, arranged, or designed to be used or occupied.

2.01 <u>Agreement</u>. This Annexation and Development Agreement for the Nance-Bradshaw Ranch between the City and Owners.

- 2.02 <u>Applicable Rules</u>. The City Code, City ordinances, rules, and regulations in effect and made applicable to the Project as of May 3, 2016, and as specifically modified in their application to the Project by this Agreement, including the Ranch Development Plan and the Ranch Development Plan Map.
- 2.03 <u>Authorized Uses</u>. Land uses and limitations set forth in this Agreement and the exhibits attached hereto that control the development of the Property.
- 2.04 <u>City</u>. The City of Kyle, Texas, a Texas home rule city with a Council/City Manager form of government.
 - 2.05 <u>City Manager</u>. The city manager of Kyle, Texas.
 - 2.06 <u>City Council</u>. The city council of Kyle, Texas.
- 2.07 <u>City Engineer</u>. The engineer for Kyle, Texas or an entity assigned to perform the duties thereof with respect to the Project.
- 2.08 <u>City Improvements</u>. The additional water and wastewater utility infrastructure, including, water and wastewater treatment capacity and utility improvements, if any, that the City is obligated to construct for the City to provide 9,000 LUEs of water and wastewater service to the Property, in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.
- 2.09 <u>City Rules</u>. The entirety of the City's ordinances, rules and duly adopted regulations, as amended from time to time.
 - 2.10 City Utility Service Plan. See Section 8.05.
- 2.11 <u>Co-Owned Property</u>. An approximately 292 acre parcel of real property jointly owned as tenants in common by BRI and Nance, which is more particularly described in the attached <u>Exhibit "A-5</u>". The Co-Owned Property is subject to the Development Agreement between the City of Kyle, Texas and Blanco River Investments, Ltd. ("<u>BRI</u>") dated May 3, 2016 ("<u>BRI Development Agreement</u>").
- 2.12 <u>Development Application</u>. An application for any type of permit, authorization or approval required or necessary for the development of the Property or any part thereof, including, applications for preliminary plats, final plats, replats, site development plans and building permits.
 - 2.13 Effective Date. The effective date of this Agreement is May 3, 2016.
- 2.14 <u>Encumbered Account</u>. A separate non-interest-bearing account established by the City for the deposit of the Sales Tax Rebate Amount and the Property Tax Rebate Amount.
- 2.15 <u>Lot</u>. A parcel of land described by a subdivision plat recorded in the Official Public Records of Hays County, Texas.

- 2.16 <u>Outparcel</u>. The 13.86 acre parcel of land conveyed by Robert Nance and wife Ruth P. Nance to Janet Ruth Nance Bradshaw by Gift Deed dated September 10, 1980 recorded in Volume 373 at Page 196 of the Hays County Deed Records. The Outparcel was not included in the Annexation Petitions attached hereto as <u>Exhibit "G"</u> and is not subject to the terms of this Agreement.
- 2.17 <u>Phase 1</u>. The portion of the Property located east and north of the Blanco River comprised of approximately 282.413 acres, including a 13.87 acre parcel owned by Nance, as described or depicted in the attached <u>Exhibit "A-2"</u>.
- 2.18 Phase 2. The portion of the Property located mostly west and south of the Blanco River containing approximately 2,986.04 acres comprised of an approximately 2,602.84 acre parcel and an approximately 102.2 acre parcel owned by Owners and a 281.00 acre parcel owned by Nance, as described in the attached Exhibit "A-3". The portion of the 102.2 acre parcel lies north and east of the Blanco River will be part of Phase 1 upon the completion of future surveys and subdivision plats that describe this portion of the 102.2 acre parcel.
- 2.19 <u>Planning and Zoning Commission</u>. The duly appointed Planning and Zoning Commission of the City.
- 2.20 <u>Project Approvals</u>. All approvals, variances, and waivers by the City that are necessary or required for the development of the Project, including, preliminary plats, final plats, site plans, development permits, building permits, this Agreement and other future regulatory approvals issued by the City.
- 2.21 **Property.** Approximately 3,268.6 acres of land, more or less, in Hays County, Texas, described on the attached **Exhibit "A" and "A-1".**
- 2.22 <u>Public Improvement District or PID</u>. Public Improvement District(s) that the City may approve, as authorized by Chapter 372, Texas Local Government Code.
- 2.23 <u>Ranch Development Plan</u>. The development standards, Authorized Uses, regulations, limitations set forth in the attached <u>Exhibit "B"</u>, including the Ranch Development Plan Map, which together constitute a plan for development under *Subchapter G*.
- 2.24 <u>Ranch Development Plan Map</u>. The map attached to and part of the Ranch Development Plan that depicts a conceptual layout of the Project of the Property.
- 2.25 <u>Reimbursable Costs</u>. See Section 9.10. The definition of "reimbursable cost" in Section 9.10 applies to all City Improvements subject to Article 9 and the costs of public improvements subject to reimbursement under Article 12.

- 2.26. <u>Sales Tax</u>. The City one cent sales tax that is remitted to the State of Texas by Owners and other occupants of the Property, for sales of taxable items on the Property, and that is actually paid to the City by the State of Texas.
- 2.27. <u>State Law</u>. The laws of the State of Texas duly adopted, including but not limited to the City Charter of the City, Chapter 245, Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 43, Texas Local Government Code, Chapt. 212, Subchapt. E, Tex. Loc. Gov't. Code Chapter 212, Subchapter G, Texas Local Government Code, Chapter 395, Local Government Code, Chapter 380, Texas Local Government Code, and Chapter 311, Texas Tax Code. In the event of a conflict between Subchapter G and Chapter 245, Subchapter G shall control.
- 2.28. <u>Subdivision Infrastructure</u>. All streets, roads, sidewalks, drainage, water and wastewater lines and facilities and all other infrastructure within the Property to be constructed and dedicated and conveyed to the City.
- 2.29. <u>Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone or TIRZ</u>. A Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone that the City may create pursuant to Chapter 311 of the Texas Tax Code.
- 2.30. <u>TCEQ</u>. Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, or its successor agencies.
- 2.31. <u>Utility Services</u>. Sufficient water and wastewater services delivered to the Property to allow water meters and service connections for buildings located within the Property.
- 2.32. <u>Vest, Vested, or Vested Rights</u>. Means the legal entitlements pursuant to State Law to develop the Project subject to the terms of this Agreement and the Applicable Rules. Such entitlements shall, under no circumstances, extend to a purchaser or owner of a subdivided lot after the City has issued a certificate of occupancy to occupy a building on the subdivided lot.
 - 2.33. **Vesting Date**. The Vesting Date for all purposes shall be May 3, 2016.

3. THE PROJECT, PLATTING, AUTHORIZED USES, AND ZONING

3.01 Project.

(a) The Project established by the Agreement includes a master-planned, development that may include single family lots, condominium sites, multi-family sites, commercial and office sites, mixed use sites, amenity area(s) with recreational facilities, public parks, open space and space for civic uses. The Project, includes, the subdivision of the Property, the construction of off-site road and utility facilities and Subdivision Infrastructure (defined below) to be dedicated and conveyed to the City, the construction of a bridge or bridges across the Blanco River, and other infrastructure adequate for the development of the Project, and the construction of homes, businesses, public facilities and other structures consistent with this Agreement and the Applicable Rules ("Project").

- (b) The Project may include multiple phases for platting and construction purposes. Owners intend to develop the Property under the name Nance-Bradshaw Ranch ("Ranch") and when used in this Agreement, the term "Ranch" shall mean and include the Project.
- (c) The Parties further stipulate that so long as Owners do not increase the allowable total level of development, as measured by water and wastewater service connections, Owners may amend approved preliminary plans and approved final plats to alter the layout of lots and on-site infrastructure to serve the Project in compliance with this Agreement and the Applicable Rules without waiving or revoking any of the provisions of this Agreement or the legal status of "project" or any Vested Rights. Notwithstanding the foregoing or any other provision herein, the Vested Rights under this Agreement shall terminate on a lot by lot basis for detached single family houses upon the issuance of a certificate of occupation for a building on such subdivided lot and shall terminate for development requiring a site plan upon the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the last building shown on the site plan. Approved preliminary plats shall expire on the latter of the expiration of this Agreement or the date established by the Applicable Rules.
- 3.02 Ranch Development Plan. The Ranch Development Plan Map attached to this Agreement as Exhibit "C" is a conceptual pictorial depiction of the project; provided, however, that said depictions do not define the project for purposes of vesting. The Ranch Development Plan and the Ranch Development Plan Map attached incorporated herein for all purposes is a "development plan" under state law, including Subchapter G. This stipulated protection for the project, initially approved with the Agreement, is in addition to any subsequently acquired legal entitlements to vest under state law. The parties further stipulate that the project, as defined herein, constitutes a "project" under state law. The total allowable level of development of the property shall be limited by the number of living unit equivalents as measured for water and wastewater service connections. Development within the property shall not exceed nine thousand (9,000) living unit equivalents ("LUEs")'s, but shall not be restricted by the City to less than 9,000LUE's.
- 3.03 <u>Authorized Uses</u>. The allowable uses of the Property are set forth in the attached <u>Exhibit</u> "B". The Parties agree that Owners may use and develop the Property in accordance with this Agreement and Owners shall be entitled to use and develop the Property before and after the annexation of the Property by the City, pursuant to Section 212.172(b)(8), *Tex. Local Gov't Code*. The Authorized Uses shall be and remain in effect during the term of this Agreement whether or not the Property has been annexed. If during the term of this Agreement, any portion of the Property is not permanently zoned by the City Council in compliance with this Agreement, or pursuant to a zoning request made by the Owners, the Authorized Uses set forth in <u>Exhibit</u> "B" shall be and remain in effect during the term of this Agreement and the Property may be developed in accordance with the Authorized Uses. For any portions of the Property for which a Final Plat has been approved prior to the expiration of this Agreement, after the expiration of this Agreement the Authorized Uses set forth in the attached <u>Exhibit</u> "B" shall remain in effect as if zoned for the Authorized Uses therefore by the City Council.

- 3.04 Zoning. Upon annexation of the Property, the City intends to adopt a zoning district of "agriculture" for the Property. At any time during the term of this Agreement, the Owner may initiate the process to zone the Property or any portion of the Property consistent with the terms of this Agreement. The City agrees that all zoning applications will go through the zoning process and will be considered and shall be subject to the discretion of the City Council. Further, the City Council will, in good faith, consider all zoning applications to determine whether such applications comply with this Agreement. In the event of any conflict between this Agreement and any zoning ordinance adopted by the City Council relating to the Property, this Agreement will prevail except as expressly provided herein or agreed in writing by the Owners of the Property, or portion thereof as applicable. The City agrees that all zoning requests shall not unreasonably delay consideration of the applications once submitted.
- 3.05 Concept Plan. Notwithstanding any provision of the City's Plat and Subdivision Regulations, the Concept Plan for the Property shall be limited to the following elements: (a) the boundaries of approved preliminary plats; (b) within areas with an approved preliminary plats, the Concept Plan will show roads, lot lines, drainage ways, Area boundaries, and water and wastewater lines to be dedicated to the City; (c) the boundaries of a proposed preliminary plat; (d) the approximate location of water and wastewater infrastructure and lines outside of the proposed preliminary plat application area required to serve the development within the preliminary plat application area; (e) the approximate location of the street(s) that will connect the land within each preliminary plat application to collectors and arterials that provide or will provide access to the land within a pending preliminary plat application; (f) the approximate location of the street(s) that connect(s) one preliminary plat area to another preliminary plat area, if any, and (g) for phases or sections of the Project for which a final plat has been approved, the final location of all phase or section boundaries, the boundaries for and between non-residential, multi-family, parks, single family developments, lot lines, and the location of all roads and streets, drainage ways, water and wastewater lines within the phase or section. Land outside of area subject to an approved preliminary plat and proposed preliminary plat application may be identified on the Concept Plan as "future development" or "future phases".
- 3.06 <u>Preliminary Plans and Subdivision Plats</u>. Preliminary Plan applications may be submitted to and approved by the City for one or more portions of the Property. Preliminary plans shall be generally consistent with the approved Concept Plan.
- 3.07 Fiscal Required. With respect to the recording of plat prior to the construction of the Subdivision Infrastructure for said plat, cash or a letter of credit in lieu of cash (such letter of credit to be in a standard form reasonably acceptable to the City shall be deposited with the City in an amount determined under the Applicable Rules. The security required by the Applicable Rules to be posted by Owners prior to recording a final plat for a parcel of land prior to construction and acceptance of the required infrastructure shall be decreased by the dollar amount of TIRZ and PID funds, if any, held in trust pursuant to the terms and conditions of the trust agreement, financing agreement and related PID or TIRZ financing documents for the development and construction of said Subdivision Infrastructure required for the land included in the final plat. If cash is posted for the fiscal, the City will

keep the funds in a separate trust account identified as fiscal for the specified Subdivision Infrastructure.

3.08 Historic Uses of Property Prior to Annexation.

- (a) Notwithstanding any provision of the City Rules, Owners may continue to use the Property and any structures, wells, improvements or other appurtenances to the land, in the manner in which the Property and such structures, wells, improvements or other appurtenances have historically been used on or before the date the City annexes the Property, including uses related to agricultural and wildlife management, hunting, fishing, timber harvesting, tree and brush removal, fire burning and existing residential structures ("<u>Historic Uses</u>"). Owners may continue all such Historic Uses of the Property without obtaining a permit or approval from the City.
- (b) The City will not enforce any provisions of the City Code, regulations or other ordinances that interfere with the Historic Uses of the Property for hunting, fishing, fire burning, timber harvesting, tree removal, or any agriculture and wildlife management purposes. However, hunting using and discharging rifles or any other firearms and fire burning will not be allowed within 500 feet of adjacent residential dwellings. All other Historic Uses of the Property shall be grandfathered for the Term of this Agreement until such grandfathering expires under the terms of this Section 3.08. The City agrees to treat the Historic Uses as if the Property had continued to be in the City's ETJ for so long as this Section 3.08 continues in effect with respect to the Property.
- (c) The Owners may construct, repair, or renovate buildings or other structures on the Property that are consistent with its agricultural use, including barns, storage facilities and without obtaining a building permit. Further, the Owners may construct an accessory structure to an existing single-family dwelling or existing buildings used for agricultural use. The construction and repair of roadways for agricultural use access to residential structures do not constitute development under the Applicable Rules and such activities do not require any approval or permit from the City. This Section 3.08 expires as to a portion of the Property upon the approval of a subdivision application by the City for the land located within said Final Plat and the commencement of development activities pursuant to the recorded Final Plat.
- 3.09 <u>Property Descriptions</u>. The Parties acknowledge and agree that some of the descriptions describing portions of the Property are based on surveys conducted decades ago. New surveys prepared for development applications will provide more accurate descriptions. The definition of the Property will adjust as the new surveys are incorporated into future subdivision plats and other City approvals. The Property does not include the Outparcel.
- 3.10 Other Fees and Future Adjustment to Fees. Except for fees or expenses otherwise specifically provided for in this Agreement, all fees required by the Code will be paid in accordance with the Code. Any fees specified by this Agreement or the Code shall remain fixed at the same level as in effect on the Effective Date for a period of five (5) years from the Effective Date. Thereafter, the level fees shall be adjusted on the fifth anniversary of

the Effective Date to be the same level as in effect city-wide on the fifth anniversary of the Effective Date and shall be adjusted each subsequent 5th anniversary of the Effective Date to be the same level as in effect city-wide on such subsequent 5th anniversary of the Effective Date.

4. REGULATORY CERTAINTY

- 4.01 <u>Statutory Protections.</u> The terms, conditions and provisions of this Agreement shall be interpreted and construed in accordance with the rules of statutory construction and applied consistent with municipal law, including but not limited to the law of contracts. The rights of Owners regarding land development and land usage, as set forth in this Agreement, are subject to the provisions of Chapter 212, Subchapter G, which rights are independent of the statutory protections of Chapter 245, and Chapter 43. The Project, as defined herein, constitutes a "project" for purposes of Chapter 245 and Chapter 43. The City acknowledges and agrees that this Agreement, including the Ranch Development Plan and the Ranch Development Plan Map constitute the initial permit for the Project and provide the City fair notice of the Project for purposes of Chapter 245. This Agreement shall not terminate or be modified in the event that one or all of the state statutes referenced in this Section 4.01 shall be repealed or modified. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement or the Applicable Rules, the City hereby waives the applicability of Section 245.005, Texas Local Government Code to the Project.
- Applicable Rules. During the Term of this Agreement the Applicable Rules will apply to and govern the requirements for the development of the Property, including, land use, concept plans, preliminary plat, subdividing and recording final plats; site development plans; replats; utilities; and building permits. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, no City Rule adopted after the Effective Date of this Agreement that amend, add to, or alter the Applicable Rules, whether by means of an ordinance, resolution, policy, order, interpretation, or otherwise, will modify or amend the rights of the Owners to develop the Property as provided in this Agreement, unless (a) mandated by State Law; (b) Owners elect by a specific written notice to the City to have all or some of the Project become subject to a subsequently adopted change to an Applicable Rule; or (c) the application of the amended, added or altered Applicable Rules is agreed to, in writing, by all the Owners and the City. The City's review and approval of permit applications by Owners with respect to plats, utilities, and other Project Approvals, that are compliant with this Agreement, will not be unreasonably conditioned, withheld or delayed by the City. If there is any conflict between the Applicable Rules and the specific terms of this Agreement, the specific terms of this Agreement will control as State Law allows. If there is a conflict between the terms of this Agreement and any of the exhibits attached hereto, the terms of this Agreement shall control. In the event of any conflict between this Agreement and any City Rule, regulation, standard, policy, order, guideline or other City adopted or City enforced requirement adopted after the Effective Date of this Agreement, this Agreement shall control. In the event of any conflict between any final plat or preliminary plat and any other City requirement, the approved preliminary plat and approved plat shall control. Owners reserve the right to make application for and, as appropriate, obtain approval to re-plat any portion of the Property without loss of Vested Rights, provided neither State Law nor this Agreement otherwise

limits the right to re-plat. So long as this Agreement remains in effect, re-platting complying with this Section shall be deemed controlled by the Applicable Rules as if the same were an original platting under the terms of this Agreement.

- 4.03 Approvals and Appeals. The City agrees that it will timely comply with all statutory and internal City time frames for reviewing development applications. The City will approve applications for preliminary plans, final plats and site development plans if such applications comply with the Applicable Rules and this Agreement. If a Development Application that complies with the Applicable Rules and this Agreement is not approved, the City will meet and confer with Owners and, as reasonably necessary, provide written comments to Owners specifying in detail all of the changes that will be required for the approval of the submittal. The City further agrees that if, at any time, Owners believes that an impasse has been reached with the City staff on any issue affecting the Project or if Owners wish to appeal any decision of the City staff regarding the Project, then Owners may appeal in writing to the City Council requesting a resolution of the impasse at the next scheduled City Council meeting, subject to compliance with all timetables required by the Open Meeting Act. To the fullest extent not inconsistent with State law, such disputes and appeals will be resolved by the City Council and the Owners by an approved amendment to this Agreement or other written document.
- 4.04 Expiration of Applications and Approvals. Applications for preliminary plats, final plats, subdivision construction plans and site development plans do not expire; provided, however, if an application has been inactive for more than two years, then the City may require the payment of new review fees. Preliminary plats, final plats, subdivision construction plans and site development plans approved pursuant to this Agreement, and any subsequent approved modifications or amendments to such approvals and permits will be effective for five years or the end of Initial Term of this Agreement, whichever is later in time. Any permit or approval granted by the City pursuant to, or in accordance with this Agreement during the First Extension will be effective for five years or until the end of First Extension of this Agreement, whichever is later in time. Any permit or approval granted by the City pursuant to, or in accordance with this Agreement during the Second Extension will be effective for five years or until the end of Second Extension of this Agreement, whichever is later in time. Recorded final plats shall not expire unless vacated.
- 4.05 Extension of Permits and Approvals. Any permit or approval granted by the City pursuant to, or in accordance with this Agreement shall be extended for any period during which performance by Owners are prevented or delayed, through no fault of Owners, by the City, an action of a court or state or federal agency, or Owners are delayed due to failure to receive a governmental permit despite timely application and demonstrable diligent and complete efforts to obtain said permit.
- 4.06 <u>Project Approvals and Entitlements.</u> The Project Approvals and Applicable Rules have been approved by the City Council, and are granted by the City with respect to the development and use of the Property. This Agreement shall serve as guidance for the review and approval of additional approvals, variances or other municipal authorizations hereafter required or requested by Owners. Upon the expiration or termination of this Agreement, this

Agreement will be of no further force and effect; except that such expiration or termination will not affect any right or obligation arising (i) under State Law; (ii) from Project Approvals granted during the Term of this Agreement; and (iii) for completion of infrastructure for approved final platted section(s).

- 4.07 Effect of Recorded Plat. If a Final Plat is approved pursuant to the Applicable Rules and is recorded, the Applicable Rules associated with said Final Plat shall run with the Plat and be and remain in full force and effect until the thereof, or the Owners of a Lot therein, otherwise makes application for and obtains approval of a change of the use or occupancy to a use or occupancy not permitted by the permanent zoning of the Lot or the land within the Plat, or the Plat or a portion thereof is vacated or replatted without a vacation; provided any changes to the or any Lot within the Plat shall comply with the City Rules.
- 4.08 Reservation of Rights. This Agreement constitutes a "permit" within the meaning of Chapter 245, Tex. Local Gov't Code. Except as provided in this section, Owners do not, by entering into this Agreement, waive (and Owners expressly reserves) any right that Owners may now or hereafter have with respect to any claim that Owners may now or hereafter have with respect to any claim: (A) of "vested" or "protected" development or other property rights arising from Chapter 43 or 245, Tex. Local Gov't code, as amended, or otherwise arising from common law or other state or federal laws; or (B) that an action by the City constitutes a "taking" or inverse condemnation of all or any portion of the Property. The City further reserves all rights it may have under the applicable law, and with respect to the foregoing, the interpretation and application of Subchapter G, Chapter 245, Chapter 43, and state, federal and common law.
- Right to Continue Development. The City agrees that, during the term of this Agreement, it will not impose or attempt to impose: (a) any moratorium on building or development within the Property, including utilities, or (b) any land use or development regulation that limits the rate or timing of land use approvals, whether affecting preliminary plats, final plats, site plans, building permits, certificates of occupancy or other necessary approvals, except as applicable to the entirety of the City, or as reasonably necessary for the area of the City within which the Property is located. No City-imposed moratorium, growth restriction, or other limitation affecting the rate, timing or sequencing of development or construction of all or any part of the Property will apply to the Property if such moratorium, restriction or other limitation conflicts with this Agreement or would have the effect of increasing Owners' obligations or decreasing Owners' rights and benefits under this Agreement; provided that this Section 4.09 will not apply to temporary moratoriums uniformly imposed throughout the City or within the area of the City in which the Property is located due to insufficient water or wastewater facilities, or an emergency constituting a threat to the public health or safety, and that continues only during the duration of the emergency or the period when insufficient water or wastewater capacity. However, nothing in this Agreement is intended or should be construed as Owners waiving any of its rights under, Subchapter E, or the City waiving any rights or authority that it may have under the Applicable Rules, or under State or Federal law then in effect.

5. OBLIGATIONS OF THE CITY

- 5.01 <u>City Approvals and Authorizations.</u> To implement the timely approval of the development of the Property, subject to the terms, conditions and provisions of this Agreement, the City:
 - (a) will, within one hundred eighty (180) days of the Effective Date of this Agreement, amend the City's Comprehensive Plan to incorporate the terms of this Agreement;
 - (b) will, within one (1) year of the Effective Date of this Agreement, amend the City's utility plan, as described in Chapter 395, to identify the water and wastewater facilities necessary to comply with the requirements of Section 8.05.
 - (c) will, within eighteen (18) months of the Effective Date of this Agreement, amend the City's road/transportation plan to include the roads necessary to provide sufficient access to the Property to reasonably accommodate traffic when the Project is completely built out.
 - (d) hereby approves and establishes the alternative development standards for the Project that are listed in Exhibit "B";
 - (e) hereby approves the Authorized Uses pursuant to *Subchapter G* agrees that Owners are entitled to use and develop the Property in substantial compliance with the Authorized Uses set forth in <u>Exhibit "B"</u> after the annexation of the Property; and
 - (f) any specific timelines required by this subsection, may be extended by mutual agreement of the Parties.
- 5.02 <u>Timely Action by City.</u> To facilitate the timely development of the Project, the City will:
 - (a) timely act upon any petition by the Owners to create one or more Tax Increment Reinvestment Zones on the Property pursuant to Chapter 311 of the Texas Tax Code;
 - (b) timely act upon any petition to create one or more Public Improvement Districts on the Property pursuant to Chapter 372 of the Texas Local Government Code;
 - (c) timely act upon any Owners' request to identify public improvements to be funded in whole or in part with TIRZ funds or bond proceeds; or PID funds or PID bond proceeds;

- (d) accept, timely review and approve applications, in accordance with State law, for preliminary plats, final plats and site development permits for land within the Property if such application complies with this Agreement and the Applicable Rules;
- (e) cause the City Engineer, or a consulting engineer, to provide a timely review and comments on the design, plans and specifications submitted for Subdivision Infrastructure;
- (f) provide timely inspections of the work and construction performed by or on behalf of Owners on all Subdivision Infrastructure and other public improvements;
- (g) provide timely inspections of the work and construction performed on all permitted buildings and structures in the Project;
- (h) subject to Article 14, after completion and final approval of the construction of water and wastewater lines, drainage facilities, public parks and public park facilities, public streets and other Subdivision Infrastructure to City standards that are required to be dedicated to the City, finally accept such improvements and Subdivision Infrastructure for ownership, operation and maintenance by the City;
- (i) timely provide water and wastewater service to Lots within the Project, and will connect each residential unit, or building for another Authorized Use, to the City's water and wastewater system upon payment OF the applicable fees and a certificate of occupancy being issued for the residential unit or building, and provide water and wastewater service for the residential unit or building on the same terms and conditions as provided to all other areas of the City;
- (j) timely process and act upon the issuance of building permits for buildings to be constructed within a portion of the Property for which the City has approved a final plat. This authorization does not waive otherwise applicable requirements that the completed subdivision phase infrastructure be accepted by City prior to issuance of a certificate of occupancy;
- (k) Timely perform the duties and obligations of the City provided in Section 5.01 above.

6. ANNEXATION

Request for Annexation. The City acknowledges that Owners are, in requesting voluntary annexation, acting in reliance upon the City's representation that the City has the legal authority under State law to: a) enter into this Agreement; b) to be bound by the terms of this Agreement; and c) perform the City's obligations under this Agreement. Owners and the City agree that the parties have negotiated a municipal service plan, Exhibit "D". The City intends to annex the Property within ninety (90) days after the date of the first reading on

the ordinance annexing the Property. The proposed ordinance for annexing the Property is attached as <u>Exhibit "E"</u>. The City agrees that this Agreement will remain in full force and effect following annexation of the Property.

7. REGIONAL AND SUBDIVISION INFRASTRUCTURE

Rerouting of FM 150. Owners agree to negotiate in good faith with Hays County and the City regarding the rerouting of FM 150 through the Property and the sale or transfer of the right of way for FM 150 so long as (a) the rerouted FM 150 is no larger than four lanes (plus turning lanes at intersections and driveways) with a design speed not to exceed forty five miles per hour (45 mph); (b) the right of way for FM 150 is at least 450 feet from the Outparcel; and (c) FM 150 right of way remains within the Corridor C for FM 150 prepared by K. Friese & Associates for Hays County, as depicted on the attached Exhibit "H." The City will support the configuration and location of FM 150 as described in this Section 7.01 or as subsequently proposed by Owners in any negotiations with Hays County, the City and the Texas Department of Transportation.

7.02 Realignment and Extension of Cypress.

- (a) The alignment of Cypress Road east of the Blanco River on the Property will remain in its current configuration unless the Owners approve the realignment. The alignment of Cypress Road west of the Blanco River, as shown on the attached Ranch Development Plan, is conceptual and may change during the platting process.
- (b) The City acknowledges and agrees that the extension of Cypress Road across the Blanco River including the Nance Bridge, as shown on the Ranch Development Plan Map, will significantly enhance regional mobility and will provide an evacuation route during natural disasters for present and future residents living west and south of the Blanco River. Cypress Road west of its intersection with FM 150 will be designed and constructed as a Major Thoroughfare as defined by Exhibit "B." The term "Cypress Road" does not include the Nance Bridge.
- (c) Owners will donate up to 120 feet of right of way width for Cypress Road west of its intersection with FM 150 and for the Nance Bridge. Owners will fund the preparation of construction plans for Cypress Road as a Major Thoroughfare, excluding plans for Nance Bridge. Owners will be responsible for funding the construction costs of Cypress Road as collector, as defined in Exhibit "B". If the Owners fund the construction of Cypress Road as a road larger than a collector, then the difference in costs between constructing Cypress Road as a collector and the costs of the larger road will be reimbursed by Tax Rebate Payments.
- (d) The City further acknowledges and agrees that the cost of designing, engineering and constructing the Nance Bridge across the Blanco River should not be borne solely by the Owners and the adjoining BRI Land. The City and Owners agree to negotiate in good faith to create a Tax Increment Reinvest Zone for the Property or similar financing structure to help fund the design, engineering and construction of the Nance Bridge and

Cypress Road west of FM 150. The Parties also agree to work cooperatively to locate and secure local, county, state and federal funding for the Nance Bridge.

- 7.03 <u>Subdivision Infrastructure</u>. All streets, roads, sidewalks, drainage, water and wastewater lines and facilities and all other infrastructure within the Property will be constructed by Owners to meet City Rule standards and will be dedicated and conveyed to the City. The City may not impose any traffic, roadway or subdivision infrastructure related requirements, fees or obligations other than those set forth in this Agreement or the Applicable Rules. In conjunction with the conveyance of Subdivision Infrastructure to the City the Owner will execute easements allowing the City to own and maintain the Subdivision Infrastructure in accordance with the City's customary easement forms reasonably promulgated by the City in accordance with City Rules.
- TIRZ, PID and Similar Funding. With respect to any public improvement or 7.04 Subdivision Infrastructure to be funded in whole or in part by proceeds from the sale of PID Bonds, TIRZ Bonds or similar public financing mechanism ("Bond Improvements"), subject to applicable state bidding requirements and the terms, conditions and provisions of financing agreement and related documents approved and executed with respect to such public financing, Owners shall procure bids or best value options in accordance with State law for the construction of the Bond Improvement. If requested by the City, Owner shall provide copies of the bids to the City. The Bond Improvements shall be bid based on the construction plans and specifications approved by the City or its designee, and contracts for construction shall be let based on bids approved by the City which approval shall not be unreasonably denied, delayed or conditioned. If the City Manager refuses to approve a bid, change order, form of the contract or any other aspect affecting the award of a construction contract for a Bond Improvement, the Owners may appeal such determination to the City Council. Such appeal shall be heard by the City Council no later than twenty (20) days after an appeal is submitted to the City. Unless required by federal or state statute, Owners may, at their sole discretion, not include a prevailing wage provisions in a construction contract for a Bond Improvement.
- 7.05 <u>Public Improvement Costs Subject to Reimbursement</u>. Unless public bidding is required by Subchapter C, Chapter 212, Texas Local Government Code or other State Law, any public improvement or Subdivision Infrastructure project cost subject to a reimbursement payment pursuant to Article 12 of this Agreement will be bid in accordance with Section 7.04.

8. UTILITY FACILITIES AND UTILITY SERVICES

8.01 <u>Intent of the Parties Regarding Utility Services</u>. As of the Effective Date, the City has sufficient water and wastewater treatment capacity to allow service connections for 9,000 LUEs water and wastewater service to the Project; however, the City may not have sufficient utility treatment capacity to meet all of the City's utility service commitments for the full build out of Project and the full build out of all other proposed development projects within the corporate limits of the City. The City represents that the City has rights to sufficient raw water to meet the City's overall service obligations, including, providing 9,000 LUEs of

water service to the Property in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. The Parties acknowledge that the Project will build out over a number of years and that the City may decide to incrementally construct additional treatment capacity over time. acknowledge that it is the City's responsibility to determine if the City's utility system needs to be expanded and how the City will expand the City's utility system to enable the City to meet its utility service obligations under this Agreement. Owners further acknowledge the City's desire to retain flexibility on deciding which City utility system improvements, if any, are necessary for the City to timely meet its utility service obligations under this Agreement. The City acknowledges that Owners require certainty regarding the City's plans for meeting the City's utility service obligations under this Agreement, including, if necessary, the expansion or enhancement of the City's water and wastewater utility systems for the purpose of the City meeting its Utility Service obligations, including the provision of Utility Service to the Project in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. The Parties acknowledge that the delivery of an operational Utility Improvement to the City can require two or more years of planning, engineering and construction. The Parties further acknowledge the delivery of an operational Utility Improvement requires a significant financial investment.

- 8.02 <u>Communications</u>. The Parties will communicate and consult on a regular basis (not less frequently than once a year) regarding (i) the Owners' best estimate of the Owners' schedule for filing future preliminary plat and final plat applications and requests for TIRZ or PID financing during each successive two year periods so that the City will have at least a two year planning horizon for the construction of City Improvements; and (ii) the City's Utility Service Plan.
- 8.03 <u>Utility Service Obligations Defined</u>. This Agreement provides for three types of Utility Service commitments that the City can make:
- (a) General commitment to provide 9,000 LUEs of Utility Service to the Property pursuant to the terms of this Agreement;
- (b) Specific service commitment to deliver a specific number of LUEs of Utility Service to the Property by a specific date so that Owners may record subdivision plats subject only to the construction of Subdivision Infrastructure for such plat; and
- (c) Reservation of capacity within the City's utility system at the time a subdivision plat is recorded so that upon the City's acceptance of Subdivision Infrastructure for said subdivision plat, the City will sell utility connections for Lots within said subdivision plat area.

8.04 General Service Commitment.

(a) The City has no obligation to provide water service to any area within the Property that is currently in the Certificate of Convenience and Necessity ("<u>CCN</u>") for water service of another municipality or utility service provider. The City has no obligation to

provide waste water service to any area within the Property that is currently in the CCN for waste water service of another municipality or utility service provider. The City agrees to apply to the Texas Public Utility Commission to amend the boundaries of its water and wastewater CCNs to include all portions of the Property not within the CCN of another municipality or other utility service provider within one (1) year following the Effective Date. In the event Owner seeks to transfer to the City's CCN any portion of the Property that is currently within the CCN of another municipality or other utility service provider, the City agrees to cooperate with and support such transfer. Nothing in this Agreement, or the inclusion of any part of the Property into the City's CCN, shall be construed to prohibit, modify or diminish Owner's current or future water rights associated with the Property or any wells now or in the future located on the Property. The City acknowledges and agrees that the Owner may use such water for purposes associated with the Grandfathered Uses or any other use allowed under state law, including but not limited to irrigation of common areas or land owned by the POA or PID, landscaping, amenities or similar uses ancillary to the development and stewardship of the Property. Owner acknowledges and agrees that in the event the Project at full development requires less than the Maximum LUEs of water and/or wastewater capacity then the City need only provide the actual LUEs of capacity needed by the Project at full development and not the Maximum LUEs.

- (b) Subject to Owners' compliance with the terms and conditions of this Article 8, the City shall timely provide the Owners and subsequent owners of land within the Project with water and wastewater service required for the development of the Project and, upon payment to the City of the City's applicable tap fees and impact fees and compliance with the city's requirements for the initiation of service or transfer of service, allow connections to the City's utility system for each LUE of service requested. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, the City is not obligated to provide a total of more than 9,000 LUEs of water service and 9,000 LUEs of wastewater service to the Project. This subsection constitutes the terms and conditions of the City's general commitment of Utility Service to the Property. The City makes no representation that 9,000 LUEs of water and wastewater service will be sufficient for the full development of the Project if such development is more intense or is otherwise materially different from the development described in the Ranch Development Plan.
- City Utility Service Plan. No later than one year after the Effective Date, the City shall adopt and, thereafter maintain at all times, the City's plan to meet the City's overall utility service obligations, including the City's general commitment of Utility Service to the Project in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. ("City Utility Service Plan"). The City Utility Service Plan will include the following: a) status and amount of raw water availability; b) status of water treatment capacity; c) status of groundwater available to be produced based upon groundwater production permits held by City; d) status of water available for purchase by City; e) status of City's ability to use reclaimed water to supply landscape irrigation needs status of wastewater treatment capacity; or f) the status of any other City utility system improvements or enhancements approved by the City. The Parties will collaborate with each other and adjacent landowners to identify the raw water, water treatment and wastewater treatment facilities to be constructed by the City ("City Improvements") and the off-site water and wastewater line facilities to be constructed by Owners and adjacent landowners necessary to provide Utility Service to each Phase of the

Project and adjacent properties ("Owner Improvements"). The term "Owner Improvements" includes the oversizing of water and wastewater lines. The Parties acknowledge and agree that the Applicable Rules require the Owners to a) construct off-site water and wastewater lines necessary to serve the Project; and b) oversize all off-site water and wastewater lines, if requested by the City. The City will reasonably require third parties to oversize water and wastewater lines that will ultimately provide Utility Service to the Property.

8.06 Specific Service Commitments.

- The Parties shall consult, if requested by any Party, regarding the details and (a) timing relating to a Specific Service Commitment Request. It is the Parties' intent to act in good faith to work collaboratively to agree on the terms of the City's response to a Specific Service Commitment Request. Notwithstanding the Parties entering into the consultation process described in Section 8.02, the City shall formally respond in writing to a Specific Service Commitment Request within forty five (45) days of receipt of such a request ("City Response"). A City Response shall include one or more of the following, as applicable: (i) the number of LUEs in the City's existing utility systems that City commits to hold and allocate for use in the Project; (ii) if the City does not commit to hold and allocate all of the LUEs requested by Owners within the City's existing utility system, then the City Response shall describe the City Improvements that the City will complete to be able to deliver the LUEs requested in the Specific Service Commitment Request by the date additional services are required as set forth in the Specific Service Commitment; and (iii) the Owner Improvements, if any, that must be constructed and operational for the City to deliver the additional Utility Service capacity to the Property; provided that, unless the City Response states that a required City Improvement may be delivered at an earlier date, no such City Improvement shall be required to be available within less than two years for the date of the Specific Service Commitment Request.
- (b) The initial request for a Specific Service Commitment may not exceed four hundred (400) LUEs.
- (c) Upon the recording of subdivision plats containing at least two hundred fifty (250) Lots and the City having issued building permits within the Project for buildings that would use not less than one hundred (100) LUEs of water and wastewater, then Owners may request that the City provide a second specific service commitment for additional Utility Service to the Project; provided, however, that such request shall be for no more than 400 LUEs of additional service ("Second Specific Service Commitment Request"). The Second Specific Service Commitment Request must provide a date by which Owners estimate the additional Utility Service will be required to be available to the Property for the development of a Phase of the Project; provided, however, that such future date will provide the City at least two years advance notice of when the development of the Project will require Utility Service connections using more than the initial 400 LUEs of Utility Service.
- (d) After the Second Specific Service Request, Owners may make additional Specific Service Commitment Requests in accordance with this Section 8.06 ("Subsequent")

Specific Service Commitment Requests"). Owners may submit a Subsequent Service Commitment Request for additional Utility Service to the Project when the total number of LUEs subject to a Specific Service Commitment falls below 200 LUEs. Upon the recording of a subdivision plat, the LUEs attributed to each Lot in the subdivision plat will no longer be considered subject to a Specific Service Commitment and will be considered Reserved Capacity. Subsequent Specific Service Commitment Requests may not request more than 400 LUEs and may not set a date required for the delivery of additional Utility Service that is less than 2 years from the date of the Subsequent Specific Service Request. For purposes of providing an example regarding how this subsection 8.06(b) operates, if Owners request 400 LUEs in the Second Specific Service Commitment Request (total number LUEs subject to a Specific Service Commitment would be 800 LUEs) and Owners record subdivision plats containing a total of 700 Lots (Reserved Capacity), the remaining number of LUEs subject to a Specific Service Commitment would be 100 LUEs.

- (e) Any City Response that identifies City Improvements to be constructed will describe each City Improvement by including the type of utility improvement and proposed capacity of the City Improvement. Additionally, the City's Response will include the City's good faith estimate for the date of the completion and operation of the City Improvement. The description of the City Improvements shall be in reasonable detail so that, if necessary, Owners may have construction plans prepared to bid and construct the City Improvements pursuant to Article 9.
- The City Response shall constitute the City's determination of how the City (f) will operationally provide the amount of water and wastewater services described in a Specific Service Commitment Request by the date additional services is required that is set forth in the Specific Service Commitment Request and shall constitute the terms and conditions of the City's Specific Service Commitment; provided, that absent agreement by the City, no date for which additional service is required in a Specific Service Commitment Request shall be less than two years from the date of said request. The City Response shall, upon delivery to Owners, be a binding and enforceable obligation of the City to (i) sell, upon request, utility connections for the number of LUEs that the City commits to hold and allocate in the City's existing utility system; and (ii) to construct and complete the City Improvements, if any, by the date additional service is required as set forth in the Specific Service Commitment Request. The City's performance of the obligations described in the preceding sentence shall be subject to Owners' compliance with this Article 8. The City acknowledges that Owners will rely on the City's Response in proceeding with the development of the Project. The City further acknowledges that in identifying the City Improvements the City is obligated to complete the construction of the City Improvements or purchase the City Improvements pursuant to Article 9. Therefore, the City may not modify or change any aspect of the City Response without the prior notice to the Owners; provided that such changes or modifications do not extend or delay the delivery time required for a City Improvement.
- 8.07 <u>Update to City Response</u>. Based on the schedule included in the City Response, Owners may, from time to time, request the City to provide a written status report on the City's progress in completing the City Improvements, including, the design,

engineering, land acquisition, funding, and construction ("<u>Owner Inquiry</u>"). The City shall provide to Owners a written response to an Owner Inquiry within twenty (20) working days.

8.08 City Non-Performance of a Specific Service Commitment.

- (a) If one of the following have occurred: (i) the City states in either a City Response described in Section 8.06 or an update response described in Subsection 8.07 that the City will not construct and complete the City Improvements within the time required by Section 8.06(a); (ii) the City refuses to respond to an Owner Inquiry pursuant to Section 8.07 and City has not cured such breach after Owners have sent a Notice of Breach pursuant to Article 11; or (iii) the City has failed to initiate or complete one or more of the tasks described in the City Response so that the City cannot reasonably be expected to comply with the delivery date required for the number of LUEs of Utility Service requested in a Specific Service Commitment Request and City has not cured such breach after Owners have sent a Notice of Breach pursuant to Article 11, then, in addition to the pursuing any or all Article 11 remedies, Owners may notify the City of Owners' intention to construct the City Improvements pursuant to Article 9 ("Owner Notice of Intent to Construct City Improvements").
- Within ninety (90) days of the City's receipt of either the Owner Notice of (b) Intent to Construct City Improvements or the Owner Notice of Intent to Request Disannexation, as provided in Section 11.03, the City may notify the Owners that the City has (i) revised the City Response to commit the City to hold and allocate all of the LUEs requested by Owners within the City's existing utility system, or (ii) decided to proceed with the construction of the City Improvements identified in the Owner Notice of Intent to Construct City Improvements ("City Notice to Proceed"). A City Notice to Proceed is not effective unless it contains the following information: (i) the estimated date by which the City will award the construction contract; (ii) the estimated number of days to be included in the construction contract for the completion of the City Improvements; and (iii) the date by which the City intends to have the City Improvements operating. Upon the delivery to Owners of the City Notice to Proceed, the City Notice to Proceed shall replace and supersede the City Response; provided, however, the City Notice to Proceed shall not alter the number of LUE's or the required date for delivery established pursuant to Section 8.06(a). The schedules and commitments included in the City Notice to Proceed shall be deemed and shall constitute binding obligations of the City that Owners may enforce under this Agreement.
- (c) If the City does not deliver the City's Notice to Proceed in compliance with Subsection 8.08(b), then the City shall be deemed to have made the decision, at its sole discretion, to effectuate and be bound by the terms of Article 9, as applicable, for the construction, use and acquisition of the City Improvements if Owners deliver to the City a notice that Owners will proceed with the design, engineering and/or construction of the City Improvements pursuant to the terms of Article 9 ("Owner Notice to Proceed").
- (d) Neither the delivery of Owner's Notice To Proceed to the City nor the Owners' construction of the City Improvements ("Facilities" in Article 9) shall release the City of the City's obligations under this Agreement to have funded and constructed such City

Improvements or any future City Improvements identified by the City in any future City Response.

8.09 <u>Service Units Defined</u>. The number of LUEs per meter to be accounted for hereunder shall be based on the chart in the attached <u>Exhibit</u> "F".

8.10 General Conditions For Connections to the City Utility System.

- (a) The Parties acknowledge that the City cannot deliver water and wastewater services to a Lot within the Project unless the requisite Utility Improvements, as described in the City's Utility Plan and requisite Subdivision Infrastructure are constructed in accordance with City approved plans and specifications, and then accepted by the City. The City acknowledges that Owners are relying on the City's performance of the City's obligation to timely provide 9,000 LUEs of water and wastewater service to the Property in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.
- (b) If the City modifies: (i) the definition of a LUE as compared to the LUE definition incorporated into this Agreement; (ii) water pressure requirements for a service connection to land within the Project; (iii) fire flow requirements; (iv) a Utility or Owner Improvement required for the City to provide water and wastewater service to a section of the Project; or (v) any other aspect of water and wastewater service standards, the City shall be responsible for the timely design and construction of any additional utility facilities that would be necessary for the City to meet its water and wastewater service obligations under this Agreement, unless such modification by the City is in response to requests by the Owners or is mandated by federal or state statute. If the modifications described in the preceding sentence are required by federal or State Law or regulations, the Parties shall consult regarding a reasonable resolution to funding such modifications.
- 8.11 <u>Engineering and Construction Plans</u>. Owners shall be responsible for funding the preparation of construction plans and specifications for the Owner Improvements. The City shall be responsible for funding the preparation of construction plans and specifications for the City Improvements. City approval is required for all such plans and specifications.
- 8.12 Approval of Construction Plans. The City shall timely review, approve and sign, or disapprove and return with an explanation, as appropriate, construction plans for an Owner Improvement (the "Plans"). The City shall review and approve, or disapprove, on a timely basis the Plans as they are submitted to the City. The term "timely basis" shall be interpreted in light of the development schedule, as presented to the City by Owners, provided that in no event shall the City have fewer than 30 calendar days and no more than 45 calendar days for the City's initial review of submitted Plans. If the City disapproves any submitted Plans, the City shall provide a written explanation of the reasons for such disapproval so that if the Plans are revised in accordance with City's comments, the Plans will comply with the Applicable Rules and can be approved. The City shall, on a timely basis, review and comment on updates to re-submitted Plans. The term "timely basis" in the preceding sentence shall be interpreted that in no event shall the City have fewer than 15 calendar days and no

more than twenty five (25) calendar days for the City to review and provide comments to any set of Plans that have been revised or updated based on previous comments from the City. Construction plans approved by the City are referred to as the "Approved Plans."

- 8.13 <u>Use of City Property and Easements</u>. The City hereby consents, at no cost to the Owners, to the use of any and all appropriate and available City rights-of-way, sites or easements that may be reasonably necessary to construct an Owner Improvement, or for the Owners to perform their respective obligations under this Agreement; provided, however, that the City's consent is subject to City approval of the location of a Utility Improvement within the right-of-ways and easements and avoidance of utility facilities existing in such rights of way and easements. The City agrees to cooperate and support Owners' acquisition of necessary easements from third parties; provided, the City's support does not require the expenditure of funds.
- 8.14 Easement Acquisition. The Utility Facilities and related easements are necessary and required by the City for the City to provide water and wastewater service to Project, and for Owners to comply with the City Rules and obtain approval for the development of the Project. The Owners shall pay costs of the acquisition (including the City's costs of such acquisition by condemnation or conveyance in lieu thereof) of any easements or land necessary for the construction of the Owner Improvements. The City Council has found the development of the Project in compliance with this Agreement will serve a public purpose and benefit the economy of the City and the public welfare. Therefore, if it is deemed necessary for the City to use its eminent domain powers to acquire property or an interest in property to install a Utility Improvement required by the City pursuant to this Agreement, Owners will make a request to the City to proceed with the acquisition of the easement in compliance with applicable law and in accordance with Section 8.15. In any such event, the City proceeding to acquire such easement shall be subject to a finding by the City Council that such easement is required by the City and is necessary to accomplish a public The Parties agree to work cooperatively toward allowing the initiation of construction on an Owner Improvement on an easement being acquired by the City at the earliest time lawfully permitted.
- 8.15 Eminent Domain. The City Council of the City hereby declares that: (a) there exists a public necessity for the construction of the Utility Facilities; (b) subject to all of the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Utility Facilities will be accepted by the City for ownership, operation and maintenance; (c) the City agrees, if the City Council finds the easement is necessary and required to accomplish a public purpose, to use its power of eminent domain to acquire such lands or easements in the circumstances provided herein; provided, however, the City will not use the power of eminent domain until there has been a commercially reasonable effort by Owners to negotiate and acquire the necessary property rights. If Owners have failed to obtain such lands or easements, then Owners may request the City to use its power of eminent domain to acquire said property rights. The City will review and make a determination that the use of eminent domain accomplishes a public purpose and once such a determination has been made, the City will act within 60 calendar days. The City shall control all eminent domain proceedings in accordance with state law and shall pay all costs associated with any such eminent domain proceedings. Owners shall reimburse the City

for all reasonable costs associated with such proceedings within 60 calendar days of being provided documentation of such costs. The City will timely proceed with eminent domain proceedings in accordance with State law in order to obtain the right of possession as soon a lawfully as possible. The City will use reasonable efforts to file eminent domain proceedings within thirty (30) days of the City Council's adoption of an ordinance authorizing eminent domain and use its efforts to take possession of the property as soon as lawfully possible.

- 8.16 Changes to Approved Plans; City Inspections. The City shall timely review, approve and sign, or disapprove and return with specific comments, as appropriate, any requested changes to Approved Plans. For purposes of reviewing changes to Approved Plans, the term "timely" shall mean ten (10) business days. Owners shall cooperate with the City to assure the City is provided full opportunity to inspect the work and construction of the Owner Improvements, as construction progresses, the City shall timely inspect the construction of each Utility Improvement. For purposes of inspecting construction, the term "timely" shall mean no more than five (5) business days after the day on which a request for inspection is made. The City shall provide the contractor written notice within two (2) business days of any deficiency identified during an inspection.
- 8.17 Fiscal Required. If the Parties enter into a Financing Agreement in conjunction with the selling of PID bonds, TIRZ bonds or similar debt financing mechanism, then this provision shall be non-applicable to any Owner Improvement or Subdivision Infrastructure funded in whole or in part with funds from the PID. With respect to the construction of any of the Owner Improvements, cash or a letter of credit in lieu of cash (such letter of credit to be in a standard form reasonably acceptable to the City) shall be deposited with the City in an amount sufficient to fund the restoration of the area of construction to a safe, pre-construction condition, including, if necessary, removing or securing facilities or other improvements, filling trenches, revegetating, and capping lines. If construction of an Owner Improvements is abandoned and disturbed areas are not restored within 30 days after demand by the City, then the City may draw upon the fiscal security to restore such areas. If cash is posted for the fiscal, the City will keep the funds in a separate trust account identified as fiscal for the construction project.
- 8.18 Contract and Bid Requirements. Except as provided by Sections 7.04 and 7.05, Owners shall be solely responsible for the selection of contractors, the negotiation of construction contracts and the management of the construction contracts for the Owner Improvements, and pay all applicable plan review and construction inspection fees required by City ordinance or this Agreement. All construction contracts for Owner Improvements shall require the contractor to post the legally mandated payment and performance bonds and a two-year warranty/maintenance bond.
- 8.19 <u>Satisfactory Completion of Owner Improvements</u>. Upon completion of construction of each of the Owner Improvements, Owners shall provide the City with final "record" drawings of the Owner Improvements. Owners' engineer shall provide a certificate of completion to the City and the City shall conduct a final inspection of the Owner Improvements within five (5) business days of receipt of said certificate of completion. The City shall, within two (2) business of conducting the final inspection provide a list of

deficiencies found in the inspection so that if the deficiencies are corrected, the Owner Improvements will meet the requirements for acceptance by the City for ownership, operation and maintenance. The Owners shall be responsible for having those deficiencies remedied. Upon request, the City shall then re-inspect the Owner Improvement within five (5) business days, and if all deficiencies have been remedied to the City's satisfaction, the City shall furnish a Letter of Satisfactory Completion to Owners stating that the Owner Improvement has been constructed in substantial compliance with the Approved Plans, meets all applicable testing requirements and otherwise complies with the requirements of the City to accept the Owner Improvement for ownership, operation and maintenance.

8.20 City Acceptance of Owner Improvements.

- (a) As a precondition to the City's final acceptance of an Owner Improvement, the following shall be delivered to the City: executed all bills paid affidavits, bills of sale, assignments, or other instruments of transfer reasonably requested by the City, in a form and content reasonably acceptable to the City and the City Attorney, to evidence the City's ownership of same. Contemporaneously therewith, all bonds, warranties, guarantees, and other assurances of performance, record drawings, easements, project manuals and all other documentation related to the Owner Improvement to be accepted will also be delivered to the City. Utility easements for water and wastewater lines and other utility facilities within the Property may be conveyed by plat dedication or separate agreement and must be conveyed or dedicated to the City prior to the City's acceptance of the Owner Improvement.
- (b) Upon the City issuing a Letter of Satisfactory Completion and the resolution of all Chapter 53, Texas Property Code claims, Owners shall dedicate the Owner Improvement to the City. The City shall accept each such completed Owner Improvement for ownership, operation and maintenance within thirty (30) calendar days of Owners' dedication of the Owner Improvement to the City. The City shall not unreasonably deny, delay, or condition its acceptance of such Owner Improvement. The Owners shall obtain a two year maintenance bond from the contractor and assign said bond to the City as a condition of the City's acceptance of the said Owner Improvement. The Owner shall certify that no Chapter 53, Texas Property Code claims have been filed and that all known claims have been resolved or bonded against.
- 8.21 <u>City to Own, Operate, and Maintain Owner Improvements</u>. From and after the time of the City's final acceptance of an Owner Improvement, the City will own, operate, and maintain each Utility Improvement as part of the City's utility system and shall be responsible for all costs associated with same. Upon the City's acceptance of all the Utility Improvements within a particular Utility Facility Phase and the City's acceptance of water and wastewater service lines within a recorded final plat, Owners shall be allowed to connect to the accepted water and wastewater service lines in such a manner to serve lots within the recorded plat; provided that City's applicable utility and connection fees are paid and that such connections meet the City's ordinance and technical requirements. The City's maintenance obligations shall be subject to the warranty and maintenance bond posted by the contractor.

9. OWNER CONSTRUCTION OF CITY IMPROVEMENTS

- Applicability. The provisions of this Article 9 shall become applicable upon 9.01 the delivery to the City of the Owner Notice to Proceed, as provided in Section 8.08(c). The provisions of this Article 9 shall apply to the City Improvements described in the Owner Notice to Proceed and shall control the construction of said City Improvements and the City's operation, use and acquisition of same. For purposes of this Article 9, the term "City Improvements" is limited to arrangements and facilities that increase or maintain the City's supply of raw water for water treatment purposes, water treatment facilities and wastewater treatment facilities. In no event shall an Owner Improvement or any Subdivision Infrastructure be considered a City Improvement for purposes of Article 9. Said City Improvements are referred to as "Facilities" for purposes of Article 9. In the event of a conflict between the terms of this Article 9 and any other term or provision of this Agreement, the terms of this Article 9 shall control. The provisions of this Article 9 shall constitute a contract for goods and services. The terms and binding obligations of this Article 9 shall survive the termination of the Agreement for any Facilities built, to be built or under construction pursuant to an Owner Notice to Proceed delivered to the City prior to the termination of the Agreement.
- 9.02 <u>Construction Process, Contracts</u>. The Owners will take all steps necessary for construction of the Facilities including, causing construction drawings and plans and specifications to be prepared, obtaining all necessary governmental approvals, publicly inviting and advertising for construction bids, and awarding a contract or contracts with payment and performance bonds and two-year maintenance bonds after completion. Sections 8.11 through 8.16, 8.19 and 8.20 of this Agreement apply to Owners' activities pursuant to this Article 9 except that the term "Facilities" shall be substituted for the term "Owner Improvements."
- 9.03 Plans and Specifications. Upon the delivery of the Owner Notice to Proceed to the City, the City shall be deemed to have assigned to Owners the right to use and, if necessary, modify all construction plans and specifications, whether or not completed and approved by the City, pertaining to the City Improvements as then owned or held by the City; provided, however, that Owners shall not assume or be deemed to have assumed financial responsibility for the payment of any fees due or owing with respect to said plans and specifications. The City shall cause the delivery of such plans, as the City may have or control, to Owners within ten (10) working days of Owners' request for said plans. If the City has no plans and specifications, Owners shall cause such plans and specifications to be prepared. The plans and specifications for the Facilities shall be prepared by either the City's engineers or a qualified, registered professional engineer. Plans and specifications for the Facilities are subject to the approval of the City and the City's Engineer, and such approval, which shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed, is required to be obtained by Owners prior to construction.
- 9.04 <u>Payment for Construction of Facilities</u>. Owners shall make, in a timely fashion, all payments on the contracts awarded by it for the construction of the Facilities. Owners shall, prior to making any payment, provide copies of all invoices and certifications recommending payment to the City.

- 9.05 <u>City Acceptance of Facilities</u>. Upon the City issuing a Letter of Satisfactory Completion, Owners shall tender delivery of the Facilities to the City for control, operation and maintenance. The City shall accept each said Facility control, operation and maintenance within fifteen (15) calendar days of said tender of delivery to the City. The City shall not unreasonably deny, delay, or condition its acceptance of such Facilities. The Owners shall obtain a two year maintenance bond from the contractor and assign said bond to the City as a condition of the City's acceptance of the said Facility.
- 9.06 Operation and Maintenance of Facilities. The City shall, upon acceptance of the Facilities take possession of the Facilities and assume full responsibility for the operation and maintenance of such Facilities. However, the City shall not own the Facilities constructed by Owners until the Facilities have been purchased and conveyed to the City by Owners as provided herein. The City shall operate and maintain the Facilities in good order and condition and to the extent reasonably practical, in a manner that will not interfere with the delivery of utility services for new service connections. Until such time as the Facilities are purchased by the City, the City shall maintain adequate insurance or self-insurance to repair or replace the Facility should they be damaged or injured by insurable casualty risks. All such insurance proceeds shall be used by the City to repair and restore the Facilities to maintain the delivery of the LUEs quantified in the Owner Service Request relating to the Facilities. The costs of such insurance shall be borne by the City. Until such time as the City has purchased the Facilities from the Owners, the City shall require the insurer to name Owners as "additional insureds" under all insurance policies relating to the Facilities.
- 9.07 <u>Purchase of Facilities by City</u>. Within thirty (30) days of the City's acceptance of the Facilities pursuant to Section 9.05, Owners shall deliver notice to the City stating that the Owners are ready, able and willing to sell and convey the Facilities to the City pursuant to this Article 9. The City shall provide a written response to said notice stating whether the City is willing to proceed with the Purchase of the Facilities. Such purchase shall be made and close within one (1) year of Owners' notice of being ready willing and able to sell and convey the Facilities unless time is extended by mutual agreement of the Parties. The purchase price shall be the Reimbursable Costs, as defined below. The City and the applicable Owner shall split all closing costs.
- 9.08 <u>Limitation of Source of Payment</u>. The City's obligation to purchase the Facilities under this Agreement is limited to funds from water and wastewater rates, impact fees, other fees and other revenues collected by the City from the City's water and wastewater utility systems, including, water and wastewater utility revenue bonds or obligations (collectively "<u>Utility Revenue</u>"). No obligation of the City created pursuant to this Article 9 shall be payable from taxes or other money of the City other than the Utility Revenues which are actually collected by the City; provided, however, the City may, in its sole discretion, use any other source of funding it chooses. If the City issues utility revenue bonds after the delivery of the Owner Notice to Proceed, then such bonds will contain funds for the purpose of fully reimbursing the Reimbursable Costs to Owners.
- 9.09 <u>Conveyance of Facilities</u>. Concurrently with the purchase of the Facilities by the City, the Owners shall transfer and convey title to the Facilities to the City by special

warranty deed or other appropriate instrument, free and clear of all liens, claims, encumbrances, options, charges, assessments, restrictions, limitations, and reservations, including liens for ad valorem taxes for past and current years, payments due to construction contractors, laborers, or materialmen. The Owners shall provide such proof of title and proof that no such liens, claims, and encumbrances exist as may reasonably be required by the City. The conveyance or conveyances shall include all easements where the collection, distribution, and drainage systems are located (where such easements have not been dedicated to the public) and which are necessary to own, operate, and maintain the Facilities, and fee simple title to any sites, together with the necessary right-of-way thereto, and all licenses, franchises, and permits for the Facilities. The Owners shall also assign in writing all of its contractors' and materialmen's warranties and guaranties relating to the Facilities, otherwise, the City shall accept the Facilities on an "as is where is" basis without any warranty from Owners.

- 9.10 <u>Reimbursable Costs</u>. "Reimbursable Costs" means the documented dollar amount actually expended for constructing the Facilities, provided the bids and change orders are approved in advance by the City Manager; provided, the City Manager shall not unreasonably deny, delay, or condition its acceptance of such Facilities. The Reimbursable Costs shall also include the reasonable, total cost of the following:
 - (a) the surveying costs;
 - (b) the cost of soils and materials testing;
 - (c) the engineering fees relating to the Facilities;
- (d) advertising and other costs associated with public bidding and award of construction contracts;
- (e) the documented cost of required easements, lots, sites and rights-of-way located outside of the Property, but not including any easement or right-of-way required on any land within the Property;
- (f) Construction management fee equal to four percent (4%) of the total of the other components of the Reimbursable Costs; and
- (g) any other necessary out-of-pocket costs expended in connection with constructing and installing the Facilities;

provided that all such sums and amounts shall be reasonably required for the Facilities and documented to and approved by the City Manager which approval may not be unreasonably denied, delayed or conditioned. If the City Manager does not approve of a cost, the City Manager shall provide a written explanation of the basis for not approving such cost within fifteen (15) calendar days of Owners' submittal of said cost for approval. If the City Manager refuses to approve a bid, change order, or cost described above, Owners may appeal such determination to the City Council. The City will schedule a hearing on the appeal no later than the next regularly scheduled City Council meeting for which timely notice may be given.

If the City and Owners do not agree upon the costs being appealed, then any Party may send a Notice of Breach and proceed with Article 11 remedies.

9.11 Failure to Purchase by Initial Closing Date. If the City does not purchase the Facilities within one (1) year of Owners' notice to the City pursuant to Section 9.07, then Owners may pursue the remedies set forth in Article 11 of the Agreement. Upon the City's failure to purchase the Facilities within the one (1) year period, the Reimbursable Costs shall bear a per annum interest equal to the prime rate published in the Wall Street Journal plus 2.5%, accruing on a monthly basis. The one year period may be extended by mutual agreement of the Parties. The initial rate shall be calculated based on the prime rate published in the Wall Street Journal on the 366th day following Owners' notice pursuant to Section 9.07 or the first business thereafter. The interest rate will adjust on each subsequent anniversary date equal to the prime rate published in the Wall Street Journal plus 2.5%, accruing on a monthly basis. Interest will accrue beginning on the 366th day following Owners' notice pursuant to Section 9.07. Interest shall accrue until title to the Facilities is conveyed to the City.

10. ASSIGNMENT OF COMMITMENTS AND OBLIGATIONS; SUCCESSORS

- 10.01 Agreement Binding on Assigns. Pursuant to Subchapter G, this Agreement shall be binding upon the Parties, their grantees, successors, assigns, and subsequent purchasers. This Agreement is intended to, and hereby does, create covenants running with the land, binding on future owners of the Property, except as provided in Section 212.172(f) of Subchapter G. In the event of an assignment of fee ownership, in whole or in part, of the Property by Owners, only the grantees and assignees and then current owners of such portion of the Property so assigned shall be liable under this Agreement for any subsequent default occurring after the conveyance and affecting only the portion or portions of the Property so assigned. Any reference to Owners or City shall be deemed to include the successors or assigns thereof, and all the covenants and agreements in this Agreement shall bind and inure to the benefit of the respective successors and assigns thereof whether so expressed or not.
- 10.02 <u>Assignment of Rebate Payments</u>. In addition to the provisions of Section 13.10(a), Owners may assign to a third party or otherwise encumber rights to Tax Rebate Payments and Fee Rebates Payments, provided the City is notified by Owners of the name and address of such assignee or lienholder.
- 10.03 <u>Special Provisions Regarding the Co-Owned Land</u>. In the event BRI and Nance partition the Co-Owned Property, Nance may, by delivery of written notice to the City, withdraw the portion of the Co-Owned Property solely owned by Nance (the "<u>Nance Parcel</u>") from the BRI Development Agreement and thereafter the Nance Parcel shall be governed exclusively by this Agreement.

11. BREACH, DEFAULT, REMEDY, AND TERMINATION RIGHTS

11.01 <u>Default Generally</u>. If any Party breaches the terms of this Agreement and fails to cure such breach after receipt of a Notice of Breach pursuant to Section 11.02, such breach shall be an event of default. In that event, the non-defaulting Party to this Agreement may pursue the remedies described in Section 11.03.

11.02 Notice and Opportunity to Cure.

- (a) No Party shall be deemed to be in default hereunder until i) receipt from another party of a written notice of breach that specifies the nature of the breach, including the provision of the Agreement that has been breached ("Notice of Breach"); and ii) the passage of thirty (30) calendar days after receipt of the Notice of Breach without cure of the breach. If the cure of the breach requires more than thirty (30) calendar days and the breaching Party has begun to cure the breach, then the breaching party shall be deemed to have cured the breach so long as the breaching party diligently, continuously and timely cures said breach. Upon the passage of thirty (30) calendar days without cure of the breach, such Party shall be deemed to have defaulted for purposes of this Agreement and the non-defaulting Party may pursue the remedies allowed under Articles 8 and 9 and 11 of this Agreement. A Notice of Breach delivered to the City shall be deemed to fulfill the notice requirements set forth in Section 13.02 of the City Charter.
- (b) In no event shall the preparation and delivery to Owners of any of the following ever be considered or deemed to require more than thirty (30) calendar days to cure unless the time is extended by the mutual agreement of the involved parties: (i) the City Utility Plan, (ii) a City Response, (iii) a City Notice To Proceed, (iv) review comments for Plans submitted to the City pursuant to Section 8.12; (v) review comments for Approved Plans submitted to the City pursuant to Section 8.16; (vi) any City obligation described in Section 8.21, (vii) final inspection report pursuant to Section 8.19; (viii) City acceptance of an Owner Improvement pursuant to Section 8.21; (ix) City review, inspection or action relating to any public improvement pursuant to Section 5.02; (x) City review, inspection or action relating to a Facility pursuant to Sections 9.02, 9.03 and 9.05; and (xi) a payment due under Article 9.

11.03 Remedies.

(a) <u>City</u> If Owners fail to cure a breach after receiving a Notice of Breach from the City, the City may pursue all available legal and equitable remedies regarding said default, including specific performance; provided, however, the City shall never have the right to unilaterally terminate this Agreement under any circumstances.

(b) Owners.

(i) If the City fails to cure a breach after receiving a Notice of Breach, other than a breach of an Article 5, 8 or 9 obligation, Owners may terminate this Agreement and/or

pursue all available equitable remedies, including specific performance and mandamus regarding said default.

- (ii) If the City fails to cure a breach under any provision of Article 5 or any provision of Article 8, after receiving a Notice of Breach, then Owners may send to the City an Owners Notice of Intent to Request Disannexation. Within ninety (90) days of the City's receipt of an Owners Notice of Intent to Request Disannexation, the City will disannex that portion of the Property described in the Owners Notice of Intent to Request Disannexation. Further, the City agrees that it will not involuntary annex any disannexed portion of the Property for at least ten (10) years from the effective date of disannexation unless Owners petition for annexation. Upon disannexation of all or any portion of the Property, the Owners of the disannexed portion of the Property, at their sole discretion, may by written notice to the City, terminate the applicability of any or all provisions of the Agreement to the disannexed portion of the Property.
- (iii) If the City fails to cure a breach under any provision of Article 9 after receiving a Notice of Breach, then Owners may terminate this Agreement and/or pursue all available legal and equitable remedies, including specific performance and mandamus regarding said default.
- 11.04 <u>Material Provisions</u>. The following are material obligations of the City that have induced Owners to enter into this Agreement: (i) the terms of this Article 11; and (ii) the representations set forth in Article 6.
- Party of any provision of this Agreement will not, regardless of the length of time during which that failure continues, be deemed a waiver of that Party's right to insist upon strict compliance with all terms of this Agreement. In order to be effective as to the Owners, any waiver of a City breach or default under this Agreement by the Owners must be in writing and signed by all the Owners of the portion of the Property affected by the City's breach and a written waiver will only be effective as to the specific breach or default and as to the specific period of time set forth in the written waiver. In order to be effective as to the City, any City waiver of an Owners' breach or default under this Agreement must be in a writing and authorized by the City Council and signed by the City Manager or the Mayor, and a written waiver will only be effective as to the specific breach or default and as to the specific period of time set forth in the written waiver. A written waiver will not constitute a waiver of any subsequent breach or default, or of the right to require performance of any provision of this Agreement in the future.
- 11.06 <u>Amendment by Agreement</u>. This Agreement may be amended as to all of the Property at any time only by the mutual written consent of the City and all the Owners. The Agreement may be amended as to a portion of the Property by the mutual written consent of the City and the all of Owners as to that portion or portions of the Property affected by the amendment.

12. REIMBURSEMENTS AND TAX ABATEMENTS.

12.01 Tax Reimbursements.

- (a) The Sales Tax Rebate Amount and the Property Tax Rebate Amount are sometimes referred to collectively herein as the "<u>Tax Rebates</u>." The Tax Rebates will accrue and be paid only as provided in this Article 12. Phase 1 and Phase 2 of the Project will be subject to separate property tax rebate programs.
- (b) The Phase 1 Tax Rebate Term shall begin on first January 1st following the beginning of the First Extension or January 1st of the year following the year in which the first water meter for a building is installed in Phase 1 of the Project, whichever occurs first ("Phase 1 Tax Rebate Term Beginning Date"). The Phase 1 Tax Rebate will terminate and expire ten (10) years after the Phase 1 Tax Rebate Term Beginning Date ("Phase 1 Tax Rebate Term").
- (c) Sections 12.01 through 12.06 become legally effective as to Phase 2 only if the City does not approve the formation of a TIRZ or similar funding mechanism to help fund the engineering, permitting and construction of the Nance Bridge and the Construction of Cypress Road west of FM 150 as a Major Thoroughfare. The Phase 2 Tax Rebate Term shall begin on first January 1st following the year in which the Nance Bridge is completed and opened to the public ("Phase 2 Tax Rebate Term Beginning Date"). The Phase 2 Tax Rebate will terminate and expire ten (10) years after the Phase 2 Tax Rebate Term Beginning Date ("Phase 2 Tax Rebate Term").
- (d) For purposes of this Article 12, the costs of public improvements eligible for Tax Rebates include, Nance Bridge, construction costs of Cypress Road, as described in Section 7.02, oversized water and wastewater lines, and such other public improvements as the Parties may agree upon.
- 12.02 <u>Encumbered Account Deposits and Withdrawals</u>. For the length of time authorized under state law, the City will deposit the Sales Tax Rebate Amount and the Property Tax Rebate Amount into the Encumbered Account as provided in this Article 12, as received by the City. Funds may not be withdrawn from the Encumbered Account except as provided in this Article 12.

12.03 Sales Tax Rebate Amount.

- (a) During a Rebate Term, the Sales Tax Rebate Amount will be paid as provided in this Section 12.03 and at the times provided in Section 12.05.
- (b) The Sales Tax Rebate Amount will be paid to Owners beginning the first calendar quarter after the applicable Rebate Term Beginning Date and will continue for a period of forty (40) calendar quarters. The Sales Tax Rebate Amount will be three fourths of the Sales Tax. The payments to Owners shall be made at the times provided in Section 12.05. The last Sales Tax Rebate Amount payment equal to three-fourths of the Sales Tax will be payable by the City on or before forty-five (45) days after the date on which the State of

Texas pays the City the Sales Tax for the twentieth calendar quarter after the applicable Rebate Term Beginning Date.

(c) The Sales Tax Rebate Amount that will be paid to Owners for the period that begins the twenty-first (21st) calendar quarter after the applicable Rebate Term Beginning Date and continues for a period of twenty calendar quarters will be one-fourth of the Sales Tax. The payments to Owners shall be made at the times provided in Section 12.05. The last Sales Tax Rebate payment equal to one-fourth of the Sales Tax will be payable by the City on or before forty-five days after the date on which the State of Texas pays the City the Sales Tax for the fortieth (40th) calendar quarter following the Rebate Term Beginning Date.

12.04 Property Tax Rebate Amount.

- (a) The Property Tax Rebate Amount shall be established for each calendar year beginning the year after the applicable Tax Rebate Term Beginning Date. The first Property Tax Rebate Amount that will be deposited into the Encumbered Account pursuant to this Agreement will be collected by the City on the increase in the assessed taxable value of the applicable Phase, including all buildings and other improvements that become a part of the real property, over the assessed taxable value of the applicable Phase on the January 1st occurring two years prior to the applicable Tax Rebate Term Beginning Date ("Base Year"). As an example, if the Phase 1 Tax Rebate Term Beginning Date occurs on January 1, 2022, then the Base Year would be January 1, 2020.
- The first Property Tax Rebate Amount will be calculated by subtracting the assessed taxable value of the applicable Phase on January 1st of the Base Year from the assessed taxable value of the applicable Phase on January 1st of the calendar year following the applicable Tax Rebate Term Beginning Date, then multiplying the resulting increase by the City's then ad valorem tax rate, and then multiplying the resultant amount of taxes by forty-five percent (45%). The Property Tax Rebate Amount for each subsequent tax year will be determined by subtracting the Base Year assessed taxable value of the applicable Phase from the assessed taxable value on January 1st of such subsequent tax year and multiplying the result by the City's ad valorem tax rate and then multiplying the resultant tax amount by forty-five percent (45%). The Property Tax Rebate Amount paid to Owners for any calendar year shall never exceed the actual amount of the Property Tax Rebate Amount that is actually paid to and received by the City; provided that funds includable in the Property Tax Rebate Amount for one year that are paid to and received by the City in a subsequent tax year will be paid to the Owners when the Property Tax Rebate Amount for such subsequent tax year is paid to the City. As an example, if the City ad valorem tax rate is sixty cents (\$0.60) per \$100.00 assessed valuation, the assessed taxable value of the applicable Phase on January 1st of the Base Year is \$5,000,000.00, and on January 1, 2022 the assessed value of the Phase is \$17,000,000.00, the 2022 City ad valorem tax on the \$12,000,000.00 increase in assessed value would be \$72,000.00, and 45% of the \$72,000.00 (\$32,400.00), would be paid to the Encumbered Account. The Property Tax Rebate Amount for each tax year will be deposited into the Encumbered Account when such ad valorem tax payments are received by the City. The Property Tax Rebate Amount is separate and distinct from the rollback tax payments described in Section 12.12 below.

- (c) The Property Tax Rebate Amount will be paid to the Owners for the calendar year beginning the year after the Tax Rebate Term Beginning Date, as provided in this Section 12.04 and in Section 12.05.
- (d) The Property Tax Rebate Amount for the sixth calendar year through tenth calendar year after the Rebate Term Beginning Date will be deposited into the Encumbered Account and paid to Owners only to the extent required to reimburse Owners the amount of the Eligible Reimbursable Costs actually incurred by Owners.

12.05 Dates for Payment of Rebate Amounts.

- (a) The Property Tax Rebate Amount that becomes payable pursuant to Section 12.04 and that are paid to the City will be paid to Owners on or before April 15th of the year following the tax year for which Property Tax Rebate Amounts were paid, and each subsequent April 15th thereafter, until Owners have been paid the Property Tax Rebate Amount for each year within the applicable Tax Rebate Term; provided that, after the payment of the Property Tax Rebate Amount for the fifth year following the applicable Tax Rebate Term Beginning Date, the payment of the Property Tax Rebate Amount to Owners in any year thereafter shall not exceed the previously un-reimbursed Eligible Reimbursable Costs paid by the Owners. If at the time Owners are paid the Property Tax Rebate Amount for a tax year beginning on or after January 1st of the sixth year following the applicable Tax Rebate Term Beginning Date, the Property Tax Rebate Amount exceeds the un-reimbursed Eligible Reimbursable Costs, such excess amount shall be retained in the Encumbered Account and shall be paid by City to Owners upon the subsequent funding or completion by Owners and acceptance by the City of one or more public improvements with Eligible Reimbursable Costs.
- (b) The Sales Tax Rebate Amounts that become payable pursuant to Section 12.03 and that are paid to the City will be paid to Owners on or before the 15th day of each April, July, October and January following the date the City receives the Sales Tax from the State of Texas. The payments will be in an amount equal to the applicable Sales Tax Rebate Amount collected by City during the three (3) calendar months preceding the month the scheduled payment is due and payable.
- 12.06 <u>Limitation and Termination of Tax Rebate Payments</u>. The Sales Tax Rebate Amount shall be and remain payable to Owners for the applicable Tax Rebate Term, and the Property Tax Rebate Amount shall be and remain payable to Owners as provided in Section 12.04. Except as otherwise provided in Section 12.04, the Sales Tax Rebate Amount and Property Tax Rebate Amount shall be payable on the dates provided in Section 12.05. The following terms shall be applicable on the expiration of the applicable Tax Rebate Term:
- (a) No Sales Tax Rebate Amounts or Property Tax Rebate Amounts will be deposited into the Encumbered Account for any calendar year that begins after the expiration of this Agreement.

- (b) The terms of this Article 12 shall survive the expiration of this Agreement only as to Sales Tax Rebate Amounts and Property Tax Rebate Amounts accrued prior to the expiration of this Agreement and that are payable pursuant to this Agreement. Any obligation of City to pay Owners a Sales Tax Rebate Amount or a Property Tax Rebate Amount prior to the expiration of the applicable Tax Rebate Term shall survive the expiration of such Tax Rebate Term only to the extent of funds: (i) on deposit in the Encumbered Account on the expiration of the applicable Tax Rebate Term; and (ii) Sales Tax Rebate Amounts and Property Tax Rebate Amounts due and payable for a tax year that ends prior to the expiration of the applicable Tax Rebate Term but that are not received until after the expiration of the applicable Tax Rebate Term.
- 12.07 Payment of Impact Fees. Owners, their grantees, successors, assigns, and subsequent purchasers of any portion of the Property, agree that each lot, tract, parcel or building site within the Property that will be provided water service or wastewater service by the City shall be required to pay the City's water impact fee (the "Water Impact Fee") and wastewater impact fee (the "Wastewater Impact Fee"), established pursuant to Chapter 395 of the Texas Local Government Code, in the amount that is established by the City Capital Improvements Plan and City ordinance, as amended, from time to time. The Water Impact Fee and Wastewater Impact Fee are referred to collectively as the "Impact Fees." The Impacts Fee shall be payable with respect to a lot, tract, parcel, or building site at the time the building permit for each building or structure is applied for or, if no building permit is required, then upon the first to occur of the following: (a) the date construction of the building or structure is first commenced, (b) the date an application is made to the City for a water connection to serve the building or structure, or (c) the date water service is requested for the lot, tract or parcel of land.
- 12.08 <u>Impact Fee Credits</u>. If the City requests that any Owner Improvement be oversized and Owner pays for the costs associated with such oversizing, then Owner shall be entitle to a credit against future impact fees otherwise payable pursuant to Section 12.07 (the "<u>Impact Fee Credits</u>"). An Impact Fee Credit may only be applied toward an Impact Fee of the same type of utility improvement. For example, a credit for oversizing a wastewater line may only be applied toward a Wastewater Impact Fee. An Impact Fee Credit may applied toward one hundred percent (100%) of the applicable Impact Fee. Impact Fee Credits do not terminate on the expiration of this Agreement and will continue after the termination of this Agreement until all Eligible Reimbursement Costs have been paid. The City may at any time, in its sole discretion, pay the Owners all or a portion of the Eligible Reimbursable Costs for oversized Owner Improvements from any source of funds available to the City in one or more lump sum payments.
- 12.09 <u>Definition of Oversized</u>. The term "oversized" means a water or wastewater line that has greater capacity than needed to provide Utility Services to the Property. For example, if the development of the Property or a portion of the Property requires a sixteen inch (16") water line and City requires a twenty four inch (24") water line to be constructed, then the water line has been oversized by eight inches (8") to provide Utility Services to land that is not part of the Property. The reimbursement amount will be based on the additional

construction costs to build the oversized aspect of the line. As further clarification, if the additional capacity is needed to provide Utility Services to another portion of the Property, then the additional capacity does not constitute oversizing and the cost associated with oversizing such a line will not be an Eligible Reimbursable Cost for purposes of Article 12.

- 12.10 <u>Eligible Reimbursable Costs</u>. For purposes of this Article 12, "Eligible Reimbursable Costs" are the same as those costs described in subsections 9.10(a)-(g).
- 12.12 Refund of Certain City Real Property Taxes. City acknowledges that Owner has agreed to voluntary annexation of the Property at the request of the City and far in advance of the date that the Owner otherwise anticipated the Property would be annexed or expects to commence development on the Property. The City finds that such annexation fulfills a valuable public purpose by enhancing the City's ability to plan the future of the Property and surrounding areas and such annexation will provide for significant efficiency and reduction in costs in connection with the extension of utilities. The City finds that the Property is predominantly open and if the Property remained outside the corporate limits of the City it would substantially impair the sound growth of the City. The City further finds that if Owner had not voluntarily agreed to the City's request to annex the Property, the Owner would have had no obligation to pay City taxes until annexation and therefore the refund of 100% of certain ad valorem taxes collected by the City ("Property Taxes") for a period of time is fair and equitable. In further consideration of Owner's agreement to permit the annexation of the Property, the City agrees to reimburse to Owner one hundred percent (100%) of roll back taxes received by the City with respect to the Property during the applicable Phase 1 or Phase 2 Tax Rebate Term.

13. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

13.01 Force Majeure.

- (a) The term "force majeure" shall mean, without limitation, acts of God; strikes, lockouts, or other industrial disturbances; acts of public enemies; orders of any kind of the government of the United States, the State of Texas or any civil or military authority, including the City; insurrections, riots, epidemic, landslides, lightning, earthquakes, fires, hurricanes, storms, floods, washouts, droughts, arrests, restraint of government and people; civil disturbances; explosions, breakage, or accidents to machines, pipelines, or canals; or other causes not reasonably within the control of the party claiming such inability.
- (b) If, by reason of force majeure, any party hereto shall be rendered wholly or partially unable to carry out its obligations under this Agreement, then such party shall give written notice of the full particulars of such force majeure to the other party within thirty (30) days after the occurrence thereof. The obligations of the party giving such notice, to the extent effected by the force majeure, shall be suspended during the continuance of the inability claimed, except as hereinafter provided, but for no longer period, and the party shall endeavor to remove or overcome such inability with all reasonable dispatch. It is understood and agreed that the settlement of strikes and lockouts shall be entirely within the discretion of the party having the difficulty, and that the above requirement that any Force Majeure shall be

remedied with all reasonable dispatch shall not require that the settlement be unfavorable in the judgment of the party having the difficulty.

13.02 <u>Notices</u>. Any notice required or permitted to be delivered hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed received on the earlier of (i) actual receipt by mail, Federal Express or other delivery service, fax or hand delivery; (ii) three (3) business days after being sent by United States mail, postage prepaid, certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to Seller or Purchaser, as the case may be, at the address stated below; or (iii) one business day after being sent by email.

Any notice mailed to Owners shall be addressed:

Robert Scott Nance and Lana Nance 205 Live Oak Drive Mountain City, Texas 78610

Joel Russell Bradshaw 5420 LBJ Freeway, Ste. 1600, Dallas, Texas 75240

Jason Scott Bradshaw 1122 Lausanne Avenue Dallas, Texas 75205

With copy to:

Robert Kleeman Sneed, Vine & Perry, PC 900 Congress Ave, Ste. 300 Austin, Texas 78701

Any notice mailed to the City shall be addressed:

City of Kyle Attn: City Manager 100 W. Center Street Kyle, Texas 78640

Any party may change the address for notice to it by giving notice of such change in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph.

13.03 <u>Multiple Originals</u>. The Parties may execute this Agreement in one or more duplicate originals, each of equal dignity.

- 13.04 Entire Agreement. This Agreement, together with any exhibits attached hereto, constitutes the entire agreement between Parties with respect to its subject matter. There are no other agreements, oral or written, except as expressly set forth herein.
- 13.05 <u>Recording of Agreement</u>. Owners and the City will record a copy of this Agreement in the Official Public Records of Hays County, Texas within thirty (30) days of the Effective Date, but in any event prior to the execution of any mortgage financing documents by Owners.
- 13.06 <u>Time of the Essence</u>. It is acknowledged and agreed by the Parties that time is of the essence in the performance of only those obligations in this Agreement that are explicitly stated to be "timely" performed.
- 13.07 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas. In the event of partial invalidity, the balance of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect. This Agreement is performable in Hays County, Texas.

13.08 Cooperation and Third-Party Litigation.

- (a) The Parties agree to execute such further documents or instruments as may be necessary to evidence their agreements hereunder.
- (b) In the event of any third party lawsuit or other claim relating to the validity of this Agreement or any actions taken by the Parties hereunder, Owners and City agree to cooperate in the defense of such suit or claim, and to use their respective best efforts to resolve the suit or claim without diminution of their respective rights and obligations under this Agreement. The filing of any third party lawsuit relating to this Agreement or the development of the Property will not delay, stop or otherwise affect the development rights or the City's processing or issuance of any approvals or permits pursuant to this Agreement, unless otherwise required by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (c) The City agrees to cooperate, as appropriate, at no cost to the City, with Owners in connection with any waivers or approval owners may be required to obtain from other governmental authorities in connection with the development of the Project; provided, however, the City shall not be obligated to cooperate if Owners is challenging the applicability or legality of the rule with regard to which the waiver or approval is sought.
- (d) In the event of any third party lawsuit or other claim relating to the validity of this Agreement or any actions taken by the Parties pursuant to this Agreement, Owners and the City will cooperate in the defense of such suit or claim, and use their respective best efforts to resolve the suit or claim without diminution of their respective rights and obligations under this Agreement. The City's participation in the defense of such a lawsuit is expressly conditioned on the discretion of the City Council. The filing of any third party lawsuit relating to this Agreement or the development of the Project will not delay, stop or otherwise affect the development of the Owner Improvements or the City Improvements, or

the City's processing or issuance of any approvals for the Owner Improvements, unless otherwise required by a court order.

- 13.09 INDEMNIFICATION. OWNER COVENANTS AND AGREES TO FULLY INDEMNIFY AND HOLD HARMLESS THE CITY AGAINST ANY AND ALL COSTS, CLAIMS, LIENS, DAMAGES, LOSSES, EXPENSES, FEES, FINES, PENALTIES, PROCEEDINGS, ACTIONS, DEMANDS, CAUSES OF ACTION, LIABILITY AND SUITS OF ANY KIND AND NATURE BROUGHT BY ANY THIRD PARTY AND ARISING FROM OWNER'S AGREEMENTS OR DEALINGS WITH THIRD PARTIES RELATING TO THE PROPERTY OR TO CONSTRUCTION OF **ARISING** FROM THE CONSTRUCTION SUBDIVISION CLAIMS INFRASTRUCTURE OR OWNER IMPROVMENTS. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS INDEMNIFICATION ARE SOLELY FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE CITY AND ARE NOT INTENDED TO CREATE OR GRANT ANY RIGHTS, CONTRACTUAL OR OTHERWISE, TO ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY. OWNER SHALL PROMPTLY ADVISE CITY IN WRITING OF ANY CLAIM OR DEMAND AGAINST CITY, AND SHALL SEE TO THE INVESTIGATION AND DEFENSE OF SUCH CLAIM OR DEMAND AT OWNER'S COST TO THE EXTENT REQUIRED UNDER THE INDEMNITY IN THIS PARAGRAPH. CITY SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT, AT THEIR OPTION AND AT THEIR OWN EXPENSE, TO PARTICIPATE IN SUCH DEFENSE WITHOUT RELIEVING OWNER OF ANY OF OWNER'S OTHER OBLIGATIONS UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH.
- 13.10 <u>Mediation</u>. If a dispute arises out of or relates to this Agreement or the breach thereof, the Parties shall first in good faith seek to resolve the dispute through negotiation between the upper management of each respective Party. If such dispute cannot be settled through negotiation, the Parties agree to try in good faith to settle the dispute by mediation before resorting to arbitration, litigation, or some other dispute resolution procedure; provided that a Party may not invoke mediation unless it has provided the other Party with written notice of the dispute and has attempted in good faith to resolve the dispute through negotiation. All costs of negotiation and mediation, collectively known as alternate dispute resolution ("ADR") shall be assessed equally between the City and Owner with each Party bearing their own costs for attorney's fees, experts and other costs of ADR and any ensuing litigation.
- 13.11 Construction of Agreement. All exhibits attached to this Agreement are incorporated into and made a part of this Agreement for all purposes. The paragraph headings contained in this Agreement are for convenience only and do not enlarge or limit the scope or meaning of the paragraphs. Wherever appropriate, words of the masculine gender may include the feminine or neuter, and the singular may include the plural, and vice-versa. Each of the Parties has been actively and equally involved in the negotiation of this Agreement. Accordingly, the rule of construction that any ambiguities are to be resolved against the drafting Party will not be employed in interpreting this Agreement or its exhibits. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which will be deemed to be an original, and all of which will together constitute the same instrument.

13.12 Mortgagee Protection.

- (a) This Agreement will not affect the right of Owners to encumber all or any portion of the Property or Owners' rights under this Agreement by mortgage, deed of trust, assessment lien or other instrument to secure financing for the Project. The City understands that a lender, prospective lender, bondholder or prospective bondholder providing financing for the Project (collectively "Lender") may require interpretations of or modifications to this Agreement and agrees to cooperate with Owners and its Lenders' representatives in connection with any reasonable requests for interpretations or modifications. The City agrees not to unreasonably condition, withhold or delay its action upon any requested interpretation or modification if the interpretation or modification is consistent with the intent and purposes of this Agreement. The City agrees as follows:
 - (i) The City will, upon written request of a Lender given in compliance herewith, provide the Lender with a copy of any written notice of default given to Owners under this Agreement within ten (10) days of the date such notice is given to Owners.
 - (ii) In the event of default by Owners under this Agreement, a Lender may, but will not be obligated to, cure any default during any cure period extended to Owners, either under this Agreement or under the notice of default.
 - (iii) Any Lender who comes into possession, control or ownership of any portion of the Property by foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure will take such property subject to the terms of this Agreement. Any person or entity who comes into possession, control or ownership of any portion of the Property by foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure will take such property subject to the terms of this Agreement, such Lender, person or entity will not be liable for any defaults or monetary obligations of Owners arising prior to the acquisition of title; provided further that such Lender, person or entity will not be entitled to obtain any permits or approvals with respect to that property until all delinquent fees and other obligations of Owners under this Agreement that relate to the property in question have been paid and/or performed.
- (b) Within thirty (30) days of written request by a Party given in accordance with this Agreement, the non-requesting Parties will execute and deliver to the requesting Party a statement certifying that: (a) this Agreement is unmodified and in full force and effect or, if there have been modifications, that this Agreement is in full force and effect as modified and stating the date and nature of each modification; (b) there are no current uncured defaults under this Agreement, or specifying the date and nature of each default; and (c) any other information that may be reasonably requested.
- 13.13 <u>Severability</u>, <u>Equivalent Substitute Obligation</u>. If any provision of this Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid, or unenforceable by a final judgment entered by a court of competent jurisdiction under present or future laws, then, and in that event, it is the intention of the Parties hereto that the remainder of this Agreement shall not be affected thereby, and it is also the intention of the Parties that in lieu of each provision of this

Agreement that is illegal, invalid, or unenforceable, there be automatically added as a part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as may be possible, and be legal, valid, and enforceable that will most nearly preserve each Party's overall contractual benefit under this Agreement. If any Party is unable to meet an obligation under this Agreement due to a court order invalidating all or a portion of this Agreement, preemptive state or federal law, an imminent and bona fide threat to public safety that prevents performance or requires different performance, or subsequent conditions that would legally excuse performance under this Agreement, the Parties agree to revise this Agreement to provide for an equivalent substitute right or obligation as similar in terms to the illegal, invalid, or unenforceable provision as is possible and is legal, valid and enforceable, or other additional or modified rights or obligations that will most nearly preserve each Party's overall contractual benefit under this Agreement.

13.14 <u>Authorization</u>. The City certifies, represents, and warrants that the execution of this Agreement has been duly authorized by the City Council and that this Agreement has been approved in conformity with City ordinances and other applicable legal requirements. Owners certify, represent and warrant that the execution of this Agreement is duly authorized in conformity with their respective authority.

13.15 <u>Certificate of Compliance</u>.

Within thirty (30) days of written request by any Party requesting a statement of compliance with this Agreement, the other Party will execute and deliver to the requesting Party a statement certifying that:

- (i) this Agreement is unmodified and in full force and effect or, if there have been modifications, that this Agreement is in full force and effect as modified and stating the date and nature of each modification;
- (ii) there are no current uncured defaults under this Agreement, or specifying the date and nature of each default; and
- (b) Any other information that may be reasonably requested. The City Manager will be authorized to execute any requested statement on behalf of the City; provided such statement relates only to general information about the Project or (i) and (ii) above.
- 13.16 No Third Party Beneficiary. The provisions of this Agreement are and will be for the benefit of the Parties only and are not for the benefit of any third party and, accordingly, no third party shall have the right to enforce the provisions of this Agreement.
- 13.17 <u>No Partnership or Joint Venture</u>. Nothing in this agreement or any related document should be construed to create any form of partnership or joint venture among the Parties, between an Owner and the City, or between the Owners.
- 13.18 **Exhibits**. All Exhibits and other documents attached to this Agreement are incorporated into this Agreement for all purposes. The exhibits to this Agreement are as follows:

Exhibit A-1 – Description of Nance-Bradshaw Property

Exhibit A-2 -- Description of Nance Property

Exhibit A-3 – Description of Phase 1

Exhibit A-4 – Description of Phase 2

Exhibit A-5 –Description of Co-Owned Property

Exhibit A-6 – Map of Nance-Bradshaw Property

Exhibit B – Ranch Development Plan

Exhibit C – Ranch Development Plan Map

Exhibit D - Municipal Service Plan

Exhibit E – Annexation Ordinance

Exhibit F – LUE Determination Chart

Exhibit G – Annexation Petitions

Exhibit H – FM 150 Alignment

14. PARKS AND PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOCIATIONS

14.01 Property Owners Association to Be Established. Owners will create one or more property owners associations for the Property (collectively the "Association"), and shall establish bylaws, rules, regulations and restrictive covenants (collectively the "Association Regulations") to assure the Association performs and accomplishes the duties and purposes required to be performed by the Association pursuant to this Agreement. The owner of each Lot within the Property shall be required to be a member of the Association, and unpaid dues or assessments shall be and constitute a lien on the lot for which they are assessed. The Association Regulations will establish periodic Association dues and assessments, to be charged and paid by the lot owners in within the Property, that are and will be sufficient to maintain (i) the private streets within the Property, if any, (the "Private Streets"); (ii) all landscaping, upgraded or decorative street lights, and enhanced signage within the right-ofway or median of any public street or roadway ("Street Landscaping"); (iii) any part or portion of the Property, including greenbelts and natural buffer areas, POA owned and operated private parks, that is dedicated to the Association (the "Common Area"); (iv) detention ponds constructed by Owners ("Detention Ponds"); and (v) upgrades or replacement of surface and above ground facilities and/or equipment (playground equipment, sports field goals, bleachers, tennis court nets) in neighborhood public parks established within the Property ("Park Equipment"). The Association will have no obligation to upgrade Park Equipment. Further, the Association will have no obligation or responsibility for upgrading or replacing Park Equipment in regional sized public park facilities, including sport complexes or any public park located on the banks of the Blanco River. Association Regulations will require the periodic dues and assessments to be increased from time to time as necessary to provide the funds required for the maintenance of Private Streets, Street Landscaping, Detention Ponds and Common Areas, and to provide funds required for the management and operation of the Association.

14.02 <u>Dues and Assessments</u>. The Association dues and assessments required to be established, maintained and collected by the Association pursuant to this Agreement shall be in addition to, and not in lieu of, any and all other taxes, fees, charges and assessments that will be applicable to the Property.

14.03 City Approval of Documents and Covenants. The Certificate of Formation and Association Regulations, and the applicable restrictive covenants for each Section of the Property shall require the Association to operate, maintain, repair and refurbish Private Streets; to maintain Street Landscaping, Common Areas and Detention Ponds; and to replace Park Equipment, and to assess and collect sufficient dues and fees to fund and pay the cost and expenses for such responsibilities. The articles of incorporation and bylaws for the Association and the restrictive covenants applicable to the each Section or Phase of the Property shall authorize the City to enforce the obligations of the Association to: (i) maintain, clean, repair and refurbish Private Streets, (ii) maintain Street Landscaping, Detention Ponds, and Common Areas; (iii) replace Park Equipment; and (iv) assess and collect sufficient fees and charges to fund such maintenance, cleaning, repair, refurbishment, and replacement The articles of incorporation and bylaws for the Association and the responsibilities. restrictive covenants applicable to the each Section or Phase of the Property shall be subject to approval by the City, which approval shall not be unreasonably denied, delayed or conditioned; provided, that the scope of the City's review and approval shall be strictly limited to the requirements of this Article 14. Nothing in this Article 14 is intended or shall be construed as obligating the Owners to construct or establish Private Streets, and Street Landscaping and Common Areas or to upgrade Park Equipment.

EXECUTED in multiple originals as of the date set out below and effective as of May 3, 2016.

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS

Attest:

Title: City Secretary

Date:

Name: P

Title: Mayor

Date:

THE STATE OF TEXAS

§ § §

COUNTY OF HAYS

This instrument was acknowledged before me on the ______ day of May, 2016 ______ the Mayor of the CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS, a home rule city, on behalf of

said city.

My Commission Expires:

OWNERS:	
Robert Scott Nance	
THE STATE OF TEXAS	§
COUNTY OF HAYS	\$ \$ \$
Scott Nance.	acknowledged before me on the day of May, 2016 by Robert Andrea Z Espinoza NOTARY PUBLIC, State of Texas My Commission Expires: My Commission Expires: My Commission Expires:
Jason Bradshaw	<u> </u>
THE STATE OF TEXAS	§ § §
COUNTY OF	§ §
This instrument was Bradshaw.	s acknowledged before me on the day of May, 2016 by Jason
	NOTARY PUBLIC, State of Texas My Commission Expires:

OWNERS:	
Robert Scott Nance	-
THE STATE OF TEXAS	§
COUNTY OF HAYS	§ § §
This instrument was Scott Nance.	acknowledged before me on the day of May, 2016 by Robert
	NOTARY PUBLIC, State of Texas My Commission Expires:
Asa Da Jason Bradshaw	<u>></u>
THE STATE OF TEXAS	§
COUNTY OF DOLLAS	§ § §
This instrument was Bradshaw. Sterling M. M. Commission Exp. 04-20-201	acknowledged before me on the 3rd day of May, 2016 by Jason NOTARY PUBLIC, State of Texas My Commission Expires: 420 2017

THE STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF Dales

This instrument was acknowledged before me on the 3td day of May, 2016 by Joel Bradshaw.

NOTARY PUBLIC, State of Texas
My Commission Expires: 10-24-16

EXHIBIT "A-1"

DESCRIPTION OF THE NANCE-BRADSHAW PROPERTY

Approximately 2,973.583 acres of land located in Hays County, Texas comprised of the following Tracts:

<u>Tract One</u> – 2,602.84 acres being the remainder of a 2,997 acre tract of land conveyed by Mrs. M.J. Nance and the Estate of Ezekiel Nance to Walter Scott Nance and Robert Gates Nance by a warranty deed dated September 10, 1902 recorded in Volume 44 at Page 1 of the Hays County Deed Records (HCDR). Tract One being the aggregate of:

- the remainder of the 1,514 acre parcel being the Northwest part of said 2,997 acre tract set apart to Robert Gates Nance by a Partition Deed dated September 21, 1921 recorded in Volume 82 at Page 183 HCDR; and
- that certain 1,484 acre parcel being the Southeast part of said 2,997 acre tract set apart to Walter Scott Nance by a Partition Deed dated September 21, 1921 recorded in Volume 82 at Page 183 HCDR, the South boundary of said 1,484 acre parcel having been established by Boundary Line Agreement between Robert Nance, Mary Anne Hood, Trustee, and the Texas Veterans Land Board dated April 12, 1984 and recorded in Volume 575 at Page 303 of the Hays County Real Property Records (HCRPR).

<u>Tract Two</u> – The "Mill Tract" being that 102.2 acre tract of land conveyed by W.S. Nance to R.G. Nance and designated as "Tract No. One" in the Warranty Deed dated June 1, 1946 and recorded in Volume 135 at Page 77 HCDR.

<u>Tract Three</u> – Approximately 232.39 acres being the remainder of the 260.12 acre tract of land conveyed by R.G. Nance by W.S. Nance and designated as "Tract No. Two" in the Deed dated June 14, 1946 and recorded in Volume 135 at Page 77 HCDR less the following two parcels:

- -13.87 acre parcel of land conveyed by Robert Nance and wife Ruth P. Nance to Robert Scott Nance by the Gift Deed dated September 10, 1980 recorded in Volume 373 at Page 193 HCDR; and
- -13.86 acre parcel of land conveyed by Robert Nance and wife Ruth P. Nance to Janet Ruth Nance Bradshaw by Gift Deed dated September 10, 1980 recorded in Volume 373 at Page 196 HCDR.

<u>Tract Four- 3.023</u> acre triangle of land conveyed by Ky-Tex Properties, Inc. to Robert Gates Nance, Jr. by Quitclaim Deed dated May 7, 2003 recorded in Volume 2214 at Page 82 of the Hays County Official Public Records.

Tract Five- An approximately 33.13 acre tract of land comprised of the following parcels:

- 30.00 acre parcel set apart to Robert Nance and designated as "Tract No. Three" in the Partition Deed dated August 20, 1946 recorded Volume 135 Page 516 HCDR;
- 2.99 acre parcel conveyed by Bernard Kuhn et ux to Robert Nance and designated as "First Tract" in the Warranty Deed dated July 6, 1956 recorded in Volume 168 at Page 539 HCDR; and
- 0.14 acre parcel conveyed by Bernard Kuhn et ux to Robert Nance and designated as "Second Tract" in the Warranty Deed dated July 6, 1956 recorded in Volume 168 at Page 539 HCDR.

EXHIBIT "A-2"

DESCRIPTION OF THE NANCE PROPERTY

Approximately 295.02 acres of land located in Hays County, Texas comprised of the following Tracts:

<u>Tract One</u> –13.87 acre parcel of land conveyed by Robert Nance and wife Ruth P. Nance to Robert Scott Nance by Gift Deed dated September 10, 1980 recorded in Volume 373 at Page 193 HCDR.

<u>Tract Two- 281.15</u> ac. tract of land also known as "the Mohler Pasture" being that same land conveyed by W.S. Nance to Robert Scott Nance by Deed dated October 19, 1957 recorded in Volume 184 at Page 363 HCDR.

EXHIBIT "A-3"

DESCRIPTION OF PHASE 1 PROPERTY

Approximately 282.413 acres of land located east of the Blanco River in Hays County, Texas comprised of the following Tracts:

<u>Tract One</u> – Approximately 232.39 acres being the remainder of the 260.12 acre tract of land conveyed by R.G. Nance by W.S. Nance and designated as "Tract No. Two" in the Deed dated June 14, 1946 and recorded in Volume 135 at Page 77 HCDR less the following two parcels

-13.87 acre parcel of land conveyed by Robert Nance and wife Ruth P. Nance to Robert Scott Nance by Gift Deed dated September 10, 1980 recorded in Volume 373 at Page 193 HCDR; and

-13.86 acre parcel of land conveyed by Robert Nance and wife Ruth P. Nance to Janet Ruth Nance Bradshaw by Gift Deed dated September 10, 1980 recorded in Volume 373 at Page 196 HCDR.

<u>Tract Two</u> – 13.87 ac. tract of land conveyed by Robert Nance and wife Ruth P. Nance to Robert Scott Nance by Gift Deed dated September 10, 1980 and recorded in Volume 373 at Page 193 HCDR

<u>Tract Three</u> – 3.023 acre triangle of land conveyed by Ky-Tex Properties, Inc. to Robert Gates Nance, Jr. by Quitclaim Deed dated May 7, 2003 recorded in Volume 2214 at Page 82 of the Hays County Official Public Records.

<u>Tract Four-</u> An approximately 33.13 acre tract of land comprised of the following parcels:

- 30.00 acre parcel set apart to Robert Nance and designated as "Tract No. Three" in the Partition Deed dated August 20, 1946 recorded Volume 135 Page 516 HCDR;

- 2.99 acre parcel conveyed by Bernard Kuhn et ux to Robert Nance and designated as "First Tract" in the Warranty Deed dated July 6, 1956 recorded in Volume 168 at Page 539 HCDR; and
- 0.14 acre parcel conveyed by Bernard Kuhn et ux to Robert Nance and designated as "Second Tract" in the Warranty Deed dated July 6, 1956 recorded in Volume 168 at Page 539 HCDR

EXHIBIT "A-4"

DESCRIPTION OF PHASE 2 PROPERTY

Approximately 2,986.19 acres of land located west and south of the Blanco River in Hays County, Texas comprised of the following Tracts:

<u>Tract One</u> – 2,602.84 acres being the remainder of a 2,997 acre tract of land conveyed by Mrs. M.J. Nance and the Estate of Ezekiel Nance to Walter Scott Nance and Robert Gates Nance by a warranty deed dated September 10, 1902 recorded in Volume 44 at Page 1 of the Hays County Deed Records (HCDR). Tract One being the aggregate of:

- the remainder of the 1,514 acre parcel being the Northwest part of said 2,997 acre tract set apart to Robert Gates Nance by a Partition Deed dated September 21, 1921 recorded in Volume 82 at Page 183 HCDR; and
- that certain 1,484 acre parcel being the Southeast part of said 2,997 acre tract set apart to Walter Scott Nance by a Partition Deed dated September 21, 1921 recorded in Volume 82 at Page 183 HCDR, the South boundary of said 1,484 acre parcel having been established by Boundary Line Agreement between Robert Nance, Mary Anne Hood, Trustee, and the Texas Veterans Land Board dated April 12, 1984 and recorded in Volume 575 at Page 303 of the Hays County Real Property Records (HCRPR).

<u>Tract Two</u> - 281.15 ac. tract of land also known as "the Mohler Pasture" being that same land conveyed by W.S. Nance to Robert Scott Nance by Deed dated October 19, 1957 recorded in Volume 184 at Page 363 HCDR.

<u>Tract Three</u> – The "Mill Tract" being that 102.2 ac. tract of land conveyed by W.S. Nance to R.G. Nance and designated as "Tract No. One" in the Warranty Deed dated June 1, 1946 and recorded in Volume 135 at Page 77 HCDR.

EXHIBIT "A-5"

DESCRIPTION OF CO-OWNED PROPERTY

THOSE PORTIONS OF THE WILLIAM DUTY SURVEY NO. 4, F.M. STEUSSY SURVEY NO. 18, THE WILLIAM WARD SURVEY, AND Z. HINTON SURVEY, COMPRISING APPROXIMATELY 292 ACRES AS DEPICTED ON EXHIBIT B AND A-3 HEREIN, AND AS MORE FULLY DESCRIBED IN THE FOLLOWING DEEDS RECORDED IN THE DEED RECORDS OF HAYS COUNTY, TEXAS (D.R.H.C.T.) AND IN THE OFFICIAL PUBLIC RECORDS OF HAYS COUNTY, TEXAS (O.P.R.H.C.T.):

HAYS COUNTY DEED/OFFICIAL PUBLIC RECORDS INFORMATION:

-Approximately 292.05 acres described in volume 804, page 205 D.R.H.C.T.

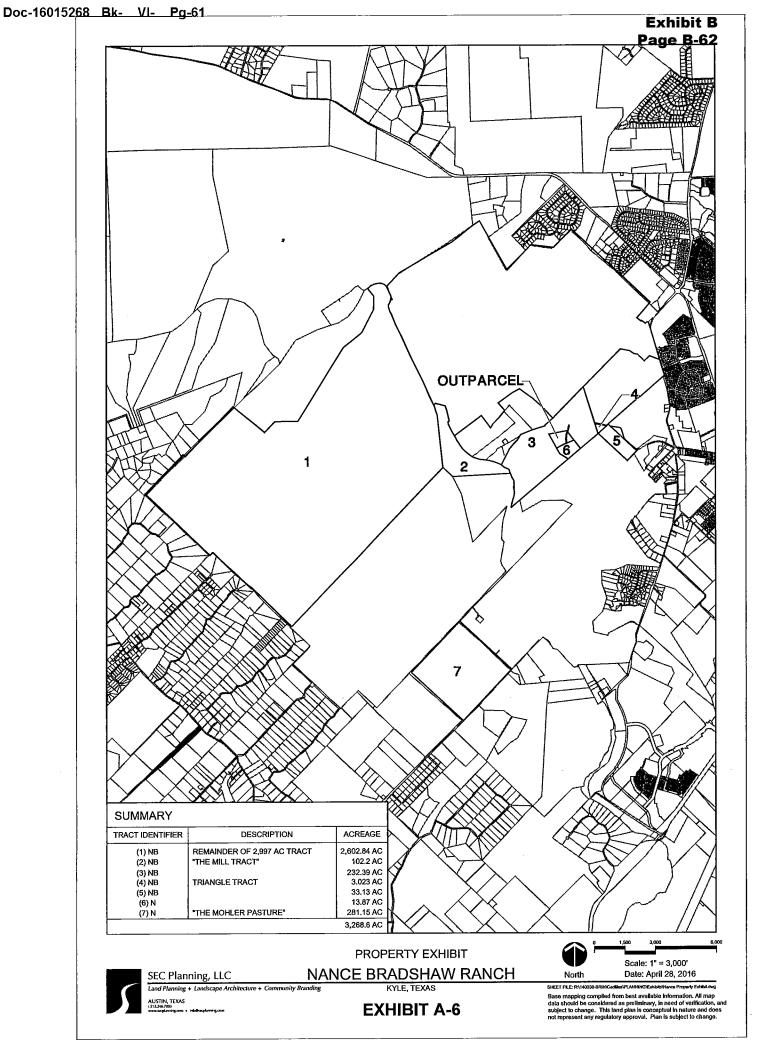


EXHIBIT "B"

RANCH DEVELOPMENT PLAN DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

A. Purpose and objectives

The purpose and intent of the Ranch Development Plan is to provide flexible, alternative procedures and standards to encourage imaginative and innovative designs for the development of Property consistent the overall land use and development regulations as set forth in this Exhibit "B". The Ranch Development Standards are designed: (i) to allow development which is harmonious with nearby areas; (ii) to enhance and preserve areas which are unique or have outstanding scenic, environmental, cultural or historic significance; (iii) to provide an alternative for more efficient use of land, resulting in smaller utility networks, safer streets, more open space, and lower construction and maintenance costs: (iv) to encourage harmonious and coordinated development, considering natural features, community facilities, circulation patterns and surrounding properties and neighborhoods; (v) to facilitate the analysis of the effect of development upon the tax base, the local economy, population, public facilities and the environment; (vi) to provide and result in an enhanced residential and/or work environment for those persons living and/or working within the district; and (vii) to require the application of professional planning and design techniques to achieve overall coordinated mixed-use developments and avoid the negative effects of piecemeal, segregated, or unplanned development.

B. Applicable Rules

All aspects regarding the development of the Property shall comply with the City of Kyle Code of Ordinances, as amended as of May 3, 2016, and as modified by the Annexation and Development Agreement for the Nance-Bradshaw Ranch ("<u>Development Agreement</u>") and the Development Standards in this <u>Exhibit "B"</u> ("<u>Development Standards</u>") (collectively, the "<u>Applicable Rules</u>").

Base land use districts are based on the specific City zoning districts described below ("<u>Land Use Districts</u>"). The Land Use Districts are illustrated on the Ranch Development Plan Map attached to the Development Agreement as <u>Exhibit "C"</u>. The Land Use Districts are as follows:

1. Single Family Residential R-1-2

2. Multi-Family Residential R-3-3

3. Commercial/Mixed Use RS

This Development Agreement allows the flexibility to mix various residential and commercial land uses and to define boundaries of the applicable Base Land Use Districts

during the platting process. Each plat or site plan submitted to the City will identify the Land Use District applicable to the lots or development within the final plat or site development plan. All development within the Property will comply with the Applicable Rules as modified by Development Standards in this Exhibit "B". In the case that this Exhibit does not address a specific City requirement, the Applicable Rules will control. In the event of a conflict between this Exhibit and the land use and site development regulations for each referenced base zoning district as defined in the Code of Ordinances on May 3, 2016, this Exhibit "B" shall control. Section 53-35(b) of the Code of Ordinances is waived and permits will be issued in accordance with the Applicable Rules.

C. Authorized Uses

The uses allowed within the Project shall comply with the list of allowed and prohibited uses defined in Code of Ordinances Chapter 53 for each base zoning district identified above as modified by the Applicable Rules, including the addition of the following allowed uses and any other uses described in this Exhibit "B" for each base district:

1. Single Family Residential R-1-2

- a. Uses defined in Code of Ordinances Sections 53-64 and 53-89
- b. Amenity Facilities
- c. Golf Course
- d. Private Parks
- e. School, College or University
- f. Civic Uses Including:
 - Emergency service station
 - Government offices
 - Postal office
 - Indoor religious assembly facilities
 - Library
- g. Single Family Detached Condominium
- h. Two Family (duplex
- i. Townhouse

2. Multi-Family Residential R-3-3

a. Allowed uses are defined in Code of Ordinances Section 53-292

3. Commercial/Mixed Use RS

Allowed uses are defined in Code of Ordinances Section 53-1230. All land uses identified as Primary Zoning, Secondary Zoning and Third Zoning as allowable within the RS district shall be allowed uses.

The purpose of the Mixed Use District is to accommodate mixed-use buildings with neighborhood-serving retail, service, and other uses on the ground floor and residential units above the nonresidential space. This district is designed to encourage development that exhibits the physical design characteristics of pedestrian-oriented, storefront-style shopping streets.

In addition to vertically mixed development, mixed land use development may occur within the Mixed Use District. While such development will not be vertically integrated, development will be designed in a manner to enhance land use integration and encourage walkability.

Allowable uses may include:

- a. Single Family Detached
- b. Single Family Condominium (detached and attached)
- c. Single Family, Attached
- d. Two Family (duplex)
- e. Townhouse
- f. Multi-Family Residential
- g. Multi-Family Residential above retail/office

Prohibited uses are:

- a. Boat dealers
- 4. Open space type uses allowed in all Land Use Districts:
 - a. Cemeteries (with conditional use permit issued by the city council);
 - b. Conservation areas;
 - c. Golf courses:
 - d. Outdoor recreational and athletic facilities;
 - e. Outdoor swimming pools;
 - f. Parks, playgrounds and playfields;
 - g. Wildlife sanctuaries;
 - i. Streams, lakes, impounded waterways, or their drainageways; and
 - j. Restoration and maintenance of wetlands and wetlands mitigation banks.

D. Impervious Cover

The term "Impervious Cover" means the total area of any surface that prevents the infiltration of water into the ground, such as roads, parking areas, concrete and buildings, but excluding the following:

- 1. Sidewalks in a public right-of-way or public easement
- 2. Multi-use trails open to the public or residents of a POA

- 3. Water quality controls
- 4. Detention basins
- 5. Unpaved drainage swales and conveyances
- 6. Water surface area of ponds, swimming pools and fountains
- 7. Areas with gravel placed over pervious surfaces that are used only for landscaping or by pedestrians and are not constructed with compacted base
- 8. For porous pavers or pavement, 50 percent (50%) of the horizontal area covered by the porous pavers or pavement
- 9. For an uncovered wood deck that has drainage spaces between the deck boards and that is located over a pervious surface, 50 percent (50%) of the horizontal area of the deck.
- 10. Any other area that under the Code, any City criteria manual interpreting same, or the then current policies of the City or a determination by the Planning Director is entitled to a full or partial exclusion.

The overall Project Impervious Cover (excluding commercial tracts) will be set at a maximum of thirty-nine percent (39%). The calculation of the impervious cover shall be measured as a whole based upon the entire property excluding lands within the Commercial/Mixed Use Land Use Districts. For purposes of clarifying the preceding sentence, the impervious cover on an individual final plat may exceed the 39% limit on impervious cover so long as the cumulative total of impervious cover on all final plats (excluding commercial tracts) ultimately recorded on the Property does not exceed the specified limit on impervious cover. Table D.1, Residential Development Standards within the Project, establishes impervious cover limits on a per residential lot basis. Those maximum per residential lot limits will be used to create an impervious cover table for each submitted plat within the Property. The table shall also list the cumulative tabulation of the community impervious cover based upon the total gross acreage of the site excluding the commercial lands.

Commercial tracts will comply with the limits established in the Code of Ordinance. Said commercial tracts shall not count towards the overall community impervious cover limits.

E. Single Family Residential Development Standards

- 1. The Project may include a variety of residential product types and sizes from detached single family homes to townhomes. Detailed design standards are included within this Exhibit, <u>Table D.1</u>, Single Family Residential Development Standards., based upon the type of residential product.
- 2. Residential lot widths shall be measured from the front setback building line as established within <u>Table D.1</u>, Single Family Residential Development Standards.
- 3. Building height shall be measured as the vertical distance from the front door threshold to the highest point of the roof. Chimneys, vents, and mechanical equipment are excluded from the measurement of height. In measuring the height of a building having

a roof inclining more than one inch (1") per foot (1'), the highest point of the building shall be the mean height level of the top of the roof and the highest eave.

- 4. For purposes of this Exhibit D, the term "Developable Acre" means the total land area not prohibited from residential improvements due to the following:
 - a. Federal or state restriction
 - b. Buffer yards as required by the Code
 - c. Required stormwater treatment and containment facilities.

To ensure a variety and mix of residential product types within the Project, the following standards have been established:

Maximum Residential Units

The development of the Property will not exceed 7,300 dwelling units.

Single family Residential Product Type Requirements

- 1. Single Family Residential
 - The maximum number of narrow single family detached residential lots (Narrow Lots) allowed to be subdivided on the Property will be twenty-five percent (25%) of the total number of the Single Family Detached residential lots shown on the total of all preliminary plans approved for the Property. Narrow Lots shall be defined as those lots with a width less than 65 feet. For purposes of clarifying the preceding sentence, there is no limit to the number of Narrow Lots that may be contained in an individual final plat so long as the cumulative total of Narrow Lots contained in all final plats ultimately recorded on the Property do not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of all single family detached lots shown on all of the approved preliminary plans for the Property.
 - Single Family Estate Lots (Estate Lots) shall be those residential lots designed and platted at a minimum of one (1) acre in size. Estate Lots may not be subdivided into smaller lots unless the Estate Lot plat is vacated.
- 2. Single Family Residential Alley Product
 - Maximum of 1,460 units (20% of total platted residential lots)
- 3. Single Family Residential Attached (Condominium and Townhome)
 - Maximum of 2,820 units (40% of total platted residential lots)

Single Family Residential development will comply with the development standards set forth in <u>Table D.1</u>, Single Family Residential Development Standards.

Table D.1 – Single Family Residential Development Standards

Table D.1 – Single	raminy Kesiden			
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Impervious Cover (maximum)	45% or 65% ¹	70%	75%	70%
Lot Width (minimum) ²	45 ft.	35 ft.	22 ft.	
Front Setback (minimum)	25 ft.	10 ft.	15/20 ft. ³	20 ft. ⁴
Side Setback (minimum)	5 ft. or 7.5 ft ⁷	5 ft.	0 ft. ⁵	5 ft. ⁵
Corner Setback (minimum)	15 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft. ⁴
Rear Setback (minimum)	10 ft.	5 ft.	15 ft. ⁶	10 ft. ⁶
Building Height (maximum)	35 ft.	35 ft.	35 ft.	35 ft.
Lot Area (minimum)	4,900 s.f.	3,500 s.f.	2,000 s.f.	5 acres
Maximum Development Density	4.7 units per Developable Acre	8 units per Developable Acre	10 units per Developable Acre	8 units per Developable Acre
Units per structure (max.)			Townhome: 8	

^{1.} Single Family Detached Residential lots with a lot area greater than 15,000 square feet shall have a maximum Impervious Cover of 45%. Single Family Detached Residential lots with a lot area equal to or less than 15,000 square feet shall have a maximum Impervious Cover of 65%.

^{2.} See allowable percentage of narrow lots as defined in Section D of this Exhibit.

^{3.} The front setback shall be 20ft. for front loaded townhome/condominium product.

^{4.} Setback from private drives.

^{5.} Minimum 10 feet between buildings.

^{6.} Building to building separation.

^{7.} Single Family Detached Residential lots with a lot area greater than 15,000 square feet shall have a minimum side set back of 7.5 feet. Single Family Detached Residential lots with a lot area equal to or less than 15,000 square feet shall have a minimum side set back of 5 feet.

F. Multi-Family Residential Lot Design Standards

The Project will include Multi-Family Residential as identified on the Ranch Development Plan Map. Detailed design standards are included within this Exhibit, <u>Table E.1</u>, Multi-Family Residential Development Standards.

Table E.1 - Multi-Family Residential Development Standards

Front setback	25 ft.
Side setback	7 ft.
Corner setback	15 ft.
Rear setback	25 ft.
Minimum lot width	90 ft.
Minimum lot area	12,000 sq. ft. plus 1,500 sq. ft. for
	each residential unit
Building height limit	45 ft. three stories
Maximum building coverage	50%
Maximum impervious cover	70%
Maximum density (per Developable Acre)	20 dwelling units per developable
	acre ²

Building height shall be measured as the vertical distance from the front door threshold to the highest point of the roof. Chimneys, vents, mechanical and elevator equipment are excluded from the measurement of height. In measuring the height of a building having a roof inclining more than one inch (1") per foot (1'), the highest point of the building shall be the mean height level of the top of the roof and the highest eave.

G. Vehicular Circulation

- 1. Block length shall not exceed 1,000 feet; provided that block length excludes areas associated with creeks, natural drainageways, open space and steep topography.
- 2. Cul-de-sac maximum length shall not exceed 800 feet (measured from center of turnaround to centerline of connecting road) unless the land serviced by the cul-de-sac is (a) contains creeks, natural drainageways, steep topography and external property boundaries. A maximum 50 dwelling units may be serviced from all cul-de-sacs.
- 3. A rural lane roadway section may be used subdivisions of Estate Lots as defined in Section C.1 of this Exhibit. The roadway section shall be a roll curb with swale cross section. Curb and gutter will not be required.

4. Roadway Standards

Standard Category	Pavement Width	Right-Of-Way	Horizontal Curve

Major thoroughfare	66-70 ft.	100 – 120 ft.	1,000 ft.
Arterial street	44 – 48 ft.	80 ft.	750 ft.
Collector street	38 ft.	60 ft.	350 ft.
Cypress Road*	38 ft.	70 ft.	500 ft.
Local street	30 ft.	50 ft.	250 ft.
Residential lane	28 ft.	50 ft.	180 ft.
Rural lane	28 ft.	60 ft.	180 ft.

^{*}Cypress Road east of FM 150 may be designed at a design speed of 35 miles per hour (35 MPH).

5. Alleys shall be used in the design and development of alley loaded residential subdivisions. Alleys shall be designed for one way traffic and meet the following alley design roadway standards:

Design Speed 5 MPH (miles per hour)

Pight of Way width 15 ft

Right-of-Way width 15 ft.
Pavement width 12 ft.
Intersection curb radius 5 ft.
Permitted alley parking none

- 6. SECTION 41-136(C) Lot depth to average lot width ratio is waived.
- 7. SECTION 41-137(D) Offset intersection spacing along collector, local and residential lane streets shall be a minimum of 125 ft. measured from roadway centerline to roadway centerline. Such intersections along arterials shall be 180 ft. Offset intersections along major thoroughfares shall be reviewed and approved by the City on a case by case basis.
- 8. Flag lots must have a minimum of 20 feet of width measured at the right-of-way substantially perpendicular to the right of way.

H. Environmental

Environmental features: The natural topography, soils, environmental features, waterways and vegetation should be conserved and used where possible, through careful location and design of circulation ways, buildings and other structures, parking areas, recreation areas, open space, utilities and drainage facilities. To enhance the living and working environment, buffer zones, greenbelt parks and open space areas should be provided within the Project where practical.

Except as provided in Section 3.08 of the Development Agreement and this Exhibit "B", development within the Property will comply with Ordinance 891 adopted on February 16, 2016.

The Owner may construct temporary construction haul roads as reasonably possible to reduce heavy construction traffic on improved roadways. In situations where reasonable haul road options are not possible, the Owner shall work with the City to identify alternatives for reducing construction traffic impact to existing residential neighborhoods.

Except for a TPDES storm water pollution prevention plan that complies with the City's MS4 requirements, no City approvals will be required in connection with the location of customary construction staging areas, storage yards, construction hauls roads, use or storage of on-site stone, gravel or similar materials for construction on the Property.

Cut and/or fill slopes within the Property shall not exceed six feet (6') in height without a variance. All cut and fill variances in the Property may be approved administratively by the concurrence of the City Staff and City Engineer provided the cut and fill slopes greater than four feet (4') are appropriately sloped, terraced, or through installation of retaining walls to control erosion and sedimentation. All cut slopes must be stabilized in accordance with an approved geotechnical analyses provided to the City by a Professional Engineer. Site grading shall comply with accepted engineering practices, the Americans with Disability Act, and any other applicable federal, state, or regional regulations.

Except as provided in the TCEQ rules regulating development over the Edwards Aquifer, there are no setbacks from critical environmental features. Flood plain modification will be regulated solely by state and federal law.

The Applicable Rules do not contain any tree preservation ordinances, rules or other type of requirement. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Development Agreement or this <u>Exhibit "B"</u>, tree mitigation will not be required for the removal or harming of any tree.

I. Construction Field Offices

A development and construction field office is permitted within the Project. The Owner will prepare and submit applicable City applications for said facility. Once approval is secured, the Owner will receive a 24 month term permit with unlimited renewals.

J. Residential Sales Centers

The Owner is allowed to construction Sales Centers within the Project. Each Sales Center may include a sales building, model homes (not to exceed 10) operational models at the same time) and associated parking facility. The Sales Center will be accessible from a paved, improved street. A Temporary Use Permit will be submitted to the City for said facility. Once approved, the Sales Center Permit shall remain in place until the final residential building permit application has been submitted to the City for said subdivision within the Project. At such time, the Owner will have six (6) months to convert the models and other facilities to their permanent permitted uses.

K. Final Plats

Sections 41-53(f) & (g) are waived.

L. Park Land

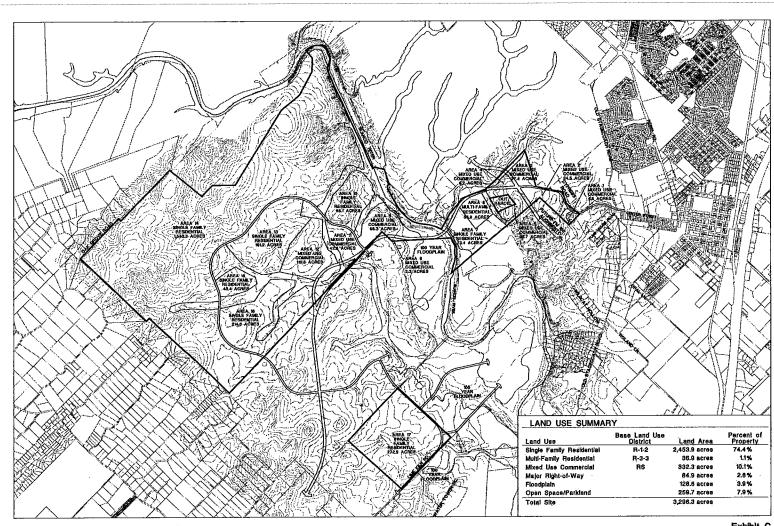
The park land dedication provisions of Section 41-147(c) are modified as follows:

- a. A park located along or adjacent to the western bank of the Blanco River containing at least 15 acres will dedicated and conveyed to the City prior to the approval of the subdivision plat containing the 500th residential Lot in Phase 2 of the Project. Due to the regional significance of a City park located on the Blanco River, each acre of said park will meet the parkland dedication requirements for 125 dwelling units. The requirement of Section 41-147(h)(1)(a) is waived for this park. Land within the 100 year flood plain will count toward the size of the park.
- b. A park containing at least 30 acres will dedicated and conveyed to the City prior to the approval of the subdivision plat containing the 1,000th residential Lot in Phase 2 of the Project. Each acre of said park will meet the parkland dedication requirements for 100 dwelling units.
- c. Land dedicated for hike and bike trails will meet parkland dedication requirements at a ratio of 50 dwelling units per acre dedicated. The five acre minimum area requirement of Section 41-147(c)(2)(b) is waived for land dedicated for hike and bike trails.

M. Propane and Dry Utilities

- 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of the City Code, the City approves installation of a propane or natural gas distribution system to serve platted lots within the Property, subject to approval of construction plans and acceptance of the completed propane system, in phases, by the City Engineer, and any necessary state regulatory approvals. The owner and operator of the propane or natural gas distribution system shall be required to obtain a franchise from the City prior to the installation and operation of the propane or natural gas distribution system. The franchise shall provide standard terms and provisions and for the payment to the City of a City franchise fee.
- 2. In areas where it may be inappropriate to cut the dry utility trench through rock, Owner shall provide the City plans for placing the dry utilities in an above-ground conduit covered by sufficient soil and vegetation to avoid exposure of the conduit. The City Manager or his designee may approve dry utilities at minimum depths per utility suppliers' standards, which approvals may include requirements to cap conduits in concrete.

EXHIBIT "C" DEVELOPMENT PLAN MAP



Nance-Bradshaw Ranch Development Agreement

SEC Planning, LLC

Land Planning + Landscape Architecture + Community Branding

AssTel TOUS
1912/9-TOUS
1912/9-TOU

Ranch Development Plan Map

The developer has reserved the right, without notice, to make changes to this map and other aspects of the development to comply with governmental requirements and to fulfill its marketing objective.

EXHIBIT "D"

MUNICIPAL SERVICE PLAN

Exhibit "D"

MUNICIPAL SERVICES PLAN FOR PROPERTY TO BE ANNEXED TO THE CITY OF KYLE

WHEREAS, the City of Kyle, Texas (the "City") intends to institute annexation proceedings for a tract of land described more fully hereinafter (referred to herein as the "Property");

WHEREAS, Section 43.056, Loc. Gov't. Code, requires a municipal service plan be adopted with the annexation ordinance;

WHEREAS, the Property is not included in the municipal annexation plan and is exempt from the requirements thereof;

WHEREAS, infrastructure provided for herein and that are existing are sufficient to service the Property on the same terms and conditions as other similarly situated properties currently within the City limits and no capital improvements by the City are required to offer municipal services on the same terms and conditions as other similarly situated properties within the City;

WHEREAS, it is found that all statutory requirements have been satisfied and the City is authorized by Chapt. 43, Loc. Gov't. Code, to annex the Property into the City; and

WHEREAS, the Property will benefit from the City's development restrictions and zoning requirements, as well as other municipal services provided by the City, which are good and valuable consideration for this service plan

NOW, THEREFORE, the City agrees to provide the following municipal services for the Property on the effective date of annexation:

- (1) General Municipal Services. Pursuant to this Plan, the following municipal services shall be provided immediately from the effective date of the annexation:
 - A. Police protection as follows:

Routine patrols of areas, radio response to calls for police service and all other police services now being offered to the citizens of the City.

B. Fire protection and Emergency Medical Services as follows:

Fire protection by the present personnel and equipment of the City volunteer fire fighting force with the limitations of water available. Radio response for Emergency Medical Services with the personnel serving the area and equipment.

C. Solid waste collection services as follows:

Solid waste collection and services as now being offered to the citizens of the City.

D. Animal control as follows:

Service by present personnel, equipment and facilities or by contract with a third party, as provided within the City.

- E. Maintenance of parks and playgrounds within the City.
- F. Inspection services in conjunction with building permits and routine City code enforcement services by present personnel, equipment and facilities.
- G. Maintenance of other City facilities, buildings and service.
- H. Land use regulation as follows:

On the effective date of annexation, the zoning jurisdiction of the City shall be extended to include the annexed area, and the use of all property therein shall be grandfathered; and shall be temporarily zoned Agricultural District "A" with the intent to rezone the Property upon request of the landowner(s) or city staff. The Planning & Zoning Commission and the City Council will consider rezoning the Property at future times in response to requests submitted by the landowner(s) or requested by city staff.

- (2) Scheduled Municipal Services. Depending upon the Property owner's plans and schedule for the development of the Property or redevelopment of the Property, the following municipal services will be provided on a schedule and at increasing levels of service as provided in this Plan:
 - A. Water service and maintenance of water facilities as follows:
 - (i) Inspection of water distribution lines or wells as provided by statutes of the State of Texas.
 - (ii) In accordance with the rules and regulations for water service extension, water service will be provided by the utility holding a water certificate of convenience and necessity ("CCN") for the Property, or absent a utility holding a CCN, in whose jurisdiction the Property is located, in accordance with all the ordinances, regulations, and policies of the City in effect from time to time for the extension of water service. If connected to the City's system, the Property owner(s) shall construct the internal water lines and pay the costs of water line extension and necessary facilities to service the Property as required in City ordinances at the time of the request. The Property owner(s) agree the Property in its current state has adequate water service and no capital improvements by the City are required. The Property owner(s) agree as the Property develops and water services are sought from the utility holding the CCN for the Property owner(s) shall govern the extension of water services to the Property and the City shall have no obligation to service in another CCN.
 - B. Wastewater service and maintenance of wastewater service as follows:

- (i) Inspection of sewer lines or septic systems as provided by statutes of the State of Texas.
- (ii) The Property owner(s) shall construct the internal and off-site sewer lines and facilities (the "Sewer System") and pay the costs of line extension and facilities as required in City ordinances. Upon acceptance of the Sewer System, sewer service will be provided by the City utility department on the same terms, conditions and requirements as are applied to all similarly situated areas and customers of the City, subject to all the ordinances, regulations and policies of the City in effect from time to time. The Sewer System will be accepted and maintained by the City in accordance with its usual policies. Requests for new sewer extensions will be installed and extended upon request under the same costs and terms as with other similarly situated customers of the City. The City ordinances, policies, and agreements between the City and the Property owner(s) in effect at the time a request for additional service is submitted shall govern the costs and request for service.
- C. Maintenance of public streets and rights-of-way as appropriate as follows:
 - (i) Provide maintenance services on public streets within the Property that are dedicated and finally accepted by the City. The maintenance of such public streets and roads will be limited as follows:
 - (A) Emergency maintenance of streets, repair of hazardous potholes, measures necessary for traffic flow, etc.;
 - (B) Routine maintenance as presently performed by the City; and
 - (C) The Property owner(s) have specifically agreed that maintenance services will be of little benefit and will not be required or needed on the Property, prior to the Property owner(s), its grantees, successors and assigns completing the construction and dedication of streets to the City in compliance with City subdivision regulations.
 - (ii) Following installation of the roadways, including any required traffic signals, traffic signs, street markings, other traffic control devices and street lighting, the City will maintain the public streets, roadways and rights-of-way within the boundaries of the Property if dedicated and accepted, as follows:
 - (A) As provided in C(i)(A)&(B) above;
 - (B) Reconstruction and resurfacing of streets, installation of drainage facilities, construction of curbs, gutters and other such major improvements as the need therefore is determined by the governing body under City policies;

- (C) Installation and maintenance of traffic signals, traffic signs, street markings and other traffic control devices as the need therefore is established by appropriate study and traffic standards; and
- (D) Installation and maintenance of street lighting in accordance with established policies of the City;
- (iii) The outer boundaries of the Property abut existing roadways. The Property owner(s) agree that no City improvements are required on such roadways to service the Property. If the owner(s) develop the Property so as to impact abutting roadways pursuant to the City's subdivision regulation, the owner(s) agree to comply with such ordinances.
- (3) Special Services and Actions. Although the City reserves all its governmental authority, powers and discretion, if the City shall unreasonably refuse to grant the permits and approvals above provided in (2)(A), (B) & (C), then in that event the owner(s) may request and obtain disannexation of the Property pursuant to this service plan; provided that if the City shall, in the exercise of its discretion and authority, approve the permits and events set forth in (2)(A), (B) & (C) above, the Property shall be and remain within the corporate limits of the City.
- (4) Capital Improvements. Construction of the following capital improvements shall be initiated after the effective date of the annexation: None. Upon development of the Property or redevelopment, the landowner(s) will be responsible for the development costs the same as a developer or landowner in a similarly situated area under the ordinances in effect at the time of development or redevelopment. No additional capital improvements are necessary at this time to service the Property. The Property owner(s) for itself, its grantees, successors, and assigns agree that no capital improvements are required to service the Property the same as similarly situated properties already within the City.
- (5) **Term.** If not previously expired, this service plan expires at the end of ten (10) years.
- (6) **Property Description.** The legal description and map of the Property are as set forth in Exhibits "A" and "B" that are attached to the Ordinance to which this negotiated municipal service plan is attached as Exhibit "C".

Exhibit "E" ANNEXATION ORDINANCE

EXHIBIT "E"

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS, ANNEXING APPROXIMATELY 6,517 ACRES OF LAND LOCATED IN HAYS COUNTY, TEXAS ALL OF WHICH ARE LYING WITHIN THE CITY'S EXTRATERRITORIAL JURISDICTION AND TO INCORPORATE SUCH PROPERTIES INTO THE CITY OF KYLE, AS SHOWN IN THE ATTACHED EXHIBIT; MAKING FINDINGS OF FACT; PROVIDING A SEVERABILITY CLAUSE; PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE; AND PROVIDING FOR OPEN MEETINGS AND OTHER RELATED MATTERS.

WHEREAS, the City of Kyle, Texas, (herein the "City") is a home rule municipality authorized by State law and the City Charter to annex territory lying adjacent and contiguous to the City; and

WHEREAS, the property owners (herein the "Petitioners"), being the owners of approximately 6,517 acres of land located within Hays County, Texas have petitioned the City for annexation of said tracts into the city limits; and

WHEREAS, the properties are adjacent and contiguous to the present city limits and within the City's extraterritorial jurisdiction; and

WHEREAS, the City Council heard and has decided to grant the owners requests that the City annex said properties; and

WHEREAS, two separate public hearings were conducted prior to consideration of this Ordinance in accordance with §43.063 of the Tex. Loc. Gov't. Code; and

WHEREAS, the hearings were conducted and held not more than forty (40) nor less than twenty (20) days prior to the institution of annexation proceedings; and

WHEREAS, notice of the public hearings was published in a newspaper of general circulation in the City and the territory proposed to be annexed not more than twenty (20) nor less than ten (10) days prior to the public hearings; and

WHEREAS, the Petitioners have agreed and consented to the negotiated municipal service plan and the annexation of the properties by the City and further agreed to be bound by all acts, ordinances, and all other legal action now in force and effect within the corporate limits of the City and all those which may be hereafter adopted; and

WHEREAS, the City intends to provide services to the properties to be annexed according to the Service Plan attached hereto as Exhibit "C".

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS:

SECTION 1. That all of the above premises and findings of fact are found to be true and correct and are incorporated into the body of this Ordinance as if copied in their entirety.

SECTION 2. That the following described properties (hereinafter referred to as the "Annexed Property"), is hereby annexed into the corporate limits of the City of Kyle:

All those certain tracts or parcels being approximately 6,517 acres of land, located in Hays County, Texas, and being more particularly described in Exhibit "A" and shown in Exhibit "B", attached hereto and incorporated herein for all purposes.

SECTION 3. That the Service Plan submitted herewith is hereby approved as part of this Ordinance, made a part hereof and attached hereto as Exhibit "C".

SECTION 4. That the future owners and inhabitants of the Annexed Properties shall be entitled to all of the rights and privileges of the City as set forth in the Service Plan attached hereto as Exhibit "C", and are further bound by all acts, ordinances, and all other legal action now in full force and effect and all those which may be hereafter adopted.

SECTION 5. That the official map and boundaries of the City, heretofore adopted and amended, be hereby amended so as to include the Annexed Properties as part of the City.

SECTION 6. That the Annexed Properties shall be temporarily zoned Agricultural District "A" as provided in the City Zoning Ordinance, as amended, until permanent zoning is established therefore.

SECTION 7. That the Annexed Properties shall be assigned to Council District No. 4.

SECTION 8. That if any provision of this Ordinance or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the Ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Ordinance are declared to be severable.

SECTION 9. That this Ordinance shall take effect immediately from and after its passage in accordance with the provisions of the Tex. Loc. Gov't. Code.

SECTION 10. That it is hereby officially found and determined that the meeting at which this Ordinance is passed was open to the public as required and that public notice of the time, place, and purpose of said meeting was given as required by the Open Meetings Act, Chapt. 551, Tex. Gov't. Code.

PASSED AND APPROVED on First Reading the _	day of April, 2016.
FINALLY PASSED AND APPROVED on Second	Reading this day of May, 2016.
ATTEST:	CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS
Amelia Sanchez, City Secretary	R. Todd Webster, Mayor

Exhibit "F" LUE DETERMINATION TABLE

	LUE Det	ermination T	`able						
Estimated Maximum Expected Flow Rate (gpm)	Displacement & Multi-jet SRII & PMM	Living Unit Equivalents (LUEs)							
10	5/8" × ³ / ₄ "		1						
15	3/4"			1.5					
25	1"			2.5					
50	1.5"			5					
80	2"	2"	1.5"	8					
100	And the second s		2"	10					
160		3"		16					
240			3"	24					
250		4"		25					
420			4"	42					
500		6"		50					
800		8"		80					
920			6"	92					
1600									
	*The WR turbine meter is for 8" size only and does not have low flow accuracy capability.								

EXHIBIT "G" ANNEXATION PETITIONS

February 25, 2016

Howard J. Koontz, AICP Director of Planning and Community Development City of Kyle 100 W. Center Street Kyle, TX 78640

Dear Howard:

I own approximately 294.87 acres located within the City of Kyle Extra Territorial Jurisdiction (ETJ). The property is comprised of several Hays County Appraisal District (CAD) tax parcels as outlined on the attached summary. As discussed during our meeting on February 24, 2016 at the city of Kyle offices, the CAD parcel boundaries are slightly different from survey work underway by my family. Once complete, the survey data will reflect the surveyed boundary of our family's property. In the meantime, attached is a subject tract exhibit illustrating the property boundary based on the survey work conducted.

I am submitting this letter and attached Application for Voluntary Annexation of the 294.87 acre property located generally along Cypress Road with the Hays CAD Property ID Numbers on the attached list of properties. As we have discussed, this request for voluntary annexation is conditioned on reaching agreement on a mutually approved form of development agreement for the property and may be withdrawn in whole or in part at any time prior to the completion of the annexation proceedings.

I look forward to hearing from you once City staff outlines a schedule for the requested voluntary annexation. In the meantime, please do not hesitate to contact Peter Verdicchio, the Project Agent, or me with any questions.

Sincerely,

R Scott Nance

APPLICATION & CHECKLIST – VOLUNTARY ANNEXATION APPLICATION

Project Name/Address: Cypress Rd, Kyle, TX 78640

(Submittal Date)

REQUIRED ITEMS FOR SUBMITTAL PACKAGE:

The following items are required to be submitted to the Planning Department in order for the application to be accepted for review.

1. Letter requesting annexation, signed and dated by all property owners and detailing the following information: a. The name of the property owner(s) b. The street address of the property c. Tax appraisal district property ID number(s) d. Acknowledgement that the property is contiguous to the current city limits. e. Identify the number of residents living on the property. f. Current use of the property. g. Proposed use of the property 2. Map of the subject property 3. A legal description of the property (including a survey, field notes or legal description - subdivision, lot, and block) - label as Exhibit A. 4. Ownership Documents. Clean copy of recorded warranty deed or other document(s) conveying ownership of all the property to be annexed. If the property is owned by a partnership, corporation, trust, or other entity, documents demonstrating signatory's authority to sign Petition on behalf of entity must be included. 5. Application Fee: \$850.00 + \$190.21 (Newspaper Notification Fee)

Property Information

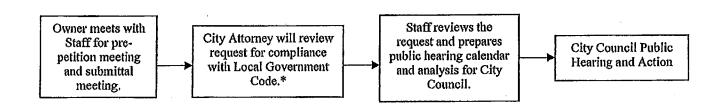
Owners: Nance, Robert Scott	
Address: See Attached	
Phone: 512.262,2136 Email: lhnance@verizon.net	,
Acreage: 294.87 Property ID (R#) See Attached	
Legal Description: See Attached	
Number of lots and proposed use:	
Agent: Peter Verdicchio, RLA SEC Planning, LLC	

Voluntary Annexation Prepared by Kyle Planning Department Revised 2/12/16

Page 1 of 2

Phone: 512.246.7003 Email: PeterV@SECPlanning.com Fax Number: N/A Please Note: The signature of owner authorizes City of Kyle staff to visit and inspect the property for which this application is being submitted. The signature also indicates that the applicant or his agent has reviewed the requirements of this checklist and all items on this checklist have been addressed and complied with. Note: The agent is the official contact person for this project and the single point of contact. All correspondence and communication will be conducted with the agent. If no agent is listed, the owner will be considered the agent. (Check One:) I will represent my application before city staff and the City Council, $\frac{X}{A}$ I hereby authorize the person named below to act as my agent in processing this application before city staff and city council. Robert Scott Nance 512.262.2136 Owner's Name (printed) 205 Live Oak Drive Phone Mountain City 78610 Owner's Address State Zip City lhnance@verizon.net 2-24-16 Owner's Signature Email Address Agent's Name: Peter Verdicchio, RLA SEC Planning, LLC Company: TX 78727 Mailing Address: 4201 W Parmer Lane, Bldg A, Ste 220 Austin City State Zip Street 512.246.7003 PeterV@SECPlanning.com N/A Email address Phone Fax

GENERAL PROCESS



*If the City Attorney determines the requested annexation does not meet the requirements of the local government code the applicant will be notified in writing and the request for annexation will not proceed.

R. Scott Nance Property List

Annexation Request: Property ID and Legal Description

Annexation Requ
Property ID

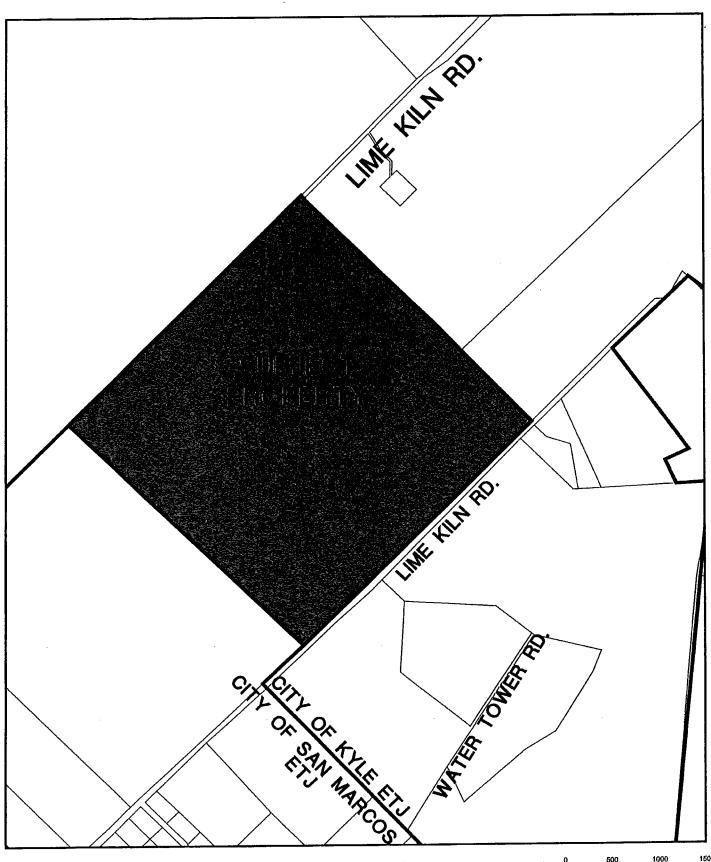
R17015 R17303

Address
CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640
CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640

Legal Description
ABS 361 JOHN PHARASS SURVEY 13.87 AC GEO#90617291

A0369 PENNINGHOUSE SURVEY, ACRES 281.00

*This information is subject to final review. Refer to Subject Property Annexation Exhibit for depiction of land owned by Applicant.



SUBJECT PROPERTY-VOLUNTARY ANNEXATION EXHIBIT

0 500 1000 1500 Scale: 1" = 1,000' North Date: February 25, 2016



SEC Planning, LLC

Land Planning + Landscape Architecture + Community Branding

munity Branding S

SCOTT NANCE PROPERTY

SHEET FILE: R-1140030-BRIMCadSes/PLANMHG/S-bmittals/Annexation/Wance Properties day

Base mapping complied from best available information. All map data should be considered as preliminary, in need of verification, and subject to change. This tand plan is conceptual in nature and does not represent any regulatory approval. Plan is subject to change February 26, 2016

Howard J. Koontz, AICP
Director of Planning and Community Development
City of Kyle
100 W. Center Street
Kyle, TX 78640

Dear Howard:

The R. Scott Nance Family, the Joel R. Bradshaw Family and Jason Bradshaw, together own approximately 2,860.66 acres located within the City of Kyle Extra Territorial Jurisdiction (ETJ). The property is comprised of several Hays County Appraisal District (CAD) tax parcels as outlined on the attached summary. As discussed during our meeting on February 24, 2016 at the City of Kyle offices, the CAD parcel boundaries are slightly different from survey work underway by our family. Once complete, the survey data will reflect the surveyed boundary of our family's property. In the meantime, attached is a subject tract exhibit illustrating the property boundary based on the survey work conducted.

On behalf of the Nance and Bradshaw families (property owners) we are submitting this letter and attached Application for Voluntary Annexation of the 2,860.66 acre property located generally along Cypress Road with the Hays CAD Property ID Numbers on the attached list of properties. As we have discussed, this request for voluntary annexation is conditioned on reaching agreement on a mutually approved form of development agreement for the property and may be withdrawn in whole or in part at any time prior to the completion of the annexation proceedings.

We look forward to hearing from you once City staff outlines a schedule for the requested voluntary annexation. In the meantime, please do not hesitate to contact Peter Verdicchio, the Project Agent, or me with any questions.

Sincerely,

R. Scott Nance

Jason S. Bradshaw

Jøel∕R. Bradshaw

February 26, 2016

Howard J. Koontz, AICP Director of Planning and Community Development City of Kyle 100 W. Center Street Kyle, TX 78640

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Sincerely,

R. Scott Nance

Jason S. Bradshaw

APPLICATION & CHECKLIST - VOLUNTARY ANNEXATION APPLICATION

Project Name/Address: Cypress Rd, Kyle, TX 78640	(Submittal Date)
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The following items are required to be submitted to the Planning Department in or accepted for review.	der for the application to be
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5. Application Fee: \$850.00 + \$190.21 (Newspaper Notification Fee)	
Property Information	
Owners: Nance, Robert Scott & Joel R. and Jason S. Bradshaw	
Address: See Attached	4
Phone: 512,262.2136 Email: lhnance@verizon.net	.
Acreage: 2,860.66 Property ID (R#) See Attached	
Legal Description: See Attached	

Voluntary Annexation Prepared by Kyle Planning Department

Agent:

Number of lots and proposed use: __

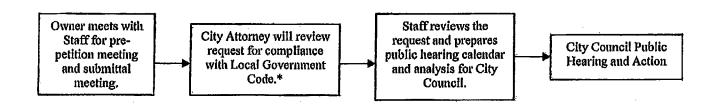
Peter Verdicchio, RLA SEC Planning, LLC

Revised 2/12/16

Page 1 of 2

Phone: 512.246.7003 Email: PeterV@SECPlanning.com Fax Number: Please Note: The signature of owner authorizes City of Kyle staff to visit and inspect the property for which this application is being submitted. The signature also indicates that the applicant or his agent has reviewed the requirements of this checklist and all items on this checklist have been addressed and complied with. Note: The agent is the official contact person for this project and the single point of contact. All correspondence and communication will be conducted with the agent. If no agent is listed, the owner will be considered the agent. (Check One:) I will represent my application before city staff and the City Council. $\overline{\mathrm{X}}$. I hereby authorize the person named below to act as my agent in processing this application before city staff and city council, Robert Scott Nance 512.262.2136 Owner's Name (printed) 205 Live Oak Drive Phone Mountain City Fax 78610 Owner's Address City State Zip Ihnance@verizon.net Owner's Signature Emnil Address Agent's Name: Peter Verdicchio, RLA SEC Planning, LLC Company: _ Mailing Address: 4201 W Parmer Lane, Bldg A, Ste 220 Austin TX 78727 Street City Zip State 512.246.7003 PeterV@SECPlanning.com N/APhone Email address Fax

GENERAL PROCESS



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APPLICATION & CHECKLIST - VOLUNTARY ANNEXATION APPLICATION

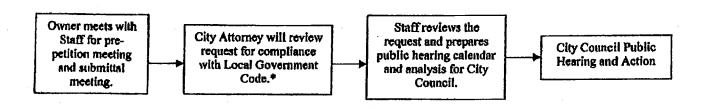
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Property Information	
Owners: Nance, Robert Scott & Joel R. and Jason S. Bradshaw	
Address: See Attached	
Phone: Email:	
Acreage: 2,860.66 Property ID (R#) See Attached	
Legal Description: See Attached	
Number of lots and proposed use:	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Agent: Peter Verdicchio, RLA SEC Planning, LLC	

Voluntary Annexation Prepared by Kyle Planning Department

Revised 2/12/16

Phone: 512.246.7003 N/A Email: PeterV@SECPlanning.com Fax Number: Please Note: The signature of owner authorizes City of Kyle staff to visit and inspect the property for which this application is being submitted. The signature also indicates that the applicant or his agent has reviewed the requirements of this checklist and all items on this checklist have been addressed and complied with. Note: The agent is the official contact person for this project and the single point of contact. All correspondence and communication will be conducted with the agent. If no agent is listed, the owner will be considered the agent. (Check One:) I will represent my application before city staff and the City Council, X I hereby authorize the person named below to act as my agent in processing this application before city staff and city council. Joel R. Bradshaw Owner's Name (printed) 5420 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1600 Phone Dallas 75240 Owner's Address City State irbradshaw2000@yahoo.com Emall Address Agent's Name: Peter Verdicchio, RLA SEC Planning, LLC Company: Mailing Address: 4201 W Parmer Lane, Bldg A, Ste 220 78727 Austin TX Zip Street City State 512.246.7003 PeterV@SECPlanning.com N/A Phone Email address Fax

GENERAL PROCESS



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APPLICATION & CHECKLIST - VOLUNTARY ANNEXATION APPLICATION

Project Name/Address: Cypress Rd, Kyle, TX 78640 (Submittal Date)

REQUIRED ITEMS FOR SUBMITTAL PACKAGE:

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Property Information

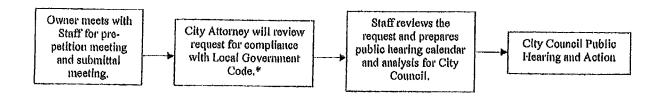
Owners:	Nance, Robert Scott & Joel R. and Jason S. Bradshaw
Address;	See Attached
Phone:	Email:
Acreage	2,860.66 Property ID (R#) See Attached
Legal Des	cription: See Attached
Number o	f lots and proposed use:
Agent:	Peter Verdicchio, RLA SEC Planning, LLC

Voluntary Annexation Prepared by Kyle Planning Department Revised 2/12/16

Page 1 of 2

Phone: 512.246.7003 Email: PeterV@SECPlanning.com Fax Number: Please Note: The signature of owner authorizes City of Kyle staff to visit and inspect the property for which this application is being submitted. The signature also indicates that the applicant or his agent has reviewed the requirements of this checklist and all items on this checklist have been addressed and complied with. Note: The agent is the official contact person for this project and the single point of contact. All correspondence and communication will be conducted with the agent. If no agent is listed, the owner will be considered the agent. (Check One:) I will represent my application before city staff and the City Council. $\overline{\mathrm{X}}$ I hereby authorize the person named below to act as my agent in processing this application before city staff and city council, Jason S. Bradshaw Owner's Name (printed) 122 Lausanne Avenue Phone Dallas 75208 wner's Address City State Zlpisb1219@hotmail.com Owner's Signatur Email Address Agent's Name: Peter Verdicchio, RLA Company: ____SEC Planning, LLC 4201 W Parmer Lane, Bldg A, Ste 220 Mailing Address: Austin 78727 City State Zip 512.246.7003 PeterV@SECPlanning.com N/A Phone Email address

GENERAL PROCESS



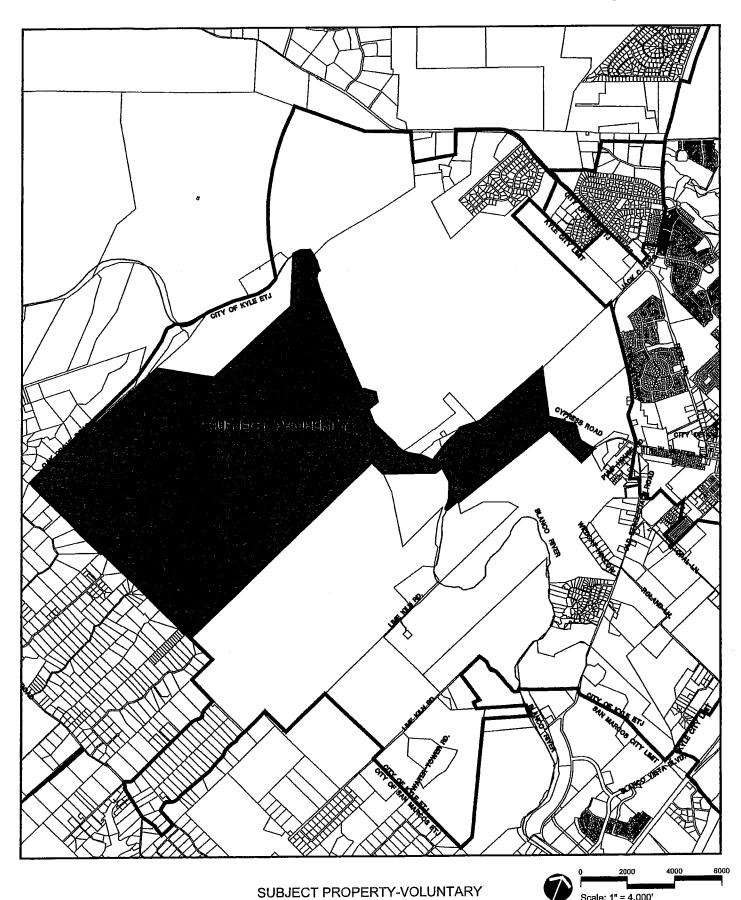
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Nance/Bradshaw Property List

Annexation Request: Property ID and Legal Description

R138547	R18210	R18209	R17725	R17724	R17720	R16978	R16977	R16976	R16905	R16904	R16903	R16902	R16552	R16551	R14274	R14273	R13731	R13402	R13401	R12741	R12740	R12739	R12738	R12737	R12736	Property ID
	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX: 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640		CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	CYPRESS RD, KYLE, TX 78640	Address
A0409 A0409 - Thomas C Snailm Survey, ACRES 51.02	ABS 427 R B SMITH SURVEY 311.56 ACRES	ABS 427 R B SMITH SURVEY 311.56 AC	ABS 409 THOMAS C SNAILM SURVEY 112.288 AC GEO#90603366	A0409 THOMAS C SNAILM SURVEY, ACRES 51.02	ABS 409 THOMAS C SNAILM SURVEY 135.712 AC GEO#90619832	A0361 JOHN PHARASS SURVEY, ACRES 158.00	ABS 361 JOHN PHARASS SURVEY 1.565 ACRES (UDI OF 3.13 AC TRACT)	ABS 361 JOHN PHARASS SURVEY 1.565 AC (UDI OF 3.13 AC TRACT) GEO#90602880	ABS 360 SAMUEL PHARASS SURVEY 0.50 AC GEO#90617651	ABS 360 SAMUEL PHARASS SURVEY 4.25 AC GEO#90602806	A0360 SAMUEL PHARASS SURVEY, ACRES 32.023	A0360 SAMUEL PHARASS SURVEY, ACRES 0.50	ABS 313 R MILLS 16.345 AC	ABS 313 R MILLS SURVEY 16.345 AC	ABS 180 J W FOGG SURVEY 291.84 AC GEO#90601435	ABS 180 J W FOGG SURVEY 348.16 AC GEO#90619834	A0146 WILLIAM DUTY SURVEY, ACRES 70.14	ABS 99 JOHN COOPER SURVE 7.00 AC	ABS 99 JOHN COOPER SURVEY 7.00 AC	ABS 32 SEABORN BERRY SURVEY 331.984 AC	ABS 32 SEABORN BERRY SURVEY 279.016 AC GEO#90600812	ABS 32 SEABORN BERRY SURVEY, 100 AC	ABS 32 SEABORN BERRY SURVEY 100 AC	ABS 32 SEABORN BERRY SURVEY 60.635 ACRES	ABS 32 SEABORN BERRY SURVEY 60.635 ACRES	Legal Description

^{*}This information is subject to final review. Refer to Subject Property Annexation Exhibit for depiction of land owned by Applicant.



SEC Planning, LLC

NANCE BRADSHAW **PROPERTIES** KLYE, TEXAS

ANNEXATION EXHIBIT

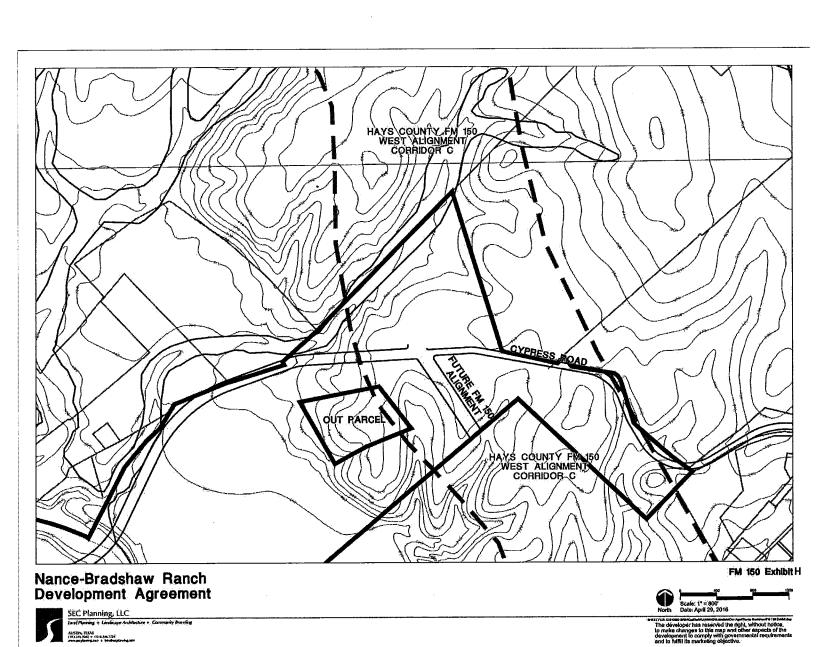
North Date: February 26, 2016 SHEET FILE: RA140030-BRING addies/PLANNING/Submits by Annexation Wance Bradshaw Properties. they

Scale: 1" = 4,000'

Base mapping compiled from best available information. All map data should be considered as preliminary, in need of verification, and subject to change. This land plan is conceptual in nature and does not represent any regulatory approval. Plan is subject to change.

EXHIBIT "H"

FM 150 EXHIBIT



ORDINANCE NO. 900

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS, ANNEXING APPROXIMATELY 6,517 ACRES OF LAND LOCATED IN HAYS COUNTY, TEXAS ALL OF WHICH ARE LYING WITHIN THE CITY'S EXTRATERRITORIAL JURISDICTION AND TO INCORPORATE SUCH PROPERTIES INTO THE CITY OF KYLE, AS SHOWN IN THE ATTACHED EXHIBIT; MAKING FINDINGS OF FACT; PROVIDING A SEVERABILITY CLAUSE; PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE; AND PROVIDING FOR OPEN MEETINGS AND OTHER RELATED MATTERS.

WHEREAS, the City of Kyle, Texas, (herein the "City") is a home rule municipality authorized by State law and the City Charter to annex territory lying adjacent and contiguous to the City; and

WHEREAS, the property owners (herein the "Petitioners"), being the owners of approximately 6,517 acres of land located within Hays County, Texas have petitioned the City for annexation of said tracts into the city limits; and

WHEREAS, the properties are adjacent and contiguous to the present city limits and within the City's extraterritorial jurisdiction; and

WHEREAS, the City Council heard and has decided to grant the owners requests that the City annex said properties; and

WHEREAS, two separate public hearings were conducted prior to consideration of this Ordinance in accordance with §43.063 of the Tex. Loc. Gov't. Code; and

WHEREAS, the hearings were conducted and held not more than forty (40) nor less than twenty (20) days prior to the institution of annexation proceedings; and

WHEREAS, notice of the public hearings was published in a newspaper of general circulation in the City and the territory proposed to be annexed not more than twenty (20) nor less than ten (10) days prior to the public hearings; and

WHEREAS, the Petitioners have agreed and consented to the negotiated municipal service plan and the annexation of the properties by the City and further agreed to be bound by all acts, ordinances, and all other legal action now in force and effect within the corporate limits of the City and all those which may be hereafter adopted; and

WHEREAS, the City intends to provide services to the properties to be annexed according to the Service Plan attached hereto as Exhibit "C".

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS:

SECTION 1. That all of the above premises and findings of fact are found to be true and correct and are incorporated into the body of this Ordinance as if copied in their entirety.

SECTION 2. That the following described properties (hereinafter referred to as the "Annexed Property"), is hereby annexed into the corporate limits of the City of Kyle:

All those certain tracts or parcels being approximately 6,517 acres of land, located in Hays County, Texas, and being more particularly described in Exhibit "A" and shown in Exhibit "B", attached hereto and incorporated herein for all purposes.

SECTION 3. That the Service Plan submitted herewith is hereby approved as part of this Ordinance, made a part hereof and attached hereto as Exhibit "C".

SECTION 4. That the future owners and inhabitants of the Annexed Properties shall be entitled to all of the rights and privileges of the City as set forth in the Service Plan attached hereto as Exhibit "C", and are further bound by all acts, ordinances, and all other legal action now in full force and effect and all those which may be hereafter adopted.

SECTION 5. That the official map and boundaries of the City, heretofore adopted and amended, be hereby amended so as to include the Annexed Properties as part of the City.

SECTION 6. That the Annexed Properties shall be temporarily zoned Agricultural District "A" as provided in the City Zoning Ordinance, as amended, until permanent zoning is established therefore.

SECTION 7. That the Annexed Properties shall be assigned to Council District No. 4.

SECTION 8. That if any provision of this Ordinance or the application of any provision to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the Ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Ordinance are declared to be severable.

SECTION 9. That this Ordinance shall take effect immediately from and after its passage in accordance with the provisions of the *Tex. Loc. Gov't. Code*.

SECTION 10. That it is hereby officially found and determined that the meeting at which this Ordinance is passed was open to the public as required and that public notice of the time, place, and purpose of said meeting was given as required by the Open Meetings Act, *Chapt. 551, Tex. Gov't. Code.*

PASSED AND APPROVED on First Reading the _____ day of April, 2016.

FINALLY PASSED AND APPROVED on Second Reading this 3rd day of May, 2016.

ATTEST:

Amelia Sanchez, City Secretary

CITY OF KYLE, TEXAS

R. Todd Webster, Mayor

EXHIBIT "A"

Property Descriptions

Property Descriptions

Blanco River Ranch Properties LP

COORDINATES AND BASIS OF BEARINGS:

ALL COORDINATES AND BEARINGS FOR THE BLANCO RIVER RANCH PROPERITES ARE BASED ON THE TEXAS COORDINATE SYSTEM, NAD83, SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE. ALL COORDINATES LISTED HEREON ARE GRID COORDINATES.

Metes and Bounds description of Blanco River Ranch parcel Area Z

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Beginning at a point whose Northing is 13915074.20 and whose Easting is 2307870.63;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1460.000 a delta angle of 19° 18' 46.98",
and whose long chord bears S 16-32-30.195 W a distance of 489.80;
thence bearing S 26-11-53.685 W a distance of 1033.6;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 715.000 a delta angle of 91° 56' 37.07",
and whose long chord bears S 19-46-24.852 E a distance of 1028.17;
thence bearing S 22-9-23.379 W a distance of 45.2;
thence bearing S 1-54-58.349 W a distance of 160.5;
thence bearing S 22-50-42.765 E a distance of 65.9;
thence bearing S 15-6-33.417 E a distance of 69.5;
thence bearing S 15-19-47.090 E a distance of 80.6;
thence bearing S 15-45-34.660 E a distance of 86.3;
thence bearing S 14-19-7.725 E a distance of 107.7;
thence bearing S 3-54-9.678 E a distance of 93.9;
thence bearing S 0-57-19.174 E a distance of 63.9:
thence bearing S 26-22-58.234 W a distance of 59.7;
thence bearing S 51-38-53.674 W a distance of 83.0;
thence bearing S 64-0-33.817 W a distance of 123.7;
thence bearing S 67-1-22.519 W a distance of 97.2;
thence bearing S 62-11-23.529 W a distance of 194.0;
thence bearing N 31-34-3.678 W a distance of 222.1:
thence bearing N 25-43-32.783 W a distance of 37.6;
thence bearing N 17-27-36.420 W a distance of 48.1
thence bearing N 10-35-50.528 W a distance of 91.5
thence bearing N 29-19-15.142 W a distance of 45.6:
thence bearing N 18-57-48.774 W a distance of 158.1
thence bearing N 24-45-42.450 W a distance of 199.7;
thence bearing N 31-50-26.718 W a distance of 53.8;
thence bearing N 12-20-32.526 W a distance of 49.0;
thence bearing N 23-30-25.568 W a distance of 87.0
thence bearing N 12-6-43.062 W a distance of 133.5
thence bearing N 25-29-27.344 W a distance of 322.2;
thence bearing N 26-40-58.180 W a distance of 127.0;
thence bearing N 29-26-44.937 W a distance of 521.1
thence bearing N 25-56-12.364 W a distance of 1384.3;
thence bearing N 24-29-30.243 W a distance of 256.1:
thence bearing N 28-34-28.880 W a distance of 102.0;
thence bearing N 29-2-50.519 W a distance of 10.4:
thence bearing N 54-57-20.808 E a distance of 70.0;
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thence bearing N 72-23-13.292 E a distance of 136.0;
thence bearing N 67-4-46.230 E a distance of 43.1;
thence bearing S 86-25-10.866 E a distance of 63.8;
thence bearing S 88-57-32.257 E a distance of 99.2;
thence bearing S 75-58-16.978 E a distance of 42.1 :
thence bearing S 66-57-0.498 E a distance of 66.0;
thence bearing S 75-7-6.656 E a distance of 58.7;
thence bearing S 88-9-12.283 E a distance of 74.6;
thence bearing N 40-28-4.560 E a distance of 75.0;
thence bearing N 26-26-44.653 E a distance of 93.4;
thence bearing N 5-54-33.479 E a distance of 35.0;
thence bearing N 25-29-36.080 E a distance of 85.2;
thence bearing N 11-46-28.958 E a distance of 73.6;
thence bearing N 26-33-40.833 E a distance of 56.8;
thence bearing N 19-35-0.270 E a distance of 57.4;
thence bearing N 16-40-0.254 E a distance of 79.6;
thence bearing N 11-0-6.825 E a distance of 129.4;
thence bearing N 19-20-41.737 E a distance of 108.9;
thence bearing N 23-26-26.041 E a distance of 39.3;
thence bearing N 61-14-45.816 E a distance of 35.0;
thence bearing N 57-5-12.803 E a distance of 75.2;
thence bearing N 86-40-28.157 E a distance of 51.8:
thence bearing S 64-47-5.436 E a distance of 69.1
thence bearing S 32-27-4.275 E a distance of 76.2
thence bearing S 24-44-28.261 E a distance of 60.9;
thence bearing S 16-51-10.219 E a distance of 68.4;
thence bearing S 11-24-46.158 E a distance of 69.9
thence bearing S 13-21-21.668 E a distance of 36.4;
thence bearing S 42-0-11.720 E a distance of 24.3;
thence bearing S 73-37-9.077 E a distance of 21.3
thence bearing N 85-18-14.255 E a distance of 44.0;
thence bearing N 36-16-9.044 E a distance of 33.5;
thence bearing N 58-0-33.065 E a distance of 62.4
thence bearing N 64-16-55.073 E a distance of 55.4;
thence bearing N 70-8-17.328 E a distance of 53.1;
thence bearing N 61-8-53.488 E a distance of 72.3
thence bearing N 73-4-53.459 E a distance of 28.9:
thence bearing N 60-13-48.958 E a distance of 110.1;
thence bearing N 67-47-43.376 E a distance of 61.4;
thence bearing N 90-0-0.000 E a distance of 114.6;
thence bearing N 57-38-2.243 E a distance of 88.3
thence bearing N 27-5-47.910 E a distance of 59.9
thence bearing N 18-41-39.962 E a distance of 42.0:
thence bearing N 23-18-22.896 E a distance of 95.0:
thence bearing N 39-2-6.560 E a distance of 45.2;
thence bearing N 20-10-52.002 E a distance of 31.6;
thence bearing N 42-34-8.828 E a distance of 50.2;
thence bearing N 9-15-4.476 E a distance of 26.4;
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thence bearing N 58-26-43.422 E a distance of 59.0; thence bearing S 61-15-23.303 E a distance of 40.2; thence bearing S 61-15-23.303 E a distance of 56.7; thence bearing S 64-8-46.982 E a distance of 44.5; thence bearing S 63-36-24.279 E a distance of 55.9; thence bearing S 63-44-46.165 E a distance of 52.0; thence bearing S 84-43-3.047 E a distance of 25.0; thence bearing S 54-26-50.576 E a distance of 298.3; thence bearing S 45-11-41.459 W a distance of 150.4; thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 715.000 a delta angle of 38° 18' 34.75", and whose long chord bears S 26-2-24.082 W a distance of 469.21; thence bearing S 6-53-6.705 W a distance of 413.8 to the point of beginning.
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Metes and Bounds description of Blanco River Ranch parcel Area I

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Beginning at a point whose Northing is 13914022.27 and whose Easting is 2309973.40;
thence bearing S 20-39-40.577 W a distance of 502.5;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1020,000 a delta angle of 25° 39' 44.34",
and whose long chord bears S 7-49-48.407 W a distance of 453.04;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 30,000 a delta angle of 85° 04' 58.44",
and whose long chord bears S 37-32-25.457 W a distance of 40.57;
thence bearing S 80-4-54.677 W a distance of 288.7;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1440.000 a delta angle of 07° 20' 18.18",
and whose long chord bears S 83-45-3.769 W a distance of 184.31;
thence bearing S 87-25-12.861 W a distance of 257.5;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1560.000 a delta angle of 14° 00' 27.23",
and whose long chord bears S 80-24-59.247 W a distance of 380.44;
thence bearing S 73-24-45.633 W a distance of 540.1;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 615.000 a delta angle of 43° 11' 37.39",
and whose long chord bears N 84-59-25.672 W a distance of 452.73;
thence bearing N 2-8-55.667 W a distance of 118.2;
thence bearing N 10-39-35.082 E a distance of 109.5;
thence bearing N 33-2-19.107 E a distance of 50.8;
thence bearing N 15-10-2.353 E a distance of 73.7;
thence bearing N 26-6-29.585 E a distance of 58.1
thence bearing N 22-54-7.891 E a distance of 52.0;
thence bearing N 19-36-51.495 E a distance of 82.5;
thence bearing N 29-59-44.308 E a distance of 287.8:
thence bearing N 29-4-5.988 E a distance of 87.7;
thence bearing N 32-33-52.830 E a distance of 59.4;
thence bearing N 31-10-25.461 E a distance of 53.5;
thence bearing N 35-16-57.274 E a distance of 105.5;
thence bearing N 32-47-56.420 E a distance of 74.8;
thence bearing N 19-34-6.561 E a distance of 85.9;
thence bearing N 35-0-26.429 W a distance of 13.0;
thence bearing N 10-10-52.095 E a distance of 84.4;
thence bearing N 31-26-38.695 E a distance of 44.9;
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thence bearing N 29-24-35.508 E a distance of 86.8; thence bearing N 22-45-13.073 E a distance of 67.6; thence bearing N 16-34-58.251 E a distance of 179.0; thence bearing N 9-49-46.266 E a distance of 108.2; thence bearing N 38-18-21.484 E a distance of 65.9; thence bearing N 83-57-56.474 E a distance of 71.2; thence bearing S 48-35-32.526 E a distance of 30.9; thence bearing S 69-47-8.523 E a distance of 41.4; thence bearing N 54-47-51.565 E a distance of 113.4; thence bearing N 18-44-7.788 W a distance of 387.4; thence bearing N 1-46-10.582 W a distance of 88.1; thence bearing S 74-13-32.277 E a distance of 1699.9; thence bearing S 5-8-56.468 W a distance of 75.3; thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1955.000 a delta angle of 15° 30' 44.11", and whose long chord bears S 12-54-18.522 W a distance of 527.68 to the point of beginning.
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Metes and Bounds description of Blanco River Ranch parcel Area O

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Beginning at a point whose Northing is 13914201.45 and whose Easting is 2311550.08;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1652.649 a delta angle of 19° 37' 40.17",
and whose long chord bears S 10-7-31.493 W a distance of 563.38;
thence bearing S 0-18-41.407 W a distance of 262.6;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1190,000 a delta angle of 06° 56' 30.88",
and whose long chord bears S 76-36-39.234 W a distance of 144.09;
thence bearing S 80-4-54.677 W a distance of 954.6;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 30.000 a delta angle of 88° 00' 47.86",
and whose long chord bears N 55-54-41.392 W a distance of 41.68;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 930.000 a delta angle of 33° 51' 39.79",
and whose long chord bears N 5-4-2.809 E a distance of 541.65;
thence bearing N 21-59-52.703 E a distance of 506.7;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 2295.000 a delta angle of 06° 13' 24.98",
and whose long chord bears N 18-53-10.213 E a distance of 249.17;
thence bearing S 74-13-32.277 E a distance of 932.3;
thence bearing S 74-13-32.194 E a distance of 0.0 to the point of beginning.
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Metes and Bounds description of Blanco River Ranch parcel Area M

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Beginning at a point whose Northing is 13915701.11 and whose Easting is 2310962.85; thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1955.000 a delta angle of 06° 42' 27.97", and whose long chord bears N 25-28-38.608 E a distance of 228.75; thence bearing N 28-49-52.592 E a distance of 582.7; thence bearing N 66-6-34.534 E a distance of 40.4; thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 215.511 a delta angle of 55° 30' 08.41",
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and whose long chord bears N 38-21-30.328 E a distance of 200.70;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 228.784 a delta angle of 36° 10′ 51.21″,
and whose long chord bears N 28-41-51.725 E a distance of 142.08;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1179.267 a delta angle of 06° 19' 25.76".
and whose long chord bears N 43-37-34.447 E a distance of 130.09:
thence bearing S 80-58-4.600 E a distance of 156.3;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 810.000 a delta angle of 25° 00' 30.89".
and whose long chord bears N 86-31-39.954 E a distance of 350.75;
thence bearing N 74-1-24.507 E a distance of 63.4;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 296.466 a delta angle of 45° 54' 33.15",
and whose long chord bears S 13-6-4.286 W a distance of 231.24;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 663.961 a delta angle of 61° 11' 59.66",
and whose long chord bears S 5-27-21.032 W a distance of 675.97;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1315.581 a delta angle of 22° 50′ 31.65″,
and whose long chord bears S 13-43-22.974 E a distance of 521.02:
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 395.413 a delta angle of 32° 27' 26.36",
and whose long chord bears S 13-55-36.032 W a distance of 221.01;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 395.413 a delta angle of 23° 19' 15.93",
and whose long chord bears S 41-48-57.179 W a distance of 159.84;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 606.023 a delta angle of 25° 41' 20.75",
and whose long chord bears S 40-37-54.770 W a distance of 269.45:
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 2320.864 a delta angle of 04° 34' 33.66",
and whose long chord bears S 30-4-31.224 W a distance of 185.31;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 2691.372 a delta angle of 12° 22' 19.36",
and whose long chord bears S 26-10-38.374 W a distance of 580.03:
thence bearing N 74-13-32.277 W a distance of 932.3;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 2295.000 a delta angle of 03° 09' 48.44",
and whose long chord bears N 14-11-33.504 E a distance of 126.70;
thence bearing N 12-36-39.284 E a distance of 834.1:
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1955.000 a delta angle of 09° 30' 45.34",
and whose long chord bears N 17-22-1.953 E a distance of 324.21 to the point of beginning.
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Metes and Bounds description of Blanco River Ranch parcel ROW FM 150

Beginning at a point whose Northing is 13916901.82 and whose Easting is 2311215.28; thence bearing N 9-1-55.400 E a distance of 80.0; thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 50.000 a delta angle of 95° 44' 21.01", and whose long chord bears N 51-9-44.893 E a distance of 74.16; thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 950.000 a delta angle of 32° 18' 36.67", and whose long chord bears N 12-51-43.950 W a distance of 528.65; thence bearing N 29-1-2.287 W a distance of 3603.3; thence bearing N 58-47-59.779 E a distance of 150.1; thence bearing S 29-1-2.287 E a distance of 3759.5;

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thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1000.000 a delta angle of 30° 00' 35.86",
and whose long chord bears S 14-0-44.356 E a distance of 517.81;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 50.000 a delta angle of 81° 57' 38.18", and
whose long chord bears S 39-59-15.512 E a distance of 65.58;
thence bearing S 80-58-4.600 E a distance of 9.8:
thence bearing S 9-1-55.400 W a distance of 80.0;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 50,000 a delta angle of 88° 11' 26.19", and
whose long chord bears S 54-56-12.307 W a distance of 69.59;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1000.000 a delta angle of 17° 59' 23.38",
and whose long chord bears S 19-50-10.903 W a distance of 312.69;
thence bearing S 28-49-52,592 W a distance of 684.2:
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1975.000 a delta angle of 16° 13' 13.31",
and whose long chord bears S 20-43-15.938 W a distance of 557.25:
thence bearing S 12-36-39.284 W a distance of 834.1;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 2275.000 a delta angle of 09° 23' 13.42".
and whose long chord bears S 17-18-15.994 W a distance of 372.31;
thence bearing S 21-59-52.703 W a distance of 506.7:
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 950.000 a delta angle of 33° 51' 34.78",
and whose long chord bears S 5-4-5.319 W a distance of 553.28;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 50.000 a delta angle of 88° 03' 23.25", and
whose long chord bears S 55-53-23.698 E a distance of 69.50:
thence bearing N 80-4-54.677 E a distance of 24.5;
thence bearing S 9-55-5.323 E a distance of 80.0 :
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 50.000 a delta angle of 103° 31' 39.58",
and whose long chord bears S 28-19-4.885 W a distance of 78.55;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1110.007 a delta angle of 36° 29' 43.03",
and whose long chord bears S 43-34-28.013 E a distance of 695.14;
thence bearing S 67-37-13.372 E a distance of 859.8;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1533.500 a delta angle of 16° 05' 17.08",
and whose long chord bears S 59-55-52.310 E a distance of 429.18;
thence bearing S 51-53-13.769 E a distance of 1234.7:
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1733.154 a delta angle of 07° 31' 57.86",
and whose long chord bears S 58-36-3.967 E a distance of 227.70;
thence bearing S 65-18-54.165 E a distance of 73.5;
thence bearing S 47-53-11.033 W a distance of 127.3;
thence bearing N 65-18-54.165 W a distance of 30.1;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1033.500 a delta angle of 13° 25' 40.40".
and whose long chord bears N 58-36-3.967 W a distance of 241.66;
thence bearing N 51-53-13.769 W a distance of 1156.0;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1704.926 a delta angle of 28° 33' 55.71",
and whose long chord bears N 67-54-48.284 W a distance of 841.23;
thence bearing N 85-14-42.537 W a distance of 568.7;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1000.000 a delta angle of 70° 24' 35.51".
and whose long chord bears N 50-2-24.639 W a distance of 1153.01;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 50.000 a delta angle of 85° 04' 58.44", and
whose long chord bears N 57-22-36.104 W a distance of 67.61;
thence bearing N 9-55-5.323 W a distance of 80.0;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 50.000 a delta angle of 85° 04' 58.44", and
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whose long chord bears N 37-32-25.457 E a distance of 67.61; thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1000.000 a delta angle of 25° 39' 44.34", and whose long chord bears N 7-49-48.407 E a distance of 444.16; thence bearing N 20-39-40.577 E a distance of 502.5; thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1975.000 a delta angle of 15° 30' 44.11", and whose long chord bears N 12-54-18.522 E a distance of 533.08; thence bearing N 5-8-56.468 E a distance of 580.3; thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1450.000 a delta angle of 41° 40' 20.41", and whose long chord bears N 25-59-6.675 E a distance of 1031.52; thence bearing N 46-49-16.883 E a distance of 510.2; thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 950.000 a delta angle of 32° 03' 00.47", and whose long chord bears N 30-47-46.648 E a distance of 524.51; thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 50.000 a delta angle of 95° 44' 21.01", and whose long chord bears N 33-5-54.093 W a distance of 74.16 to the point of beginning.
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Metes and Bounds description of parcel Blanco River Collector East

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Beginning at a point whose Northing is 13916850.72 and whose Easting is 2311536.71;
thence bearing N 9-1-55.400 E a distance of 80.0;
thence bearing S 80-58-4.600 E a distance of 286.1;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 710,000 a delta angle of 25° 00' 30.89",
and whose long chord bears N 86-31-39.954 E a distance of 307.45;
thence bearing N 74-1-24.507 E a distance of 527.0;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1040.000 a delta angle of 29° 53' 46.19".
and whose long chord bears N 88-58-17.600 E a distance of 536.52;
thence bearing S 76-4-49.307 E a distance of 535.2:
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 635.000 a delta angle of 51° 02' 30.44",
and whose long chord bears N 78-23-55.473 E a distance of 547.17;
thence bearing N 52-52-40.253 E a distance of 926.9:
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 815.000 a delta angle of 142° 32' 43.23",
and whose long chord bears S 55-50-58.131 E a distance of 1543.70;
thence bearing S 15-25-23.486 W a distance of 477.2;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1960.000 a delta angle of 28° 52' 56.13",
and whose long chord bears S 0-58-55.418 W a distance of 977.59;
thence bearing S 13-27-32.649 E a distance of 795.0;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 50.000 a delta angle of 93° 06' 28.52", and
whose long chord bears S 60-0-46.908 E a distance of 72.60:
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1710.000 a delta angle of 33° 36' 42.01",
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and whose long chord bears N 56-37-37.828 E a distance of 988.82 :
thence bearing N 39-49-16.823 E a distance of 845.3;
thence bearing S 50-10-43.177 E a distance of 80.0;
thence bearing S 39-49-16.823 W a distance of 845.3:
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1790.000 a delta angle of 74° 25' 21.87",
and whose long chord bears S 77-1-57.760 W a distance of 2165.03;
thence bearing N 65-45-21.304 W a distance of 1095.9;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1210.000 a delta angle of 81° 20' 23.73".
and whose long chord bears S 73-34-26.832 W a distance of 1577.12;
thence bearing S 32-54-14.969 W a distance of 802.7;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1290.000 a delta angle of 47° 10′ 39.71″.
and whose long chord bears S 56-29-34.823 W a distance of 1032.44;
thence bearing S 80-4-54.677 W a distance of 930.1;
thence bearing N 9-55-5.323 W a distance of 80.0:
thence bearing N 80-4-54.677 E a distance of 930.1;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1210.000 a delta angle of 47° 10' 39.71",
and whose long chord bears N 56-29-34.823 E a distance of 968.41:
thence bearing N 32-54-14.969 E a distance of 802.7;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1290,000 a delta angle of 81° 20' 23.73".
and whose long chord bears N 73-34-26.832 E a distance of 1681.39;
thence bearing S 65-45-21.304 E a distance of 1095.9;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1710.000 a delta angle of 34° 35' 42.83",
and whose long chord bears S 83-3-12.718 E a distance of 1016.89;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 50.000 a delta angle of 93° 06' 28.52", and
whose long chord bears N 33-5-41.610 E a distance of 72.60:
thence bearing N 13-27-32.649 W a distance of 795.0;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 2040,000 a delta angle of 28° 52′ 56.13″.
and whose long chord bears N 0-58-55.418 E a distance of 1017.49;
thence bearing N 15-25-23.486 E a distance of 477.2;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 735.000 a delta angle of 142° 32' 43.23",
and whose long chord bears N 55-50-58.131 W a distance of 1392.17;
thence bearing S 52-52-40.253 W a distance of 926.9:
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 715.000 a delta angle of 51° 02' 30.44",
and whose long chord bears S 78-23-55.473 W a distance of 616.10;
thence bearing N 76-4-49.307 W a distance of 535.2:
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 960.000 a delta angle of 29° 53' 46.19",
and whose long chord bears S 88-58-17,600 W a distance of 495.25:
thence bearing S 74-1-24.507 W a distance of 527.0;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 790,000 a delta angle of 25° 00' 30.89".
and whose long chord bears S 86-31-39.954 W a distance of 342.09;
thence bearing N 80-58-4.600 W a distance of 286.1 to the point of beginning.
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Metes and Bounds description of parcel Blanco River Collector West

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Beginning at a point whose Northing is 13916980.82 and whose Easting is 2311227.84;
thence bearing S 9-1-55.400 W a distance of 80.0:
thence bearing N 80-58-4.600 W a distance of 190.4;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1460.000 a delta angle of 05° 05' 40.47",
and whose long chord bears N 83-30-54.833 W a distance of 129.78;
thence bearing N 86-3-45.067 W a distance of 575.0;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 675.000 a delta angle of 25° 24' 23.19",
and whose long chord bears N 73-21-33.473 W a distance of 296.87;
thence bearing N 60-39-21.879 W a distance of 312.6;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 635.000 a delta angle of 96° 09' 05.05",
and whose long chord bears S 71-16-5.597 W a distance of 944.92;
thence bearing S 23-11-33.072 W a distance of 478.5;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1290,000 a delta angle of 22° 00' 08.39",
and whose long chord bears S 34-11-37.265 W a distance of 492.34;
thence bearing S 45-11-41.459 W a distance of 317.3:
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 635.000 a delta angle of 38° 18' 34.75",
and whose long chord bears S 26-2-24.082 W a distance of 416.71;
thence bearing S 6-53-6.705 W a distance of 413.8;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1540.000 a delta angle of 19° 18' 46.98",
and whose long chord bears S 16-32-30.195 W a distance of 516.64;
thence bearing S 26-11-53.685 W a distance of 1033.6;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 635.000 a delta angle of 132° 47' 08.05",
and whose long chord bears S 40-11-40.341 E a distance of 1163.72;
thence bearing N 73-24-45.633 E a distance of 606.5;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1000.000 a delta angle of 14° 00' 27.23",
and whose long chord bears N 80-24-59.247 E a distance of 243.87;
thence bearing N 87-25-12.861 E a distance of 323.9;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1460.000 a delta angle of 07° 20' 18.18",
and whose long chord bears N 83-45-3.769 E a distance of 186.87;
thence bearing N 80-4-54.677 E a distance of 288.7;
thence bearing S 9-55-5.323 E a distance of 80.0;
thence bearing S 80-4-54.677 W a distance of 288.7;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1540.000 a delta angle of 07° 20′ 18.18″,
and whose long chord bears S 83-45-3.769 W a distance of 197.11;
thence bearing S 87-25-12.861 W a distance of 314.1;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1000.000 a delta angle of 14° 00' 27.23",
and whose long chord bears S 80-24-59.247 W a distance of 243.87;
thence bearing S 73-24-45.633 W a distance of 596.6;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 715.000 a delta angle of 40° 50' 30.98",
and whose long chord bears N 86-9-58.878 W a distance of 498.95;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 715.000 a delta angle of 91° 56' 37.07",
and whose long chord bears N 19-46-24.852 W a distance of 1028.17;
thence bearing N 26-11-53.685 E a distance of 1033.6;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1460.000 a delta angle of 19° 18' 46.98",
and whose long chord bears N 16-32-30.195 E a distance of 489.80;
thence bearing N 6-53-6.705 E a distance of 413.8;
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thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 715.000 a delta angle of 38° 18' 34.75",
and whose long chord bears N 26-2-24.082 E a distance of 469.21;
thence bearing N 45-11-41.459 E a distance of 150.4;
thence bearing N 45-11-41.459 E a distance of 167.0;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 1210.000 a delta angle of 22° 00' 08.39",
and whose long chord bears N 34-11-37.265 E a distance of 461.81;
thence bearing N 23-11-33.072 E a distance of 478.5;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 715.000 a delta angle of 96° 09' 05.05",
and whose long chord bears N 71-16-5.597 E a distance of 1063.96;
thence bearing S 60-39-21.879 E a distance of 294.6;
thence along a curve to the LEFT, having a radius of 675.000 a delta angle of 25° 24' 23.19",
and whose long chord bears S 73-21-33.473 E a distance of 296.87;
thence bearing S 86-3-45.067 E a distance of 557.0;
thence along a curve to the RIGHT, having a radius of 1540.000 a delta angle of 05° 05' 40.47",
and whose long chord bears S 83-30-54.833 E a distance of 136.89;
thence bearing S 80-58-4.600 E a distance of 190.4 to the point of beginning.
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Tract 2: Nance/Bradshaw

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R12736, ABS 32 SEABORN BERRY SURVEY, 60.635 Acres
R12737, ABS 32 SEABORN BERRY SURVEY, 60.635 Acres
R12738, ABS 32 SEABORN BERRY SURVEY, 100 Acres
R12739, ABS 32 SEABORN BERRY SURVEY, 100 Acres
R12740, ABS 32 SEABORN BERRY SURVEY, 279.016 Acres
R12741, ABS 32 SEABORN BERRY SURVEY, 331.984 Acres
R13401, ABS 99 JOHN COOPER SURVEY, 7.00 Acres
R13402, ABS 99 JOHN COOPER SURVEY, 7.00 Acres
R13731, ABS 146 WILLIAM DUTY SURVEY, 70.14 Acres
R14723, ABS 220 & 361 Z HINTON & J PHARASS SURVEYS, 62.02 Acres
R14274, ABS 180 J W FOGG SURVEY, 291.84 Acres
R16551, ABS 313 R MILLS SURVEY, 16.345 Acres
R16552, ABS 313 R MILLS SURVEY, 16.345 Acres
R16902, ABS 360 SAMUEL PHARASS SURVEY, 0.50 Acres
R16903, ABS 360 SAMUEL PHARASS SURVEY, 32.023 Acres
R16904, ABS 360 SAMUEL PHARASS SURVEY, 4.25 Acres
R16905, ABS 360 SAMUEL PHARASS SURVEY, 0.50 Acres
R16976, ABS 361 JOHN PHARASS SURVEY, 1.565 Acres
R16977, ABS 361 JOHN PHARASS SURVEY, 1.565 Acres
R16978, ABS 361 JOHN PHARASS SURVEY, 158.00 Acres
R17720, ABS 409 THOMAS C SNAILM SURVEY, 135.712 Acres
R17724, ABS 409 THOMAS C SNAILM SURVEY, 51.02 Acres
R17725, ABS 409 THOMAS C SNAILM SURVEY, 112.288 Acres
R18209, ABS 427 R B SMITH SURVEY, 311.56 Acres
R18210, ABS 427 R B SMITH SURVEY, 311.56 Acres
R138547, ABS 409 THOMAS C SNAILM SURVEY, 51.02 Acres
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Tract 3: Blanco River Investments LTD

R13729, ABS 146 WILLIAM DUTY SURVEY, 28.61 Acres

R13730, ABS 146 WILLIAM DUTY SURVEY, 200.00 Acres

R13734, ABS 146 WILLIAM DUTY SURVEY, 516.218 Acres

R13735, ABS 146 WILLIAM DUTY SURVEY, 21.00 Acres

R14724, ABS 220 Z HINTON SURVEY, 9.84 Acres

R14818, ABS 220 Z HINTON SURVEY, 110.2194 Acres

R16944, ABS 361 JOHN PHARASS SURVEY, 49.70 Acres

R16972, ABS 361 JOHN PHARASS SURVEY, 21.85 Acres

R16973, ABS 361 JOHN PHARASS SURVEY, 268.00 Acres

R17012, ABS 361 JOHN PHARASS SURVEY, 1.00 Acres

R17039, ABS 361 JOHN PHARASS SURVEY, 8.02 Acres

R17700, ABS 408 FRANCIS M STOVAL SURVEY, 53.027 Acres

R17721, ABS 409 THOMAS C SNAILM SURVEY, 660.26 Acres

R17726, ABS 409 THOMAS C SNAILM SURVEY, 1.00 Acres

R18137, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, 200.10 Acres

R18138, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, 100.00 Acres

R18139, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, 20.42 Acres

R18140, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, 2.06 Acres

R18142, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, TRACT 2A, 8.261 Acres

R18143, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, 2.00 Acres

R18144, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, 1.00 Acres

R18146, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, 18.930 Acres

R18147, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, 11.317 Acres

R18148, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, TRACT 2B, 45.8565 Acres

R46346, ABS 408 FRANCES M STOVAL SURVEY, VALLEY VIEW WEST, LOT 9-10, 39.71 Acres

R85354, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, 37.574 Acres

R100689, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, 4.61 Acres

R118051, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, 9.00 Acres

Tract 4: Nance/Blanco River Investments LTD

R14729, ABS 220 Z HINTON SURVEY, 56.95 Acres

R18141, ABS 416 FREDERICK STEUSSY SURVEY, 166.88 Acres

R18775, ABS 467 WM WARD SURVEY, 68.22 Acres

Tract 5: Miriam McCoy

R13728, ABS 146 WILLIAM DUTY SURVEY, 5.56 Acres R138220, ABS 146 WILLIAM DUTY SURVEY, 7.99 Acres

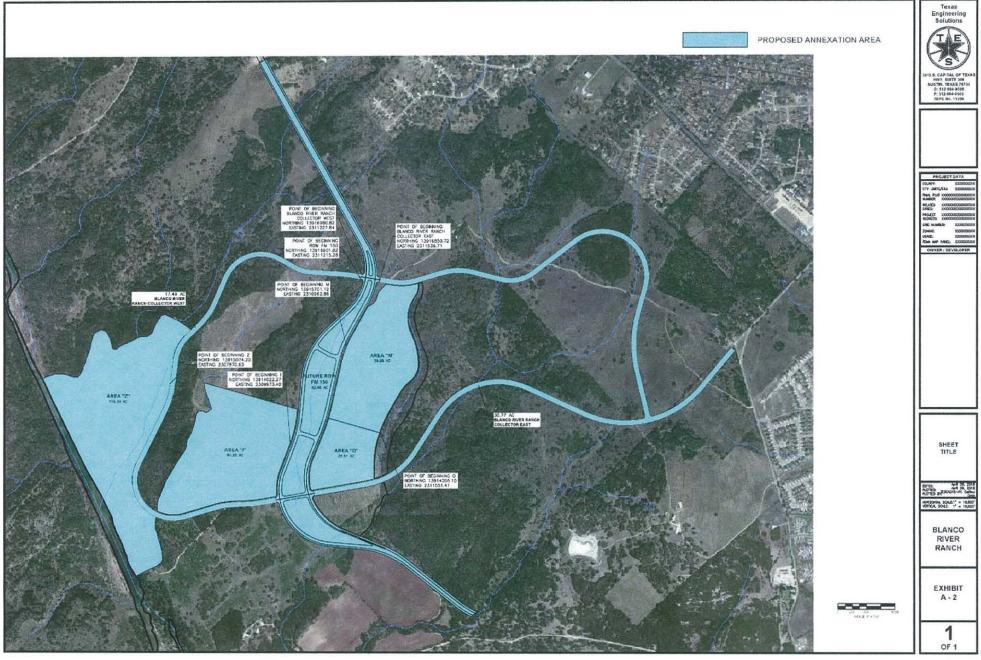
Tract 6: Robert S. Nance

R17303, ABS 369 PENNINGHOUSE SURVEY, 281.00 Acres R17015, ABS 361 JOHN PHARASS SURVEY, 13.87 Acres

EXHIBIT "B"

Property Description – Maps: +/- 6,517 acres

Exhibit C Page C-16



Texas Engineering Solutions

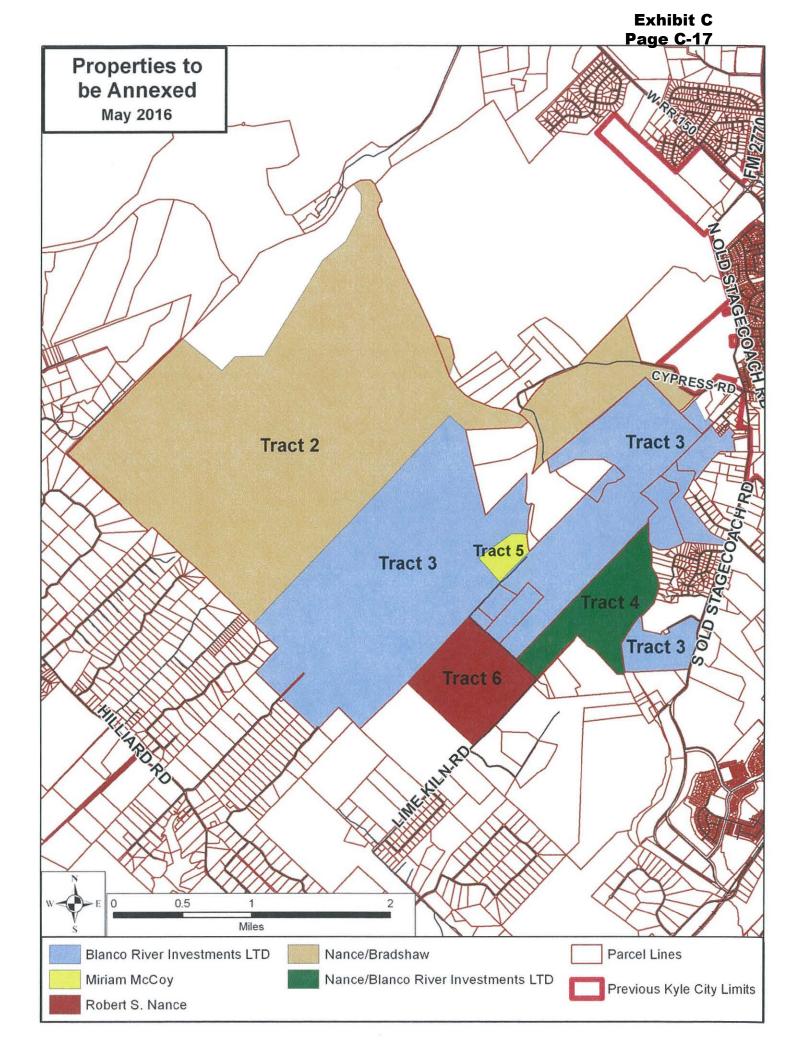


EXHIBIT "C"

MUNICIPAL SERVICES PLAN FOR PROPERTY TO BE ANNEXED TO THE CITY OF KYLE

WHEREAS, the City of Kyle, Texas (the "City") intends to institute annexation proceedings for a tract of land described more fully hereinafter (referred to herein as the "Property");

WHEREAS, Section 43.056, Loc. Gov't. Code, requires a municipal service plan be adopted with the annexation ordinance;

WHEREAS, the Property is not included in the municipal annexation plan and is exempt from the requirements thereof;

WHEREAS, infrastructure provided for herein and that are existing are sufficient to service the Property on the same terms and conditions as other similarly situated properties currently within the City limits and no capital improvements by the City are required to offer municipal services on the same terms and conditions as other similarly situated properties within the City;

WHEREAS, it is found that all statutory requirements have been satisfied and the City is authorized by *Chapt. 43, Loc. Gov't. Code*, to annex the Property into the City; and

WHEREAS, the Property will benefit from the City's development restrictions and zoning requirements, as well as other municipal services provided by the City, which are good and valuable consideration for this service plan

NOW, THEREFORE, the City agrees to provide the following municipal services for the Property on the effective date of annexation:

- (1) **General Municipal Services.** Pursuant to this Plan, the following municipal services shall be provided immediately from the effective date of the annexation:
 - A. Police protection as follows:

Routine patrols of areas, radio response to calls for police service and all other police services now being offered to the citizens of the City.

B. Fire protection and Emergency Medical Services as follows:

Fire protection by the present personnel and equipment of the City volunteer fire fighting force with the limitations of water available. Radio response for Emergency Medical Services with the personnel serving the area and equipment.

C. Solid waste collection services as follows:

Solid waste collection and services as now being offered to the citizens of the City.

D. Animal control as follows:

Service by present personnel, equipment and facilities or by contract with a third party, as provided within the City.

- E. Maintenance of parks and playgrounds within the City.
- F. Inspection services in conjunction with building permits and routine City code enforcement services by present personnel, equipment and facilities.
- G. Maintenance of other City facilities, buildings and service.
- H. Land use regulation as follows:

On the effective date of annexation, the zoning jurisdiction of the City shall be extended to include the annexed area, and the use of all property therein shall be grandfathered; and shall be temporarily zoned Agricultural District "A" with the intent to rezone the Property upon request of the landowner(s) or city staff. The Planning & Zoning Commission and the City Council will consider rezoning the Property at future times in response to requests submitted by the landowner(s) or requested by city staff.

- (2) **Scheduled Municipal Services.** Depending upon the Property owner's plans and schedule for the development of the Property or redevelopment of the Property, the following municipal services will be provided on a schedule and at increasing levels of service as provided in this Plan:
 - A. Water service and maintenance of water facilities as follows:
 - (i) Inspection of water distribution lines or wells as provided by statutes of the State of Texas.
 - (ii) In accordance with the rules and regulations for water service extension, water service will be provided by the utility holding a water certificate of convenience and necessity ("CCN") for the Property, or absent a utility holding a CCN, in whose jurisdiction the Property is located, in accordance with all the ordinances, regulations, and policies of the City in effect from time to time for the extension of water service. If connected to the City's system, the Property owner(s) shall construct the internal water lines and pay the costs of water line extension and necessary facilities to service the Property as required in City ordinances at the time of the request. The Property owner(s) agree the Property in its current state has adequate water service and no capital improvements by the City are required. The Property owner(s) agree as the Property develops and water services are sought from the utility holding the CCN for the Property that the City's ordinances, policies, or agreements between the City and the Property owner(s) shall govern the extension

of water services to the Property and the City shall have no obligation to service in another CCN.

- B. Wastewater service and maintenance of wastewater service as follows:
 - (i) Inspection of sewer lines or septic systems as provided by statutes of the State of Texas.
 - (ii) The Property owner(s) shall construct the internal and off-site sewer lines and facilities (the "Sewer System") and pay the costs of line extension and facilities as required in City ordinances. Upon acceptance of the Sewer System, sewer service will be provided by the City utility department on the same terms, conditions and requirements as are applied to all similarly situated areas and customers of the City, subject to all the ordinances, regulations and policies of the City in effect from time to time. The Sewer System will be accepted and maintained by the City in accordance with its usual policies. Requests for new sewer extensions will be installed and extended upon request under the same costs and terms as with other similarly situated customers of the City. The City ordinances, policies, and agreements between the City and the Property owner(s) in effect at the time a request for additional service is submitted shall govern the costs and request for service.
- C. Maintenance of public streets and rights-of-way as appropriate as follows:
 - (i) Provide maintenance services on public streets within the Property that are dedicated and finally accepted by the City. The maintenance of such public streets and roads will be limited as follows:
 - (A) Emergency maintenance of streets, repair of hazardous potholes, measures necessary for traffic flow, etc.;
 - (B) Routine maintenance as presently performed by the City;

and

- (C) The Property owner(s) have specifically agreed that maintenance services will be of little benefit and will not be required or needed on the Property, prior to the Property owner(s), its grantees, successors and assigns completing the construction and dedication of streets to the City in compliance with City subdivision regulations.
- (ii) Following installation of the roadways, including any required traffic signals, traffic signs, street markings, other traffic control devices and street lighting, the City will maintain the public streets, roadways and rights-of-way within the boundaries of the Property if dedicated and accepted, as follows:
 - (A) As provided in C (i)(A)&(B) above;

- (B) Reconstruction and resurfacing of streets, installation of drainage facilities, construction of curbs, gutters and other such major improvements as the need therefore is determined by the governing body under City policies;
- (C) Installation and maintenance of traffic signals, traffic signs, street markings and other traffic control devices as the need therefore is established by appropriate study and traffic standards; and
- (D) Installation and maintenance of street lighting in accordance with established policies of the City;
- (iii) The outer boundaries of the Property abut existing roadways. The Property owner(s) agree that no City improvements are required on such roadways to service the Property. If the owner(s) develop the Property so as to impact abutting roadways pursuant to the City's subdivision regulation, the owner(s) agree to comply with such ordinances.
- (3) Special Services and Actions. Although the City reserves all its governmental authority, powers and discretion, if the City shall unreasonably refuse to grant the permits and approvals above provided in (2)(A), (B) & (C), then in that event the owner(s) may request and obtain disannexation of the Property pursuant to this service plan; provided that if the City shall, in the exercise of its discretion and authority, approve the permits and events set forth in (2)(A), (B) & (C) above, the Property shall be and remain within the corporate limits of the City.
- (4) Capital Improvements. Construction of the following capital improvements shall be initiated after the effective date of the annexation: None. Upon development of the Property or redevelopment, the landowner(s) will be responsible for the development costs the same as a developer or landowner in a similarly situated area under the ordinances in effect at the time of development or redevelopment. No additional capital improvements are necessary at this time to service the Property. The Property owner(s) for itself, its grantees, successors, and assigns agree that no capital improvements are required to service the Property the same as similarly situated properties already within the City.
- (5) **Term.** If not previously expired, this service plan expires at the end of ten (10) years.
- (6) **Property Description.** The legal description and map of the Property are as set forth in Exhibits "A" and "B" that are attached to the Ordinance to which this negotiated municipal service plan is attached as Exhibit "C".

From: Jason Bradshaw
To: Thomas Owens

Cc: 1 ; 2-552.10 1 ; Scott Sellers; Greg.Southard 1 ; Laura Harris; Arin Gray; Summer Lawton; Robert Kleeman

Subject: Re: FM 150 - Review of Previous and Latest Alignments

Date: Friday, May 29, 2020 2:07:59 PM

Joe,

I realize that while the paragraph was viewable in every document and draft, in the final email it was not so I am, out of courtesy, providing Section 7.01 of the Nance_Bradshaw Development agreement. While the pertinent parties of the DA are well aware of what 7.01 states, others copied would not necessarily be in that position.

Regards,

Jason

Rerouting of FM 150. Owners agree to negotiate in good faith with Hays County and the City regarding the rerouting of FM 150 through the Property and the sale or transfer of the right of way for FM 150 so long as (a) the rerouted FM 150 is no larger than four lanes (plus turning lanes at intersections and driveways) with a design speed not to exceed forty five miles per hour (45 mph); (b) the right of way for FM 150 is at least 450 feet from the Outparcel; and (c) FM 150 right of way remains with the Corridor C for FM 150 prepared by K. Friese and Associated for Hays County, as depicted on the attached "Exhibit "H." The City will support the configuration and location of FM 150 as described in this section 7.01 or as subsequently proposed by Owners in any negotiations with Hays County, the City and the Texas Department of Transportation.

Subject: Re: FM 150 - Review of Previous and Latest Alignments

Hello Joe,

Thank you for your thoughtful reply and your efforts in crafting it. I really appreciate, as a third party, your stating the facts so succinctly and openly to everyone.

I therefore shall also be equally open with you. As you shared with the other corporate owners of the Nance_Bradshaw Ranch at the second meeting on April 2nd, "the family", i.e., Nances, through their attorney at the March 5th meeting, endorsed making a subsequent alteration of the alignment plans you brought to the meeting for their review and which you then presented on April 2nd. As you know, I was <u>not</u> pleased when that background information was shared, as well as the altered alignment presented. For your benefit, let me explain why.

Below is Section 7.01 of the recorded Nance_Bradshaw Development Agreement with the City of Kyle. You will note section (b) and the City's pledged support for it



- 1) This entire development agreement, including section 7.01, was written by Mr. Robert Kleeman whom I hired at the time to represent my ownership interests in crafting the document through and until its submission to, and approval by, the Kyle City Council in May 2016.
- 2) Scott Nance also agreed to Section 7.01, as witnessed by his signature. (Lana Nance was a non-owner).
- 3) The City of Kyle, upon the advice of the City Manager and those officials under him, presented to members of the City Council the recommendation to approve the agreement including its role in Section 7.01. This is an even more complicated issue for the City and City officials since it also approved, at a later date, the "First Amendment to the Blanco River Ranch Interim Annexation and Development Agreement", specifically Section 1B which references the construction of 150. I am left to ponder if that agreement had a contributing influence on the guidance you were given, by an individual or entity, in designing the alignment path you presented at the initial meeting on March 5th including the elimination of Mr. Scott Ferguson's home which was not to the original plan; and, if the City's actions complicated our alignment

further?

4) The fact that all three parties above were present at the March 5th meeting and from all communications and observations since then, apparently had no qualms in directing, authorizing, or suggesting to you to move the roadway onto an adjacent landowner's property with not even a phone call to verify with the other owners first. It was left to Ms. Gray and yourself to deliver that news. Ironically, my brother had another call shortly thereafter with said family members and specifically asked what took place. Given the opportunity, no possible or expected outcome was volunteered.

Finally, thank you for the submission of the draft with the allowance of space along the roadway for the entire family to come to an agreement that is in alignment with the expectations of the owners and their development agreement. Despite only a small amount of footage involved, that footage was obviously considered important enough to include in the Development Agreement and will be a major consideration going forward.

Thank you again for your assistance,

Jason

Subject: RE: FM 150 - Review of Previous and Latest Alignments

Hi Jason:

After reading through everything and thinking about how best to proceed, I realized that who organized the meetings and who needs to organize the next one is less important than being clear on where we stand. At the last meeting we had with the Nance Family and at the last meeting we had with the Bradshaw Family, we tried to make two things clear:

- That the alignment we were moving forward goes through the top portion of the Bradshaw out parcel; and,
- That it was clear that the two families were in a disagreement over what alignment would be most acceptable. As part of this we stated that we would be willing to meet with two families together after they had the chance to discuss the matter and get

back to us with a joint position.

Since that time we have done two things:

- Waited for the Nance and Bradshaw Families to let us know they were ready to meet; and,
- Moved forward with developing the environmental studies and schematic design. As
 part of this, and as a courtesy to both families while they continue to work out their
 disagreement, we widened the area along a portion of the Nance/Bradshaw Family
 parcel to allow for some change should the families jointly want us to consider a
 modification.

For your use and to satisfy the request that Mr. Kleeman made last week, I have attached "snip" of the portion of the corridor in question.

With that in mind, if both families are ready to have that meeting, I will take the dates and times that you have assembled that work for both sides and make things work from this end. But to be clear, the purpose of the meeting will be for us to hear what the families have jointly determined.

Thanks very much.

Joe

Joseph Cantalupo, AICP Senior Vice President

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HAVE YOU SEEN OUR NEW WEBSITE?

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From: Jason Bradshaw < 1 > Sent: Thursday, May 21, 2020 11:14 PM

To: Robert Kleeman < rkleeman@sneedvine.com >; Joe Cantalupo < jcantalupo@kfriese.com >

Cc: 1 ; 2-552.101 1 ;ssellers@cityofkyle.com;

Greg.Southard 1 ;f.derek.southard 1 Laura Harris < lharris@kfriese.com >;

Subject: Re: FM 150 - Review of Previous and Latest Alignments

Hello Joe,

agray@cdandp.com

I note that my brother's email on 4/28 to Arin Gray indicated that a follow up meeting with the group was desired by <u>all</u> the owners so they could review and

discuss the latest alignment updates together as a group with you. However, it was unfortunately delayed due to Mrs. Nance having a medical condition which she needed to attend to first. Arin graciously responded on 4/29 that it was certainly understandable and we could evaluate the best way to meet in May. She also stated that we could still "coordinate and refine with you after that" and to please reach out whenever we and Mrs. Nance were ready. You were also copied. I hope this clarifies that this is a meeting that was always planned, but simply had to be re-scheduled.

Regards,

Jason



Joe:

In your last email you wrote: "At that time we let you know we were moving forward . . ." Since neither the Nances nor I participated in the April 2, 2020 Zoom meeting, please explain what "we are moving forward" means.

If the alignment of FM 150 across the Nance Bradshaw Ranch has been set (at least for the current planning phase), please send a drawing showing the FM 150 alignment to me and everyone copied on this email.

If the alignment of FM 150 across the Nance Bradshaw Ranch has not been set/determined, please explain the present status of the planning process and the remaining steps in the planning process.

Stay well.

Thanks.

Robert Kleeman Sneed, Vine & Perry, P.C. 2705 Bee Cave Road, Suite 160 Austin, Texas 78746 (512) 476-6955 – main (512) 494-3135 - direct (512) 476-1825 – fax

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From: Joe Cantalupo < <u>icantalupo@kfriese.com</u>>

Sent: Thursday, May 21, 2020 4:21 PM **To:** Jason Bradshaw <

Cc: Robert Kleeman < <u>rkleeman@sneedvine.com</u>>;

; ssellers@cityofkyle.com; Greg.Southard; ; ssellers@cityofkyle.com; Greg.Southard; ; Laura Harris < harris@kfriese.com >; agray@cdandp.com

Subject: RE: FM 150 - Review of Previous and Latest Alignments

Jason:

The last meeting we had was with you and your brother via Zoom on April 2nd. At that time we let you know we were moving forward and your brother asked if we would be willing to meet with all landowners and the City of Kyle after you all had the opportunity to get together and discuss things on your own. We said we would be happy to attend if that was something you all wanted to arrange. Your brother tried to schedule a meeting with us on April 23rd that did not work out; we are assuming that this is the rescheduling of that meeting.

I hope this clarifies things.

Thanks,

Joe

Joseph Cantalupo, AICP

Senior Vice President

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Cc: Robert Kleeman < <u>rkleeman@sneedvine.com</u>>;

; ssellers@cityofkyle.com; Greg.Southard; ; ssellers@cityofkyle.com; Greg.Southard; ; Laura Harris < harris@kfriese.com >; agray@cdandp.com

Subject: Re: FM 150 - Review of Previous and Latest Alignments

May I ask who coordinated and organized the last meeting?

Thank you.

On May 21, 2020, at 3:37 PM, Joe Cantalupo < jcantalupo@kfriese.com> wrote:

Thanks all. I'm sure you've figured out that I meant May 27th, 28th and 29th.

One point of clarification. That is, that our team is not organizing the meeting. Jason Bradshaw requested dates we are available, and I responded under the assumption that he was organizing the meeting. We'll wait to hear about the date and location, and will look forward to attending provided that it allows us to respect social distance guidelines and procedures.

Thanks very much.

Joe

Joseph Cantalupo, AICP Senior Vice President

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From: Robert Kleeman < <u>rkleeman@sneedvine.com</u>>

Sent: Thursday, May 21, 2020 1:35 PM

To: 1 ; Joe Cantalupo < <u>icantalupo@kfriese.com</u>>; 1

agray@cdandp.com; 2 - 552.10: 1 ; ssellers@citvofkyle.com

Cc: Laura Harris < ! Greg.Southard

f.derek.southard

Subject: RE: FM 150 - Review of Previous and Latest Alignments

I can attend during the time periods Lana proposed.

Robert Kleeman Sneed, Vine & Perry, P.C. 2705 Bee Cave Road, Suite 160 Austin, Texas 78746 (512) 476-6955 – main (512) 494-3135 - direct (512) 476-1825 – fax

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From: 1 < 1 > Sent: Thursday, May 21, 2020 12:59 PM

To: icantalupo@kfriese.com; ; agrav@cdandp.com;

2 - 552.101 1 ; ssellers@cityofkyle.com

Cc: lharris@kfriese.com; Robert Kleeman rkleeman@sneedvine.com;

Greg.Southard; f.derek.southard

Subject: Re: FM 150 - Review of Previous and Latest Alignments

Joe --

Scott and I will be in the meeting and can participate any time after noon on June 4th or June 5th.

Also, Robert Kleeman (our attorney), and Derek and Greg Southard (my sons) will be attending also and will respond separately.

Thanks, Joe.

Lana and Scott Nance

----Original Message----From: Joe Cantalupo < icantalupo@kfriese.com > To: Jason Bradshaw < >; Arin Gray <<u>agray@cdandp.com</u>>; Joel Bradshaw 2 - 552.101 >; Scott Sellers < ssellers@cityofkyle.com > Cc: Lana Nance < >; Laura Harris < " harris@kfriese.com">" harris@kfriese.com<">" harris@kfriese.com<">" harris@kfriese.com<">" harris@kfriese.com<">" harris@kfriese.com<" harris@kfriese.com<" harris@kfriese.com<" harris@kfriese.com<" harris@kfriese.com</br/> harris@kfr

Sent: Thu, May 21, 2020 7:57 am

Subject: RE: FM 150 - Review of Previous and Latest Alignments

Hello all:

I am available during the afternoons of June 27th and 28th, any time on June 29th, on June 4th 930 or later, and June 5th at any time. I've included Laura Harris because if she's available I'd like her to attend too.

Joe

Joseph Cantalupo, AICP Senior Vice President

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From: Jason Bradshaw < Sent: Wednesday, May 20, 2020 8:53 PM To: Arin Gray <agray@cdandp.com>; Joel Bradshaw < Scott Sellers < ssellers@cityofkyle.com >; Joe Cantalupo < jcantalupo@kfriese.com > Cc: Lana Nance <

Subject: Re: FM 150 - Review of Previous and Latest Alignments

Hello Arin,

I would like to request for you to again propose times that we may meet,

in-person, to go over the alignment plans on our property. It is my understanding that Mrs. Nance has obtained the care which she was seeking and is now actively participating in meetings. With the State scheduled for a full "re-opening" in 10 days, we would like to move forward with that meeting. The individuals who should be scheduled are included on in this email. While we would like to have County Commissioner Walt Smith in attendance, we do not want to hold up the meeting on his availability.

Additionally, you referenced in your email of April 29th, moving forward in sharing information with the larger public in mid-May. I have not seen any update on the website and if you would be so kind as to provide a status update and specifics regarding any such update, I will be appreciative.

Best regards,

Jason Bradshaw

Hello All,

We certainly understand and can evaluate the best way to meet in May. We are moving forward to share information with the larger public virtually in mid-May, but can still coordinate and refine with you after that. Please reach out whenever you are ready.

Mrs. Nance – sending my best that you feel better soon.

Thanks much.

Sincerely,

<image001.png> $ARIN\ GRAY$

President

o: 512-533-9100 m: 512-657-8658

agray@cdandp.com

From: Joel Bradshaw < 2-552.101 1 >
Sent: Tuesday, April 28, 2020 8:33 PM
To: Scott Sellers <ssellers@cityofkyle.com>; Joe Cantalupo <jcantalupo@kfriese.com>;
Arin Gray <agray@cdandp.com>; Jason Bradshaw < 1 >
Cc: Lana Nance < 1 >
Subject: Re: FM 150 - Review of Previous and Latest Alignments

Everyone,

I spoke to Mrs. Nance regarding trying to schedule the follow up alignment discussion described in the previous email below. Mrs. Nance is unable to meet this week due to a disc problem in her neck/back for which she is still trying to schedule an appointment in the hopes of resolving the problem. Due to the medical scheduling challenges, it is likely the earliest we could meet would be mid or late May.

At that time, Mr. and Mrs. Nance would prefer a face to face meeting because it is easier to understand the maps when viewed directly. I assume a face to face meeting would be contingent upon the sheltering directives being lifted by then. If a face to face is not possible, we should be able to arrange another Zoom video conference meeting in the same time frame.

All of the owners are anxious to get together in a single meeting where they can view and discuss the various alignment proposals.

We appreciate your patience as we continue to try to coordinate. Please let us know if there is a reason we need to try to accelerate the meeting date.

Respectfully, Joel Bradshaw

Owners,

I am coordinating with the County representatives and Mr. Sellers to schedule a follow up meeting to discuss the FM 150 alignment.

The purpose is to review the previous and newest alignment designs and allow the parties to further discuss the merits and drawbacks of each.

Below are the dates they are currently available over the next couple of weeks.

Please review and let me know as soon as possible which of these will also work for you.

The dates and time slots of availability on those days are as follows:

4/24: 9 to 12 4/29: 2 or later 4/30: 10:30 or later

Thank you, Joel Bradshaw Nance/Bradshaw Property

mobile

<u>Page 7</u> – Update the section on the Transportation Master Plan; delete second paragraph of the section entitled *Transportation Master Plan* ("Major Recommendations of the..."), and replace with:

"In 2016 Kyle ratified another updated Transportation Master Plan, entitled *Kyle Connected: Transportation Master Plan 2040.* The plan came to be again by following its own public process and analysis, yet this plan does take into consideration the recent growth pressures placed on the city and some of the relevant conclusions made in the 2010 Comprehensive Plan. By reference, that document is adopted as an integral part of the transportation solution proposed by the policies of this Comprehensive Plan."

<u>Page 7/8</u> – Update the section on *Parks, Trails, and Open Space Master Plan*; add new third paragraph to read:

"The product of that proposed 2016 update is the *Kyle Parks and Recreation Master Plan* by Halff Associates, formally adopted on December 6, 2016, by the City Council. The study is envisioned to guide the city's strategic parks and recreation goals for the next 10 years. The plan evaluates the current parks and recreation capacity of the city, incorporates public input to determine the city's greatest needs for the next 10 years, and presents a series of goals and visioning exercises to achieve those needs over the next decade."

<u>Page 8</u> – Update the section on *Economic Development Strategic Plan*; add a final paragraph that reads:

"In September of 2015, the City of Kyle adopted a newly updated strategic plan for economic development, titled *City of Kyle Economic Development Strategic Plan: Setting the Stage for Development Success* by The Natelson Dale Group, Inc. It is planned to be the guiding document for economic development until at least 2025. It features newly updated data on strategies and action plans, demographic and workforce characteristics, market and gap analyses, and appendices for strategic goals moving forward."

<u>Page 124</u> – [between 'Application' and 'Corridor Condition'] "**Exceptions**. During land entitlement and development procedures of properties both adjacent to existing city limits and in the

extraterritorial jurisdiction in general, occasionally (a) land owner(s) will enter into what's termed a Chapter 212 Development Agreement, or more commonly a 'Development Agreement.' As described by the Texas Municipal League, 'Subchapter G of Chapter 212 of the Texas Local Government Code, which was enacted in 2003, allows any city (other than the City of Houston) to enter into a written contract with an owner of land in the city's extraterritorial jurisdiction to: (1) guarantee the land's immunity from annexation for a period of up to fifteen years; (2) extend certain aspects of the city's land use and environmental authority over the land; (3) authorize enforcement of land use regulations other than those that apply within the city; (4) provide for infrastructure for the land; and (5) provide for the annexation of the land as a whole or in parts and to provide for the terms of annexation, if annexation is agreed to by the parties.'

"Kyle has entered into multiple 212 agreements with a variety of land owners, some of which exist in the city limits, some outside of it, and some straddle the boundary. These properties are entitled to development processes and procedures that are monumented and preserved outside the bounds of traditional code language, and instead spelled out in these specific civil contracts, administered and enforced by both the land owner(s) and the city, jointly. Because the properties are activated at a separate standard, they are not to be considered for zoning entitlements in the traditional manner as other, non-entitled property. They receive the rights and privileges that the previously agreed upon development agreement affords them. For that reason, the properties located on the revised Future Land Use map, designated as 'Development Agreement', can be assumed to have the rights and privileges of land already assigned appropriate zoning. However, those rights and privileges are assumed to exist only in the boundaries of the designated property, and not necessarily extending to the entire region at large. The extension of the rights and privileges is allowable, on a case-by-case basis as determined by recommendation of the Planning Commission and ratification by the Mayor & City Council."

<u>Page 165 to 181</u> – Parks Plan Section: Reference the *Kyle Parks and Recreation Master Plan* by Halff Associates, adopted December 6, 2016, instead of the existing narrative.

<u>Page 193 to 209</u> – Transportation Plan Update section: Reference the *Kyle Connected: Transportation Master Plan 2040* by Lockwood, Andrews & Newnam, Inc., instead of the existing text.

<u>Page 261 to 269</u> – Economic Development Strategy: Reference the *City of Kyle Economic*Development Strategic Plan: Setting the Stage for Development Success by The Natelson Dale

Group, Inc., instead of the outdated text from this document.



How May We Help You?

ADMINISTRATION

Kyle amends its Transportation Master Plan

Kyle City Council approved several proposed amendments to its Transportation Master Plan at its October 4 meeting. The Transportation Master Plan was updated and adopted by City Council on March 15, 2016.

During the Oct. 4 meeting, city council was asked to consider the adoption of five amendments. Here is a <u>link to</u> <u>the agenda</u>.

A brief explanation of each amendment is below:

Amendment #1 – Blanco River Span Bridge; the city has a contractual requirement to place this on our transportation plan based on <u>the development agreement</u> that was approved by City Council on May 3, 2016. **Amendment #2** – Kyle Parkway from Dacy Lane to Lehman Rd.; We are proposing a new route for the extension of Kyle Parkway, east of Dacy Lane, due to the fact that we will not be able to build any type of structure in the area of the reservoir.

Amendment #3 – Rebel Road/RM 150 from Center St. to IH35 Southbound Frontage Road; The intent is to provide another connection to I35 with the possibility of providing an underpass/overpass across the railroad tracks.

Amendment #4 – Bebee Rd. connection from Seton Parkway to Kyle Parkway; The proposed route would provide a direct connection for any proposed development on the north side of Bunton Branch.

Amendment #5 – Seton Parkway South Extension; Seton Parkway, by Goodwill, is currently a dead end. As development begins south of the dead end, the intent is to provide a connection to the new section of Philomena.

Kyle Mayor Todd Webster said one of these amendments, the 'Blanco River Span Bridge', has recently been a topic of discussion among some pockets of groups within Hays County and beyond.

"It is unfortunate that there are anti-development special interests spreading misinformation about the planned bridge," he said. "While it won't be built for over a decade, it is important that Kyle now take the necessary steps to plan for the city's future road needs."

Kyle's Community Development Director, Howard Koontz, said, "The Blanco River span bridge is part of a development agreement (DA) between the City of Kyle and the Nance-Bradshaw Ranch."

The Nance Ranch has been in the same family since the original land grant was received from Mexico in the mid-1800s. "They care about their family land and desire to be the best stewards of the land as possible," Assistant City Manager James Earp said.

Kyle City Council approved this agreement in May 2016.

Koontz said the development agreement was discussed in Executive Session with council several times prior to it coming to the agenda for approval. The development agreement was filed with Hays County following approval; the documents have been on the county's website since that time.*

"Council also discussed the issue in open session before taking a vote," Koontz said.

City records show that the landowners applied for voluntary annexation in February 2016; the city and executive $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{q}}$

property, consisting of several thousand acres, in June of that same year. Koontz said the city published legal notices and notified affected neighbors and landowners in accordance with state law regarding the annexation.

"The owners of the Nance-Bradshaw Ranch, private property in the western part of Hays County, propose to develop a master-planned community that may include single family, multi-family, commercial and office sites along with recreational facilities, public parks, open space and space for public use," Koontz said. "According to the DA, development on this land shall not exceed 9,000 living unit equivalents."

Within that agreement, the city agreed to amend its Transportation Master Plan to include the roads necessary to provide sufficient access to the property to reasonably accommodate traffic when the project is completely built out. Current access to the property includes a low water crossing that is subject to flooding and not suitable for most vehicles otherwise.

Leon Barba, city engineer, said, "The City of Kyle submitted an application on August 3 to the Capital Area Metropolitan Planning Organization (CAMPO) to include the proposed Blanco Span Bridge in the 2040 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). The submittal description read, 'A bridge spanning the property over the Blanco River is also part of the DA. Multi-lane span bridge, including a pedestrian/bike lane, starting at the elevated western Blanco River bank to a new road connecting to Hilliard Road."

Assistant City Manager, James Earp, said CAMPO staff mistakenly placed it on the agenda for TIP funding. "We didn't ask CAMPO for public funding. Our application was simply to add it to the RTP," he said. The application required a cost estimate, Earp said, and city staff used figures from bridges over I-35 as a baseline.

CAMPO held an open comment period from August 21 to September 21, 2017 with open houses held throughout the region between August 21 and September 6 2017. A public hearing was held at the Transportation Policy Board on September 11, 2017.

"As with many proposed projects on the CAMPO 2040 plan, the Blanco span bridge is in the conceptual stage," Kyle City Manager Scott Sellers said. "There are no plans to even let a contract out until approximately 2025. The bridge is a line on a map at this point and would need to go through the engineering and design process prior to any construction."

Earp explained that part of the Nance Ranch is over the recharge area for the Edwards Aquifer.

"Any development or construction in that area will be protected and develop according to the state laws and rules of the Edwards Aquifer Authority, which is precisely why they have rules in place to allow development," he said.

Community Development Director Koontz said, "Should the project move forward, the City of Kyle will comply with all state requirements and regulations regarding environmental protections, which may include studies to determine any adverse impact to the local environment, including any impact down river."

The intention is to design a tension span bridge that would not have footings in the river and would not affect the water flow, Assistant City Manager Earp said.

"It would be high enough in elevation to be traversable during any flood event, including the most recent 500+ year events that the basin experienced. We desire to design a bridge over the Blanco that will serve the Western portion of the Nance Ranch, and possibly those neighbors beyond if interconnectivity can be managed. That bridge will serve as a life line to those that need a way to cross the Blanco and other low water crossings, to access grocery stores, work or medical facilities during times of severe flash flooding."

He added that it would also help emergency services that need to get into the future development.

Howard Koontz reiterated, "The City of Kyle will ensure that any project in our city limits meets all applicable laws and is in line with environmental regulations. Our goal is to engage in responsible development that benefits the city overall as well as its residents and businesses."

Visit the City of Kyle's Fact or Fiction page for additional information.

###

* An earlier version of this article erroneously mentioned the development agreement was posted of the City of Kyle's website prior to council voting on it. The current version has the correct information.

Supporting Documents

☐ Transportation Master Plan Amendments (4 MB)

Web Links

2017 1004 Presentation on Transportation Master Plan

Contact Information

100 W. Center Street Kyle, TX 78640 512-262-1010

View Full Contact Details

Upcoming Events

Notice regarding City of Kyle General Election Day 2020 11/03/2020 - 7:00am

Notice regarding City of Kyle General Election Day 2021 11/03/2020 - 7:00am

View the Administration Calendar

City Headlines





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